MULTILATERAL

Partial Revision of Radio Regulations, Geneva. 1971 and Final Protocol: Space Telecommunications

Signed at Geneva July 17, 1971;

Ratification advised by the Senate of the United States of America June 13, 1972;

Ratified by the President of the United States of America July 14, 1972:

Ratification of the United States of America deposited with the Secretary-General of the International Telecommunication Union July 28, 1972;

Proclaimed by the President of the United States of America September 4, 1972:

Date of entry into force January 1, 1973.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Considering that.

A Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1959) relating to space telecommunications, with a Final Protocol, was signed at Geneva on July 17, 1971 by the respective plenipotentiaries of the United States of America and certain other countries the text of which in the English, French, and Spanish languages is hereto annexed;

The Senate of the United States of America by its resolution of June 13, 1972, two-thirds of the Senators present concurring, gave its advice and consent to the ratification of the said Partial Revision with Final Protocol.

The said Partial Revision and Final Protocol were duly ratified by the President of the United States of America on July 14, 1972, and the instrument of ratification of the United States of America was deposited with the Secretary-General of the International Telecommunication Union on July 28, 1972; and

TIAS 7435

It is provided in the said Partial Revision that the revised provisions of the Radio Regulations shall form an integral part of the Radio Regulations which are annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention and that the said provisions shall come into force on January 1, 1973, on which date the provisions of the Radio Regulations which are cancelled or modified by the revision shall be almogated:

Now impurion, I, Richard Nixon President of the United States of America, proclaim and make public the said Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1959), with Final Protocol, to the end that the same and every article and clause thereof may be observed and fulfilled in good faith on and after January 1, 1973 by the United States of America and by the citizens of the United States of America and all other persons subject to the jurisdiction thereof

IN 11 SILMONY WILLIAM, I have signed the proclamation and caused

the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed

Doxi at the city of Washington this fourth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL] seventy-two and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-seventh

RICHARD NIXON

By the President

WHEIAM P ROGES
Secretary of State

FINAL ACTS

OF THE WORLD ADMINISTRATIVE RADIO CONFERENCE FOR SPACE **TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

GENEVA, 1971



COPIE

certifiée contorme a Loriginal

Genève, le

6 JAN. 1972

de l'Union Internationale des télécomplunications

ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used in the Annexes, to indicate the nature of amendments made in the partial revision of the Radio Regulations

Symbol	Meaning
MOD SUP ADD NOC	Modification Suppression Addition No change

Note If a modification affects only the drafting of a number, without changing the substance, the following symbol is used

(MOD)

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PARTIAL REVISION OF THE RADIO REGULATIONS¹[2]

In its Recommendation No Spa 9, the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference to allocate frequency bands for space radiocommunication purposes, held in Geneva in 1963, recommended that the Administrative Council of the Union should review annually the progress in space radiocommunications made by administrations and the available reports and recommendations of the permanent organs of the Union with respect thereto. The Conference also recommended that the Administrative Council should, in the light of its annual review and at a date which it would determine, recommend to administrations the convening of an Administrative Conference to work out further agreements for the international regulation of the use of radio frequency bands allocated for space radiocommunications by the 1963 Conference

At its 23rd Session in 1968, the Administrative Council, in its Resolution No 632, recommended that a World Administrative Radio Conference should be convened during the latter part of 1970 or early 1971 and invited Administrations to send to the Secretary-General their proposals for the agenda thereof

6717 (Footnote added by the Department of State)

¹ Namely the Radio Regulations, Geneva 1959 as partially revised by the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference to allocate frequency bands for Space Radiocommunication purposes (Geneva 1963) by the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference for the preparation of a revised allotment plan for the Aeronautical Mobile (R) Service (Geneva, 1966) and, by the World Administrative Radio Conference to deal with matters relating to the Maritime Mobile Service (Geneva, 1967) TIAS 483 5603, (332-6590-12 UST 2377, 15 UST 857, 18 UST 2001, 10 UST

In accordance with Nos. 56 and 64 of the International Telecommunication Convention (Montreux, 1965). The Administrative Council, at its 1969 Session, with the concurrence of a majority of the Members of the Union, determined in its Resolution No 653 the agenda of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications and decided that it would meet in Geneva on 7 June, 1971 for a duration of six weeks, provision being made for one additional week if necessary

However, in 1970, the Administrative Council, taking into account the provisions of Resolution No 40 of the XIIth Plenary Assembly of the C.C.I.R. relative to the convening, prior to the Conference, of a Special Joint Meeting of C.C.I.R. Study Groups, decided in its Resolution No 665 that the duration of the Conference would be six weeks.

. * *

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications, accordingly convened on the appointed date, considered and revised, in conformity with its agenda, the relevant parts of the Radio Regulations Particulars of the revision of the Radio Regulations are given in Annexes 1 to 19 hereto

The revised provisions of the Radio Regulations shall form an integral part of the Radio Regulations which are annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention. They shall come into force on 1 January 1973, on which date the provisions of the Radio Regulations which are cancelled or modified by this revision shall be abrogated

• * •

The delegates signing this revision of the Radio Regulations hereby declare that, should an administration make reservations concerning the application of one or more of the revised provisions of the Radio Regulations, no other administration shall be obliged to observe that provision or those provisions in its relations with that particular administration

• • •

^{&#}x27;TIAS 6267, 18 UST 591, 592 [Footnote added by the Department of State]

Members and Associate Members of the Union shall inform the Secretary-General of their approval of the revision of the Radio Regulations by the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) The Secretary-General will inform Members and Associate Members of the Union regarding receipt of such notifications of approval as they are received

In witness whereof the delegates of the Members of the Union represented at the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) have signed in the names of their respective countries this revision of the Radio Regulations in a single copy which will remain in the archives of the International Telecommunication Union and of which a certified copy will be delivered to each Member and Associate Member of the Union

Done at Geneva, 17 July, 1971

ANNEX 1

Revision of Article 1 of the Radio Regulations*

Article I of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Section II. Radio Systems Services and Stations

After Regulation No. 21, add the tollowing new Regulations

ADD 21A Spa2 Space Station

A station located on an object which is beyond is intended to go beyond or has been beyond the major portion of the Farth's atmosphere

Certain definitions were rearranged and renombered by the Conference some were amended while others were maintained unchanged.

The definitions are seen at the following:

The definitions concerned are the following

Nen number	Definition	$O^{t}d_{\phi_{qm}(b_{t})}$	Remarks
21 A	Space Station	54.31	MOD
21B	Earth Station	84AD	MOD
21 <i>C</i>	Space Radiocommunication	X4 4(MOD
21D	Terrestrial Radiocommunication	84A A	MOD
21E	Terrestrial Station	84 AB	MOD
84AFA	Satellite System	844L	MOD
84ATD	Space Research Service	84 A M	MOD
84ATF	Space Operation Service	×4.4.(MOD
84ATF	Inter Satellite Service	84AC	MOD
84BAA	Spacecraft	84BH	MOD
84BAC	Active Satelline	844)	NOC
84BAD	Passive Satellite	844K	NOC

[.] Note by the General Secretarial

ANN 1 (ART 1)

ADD 21B Spa2 Earth Station

A station located either on the Earth's surface or within the major portion of the Earth's atmosphere intended for communi-

- with one or more space stations, or
- with one or more stations of the same kind by means of one or more passive satellites or other objects in space

ADD 21C Spa2 Space Radiocommunication

Any radiocommunication involving the use of one or more space stations or the use of one or more passive satellites or other objects in space

ADD 21D Spa2 Terrestrial Radiocommunication 1

Any radiocommunication other than space radiocommunication or radio astronomy

ADD 21D 1 ¹ In these Regulations, unless otherwise stated, any radiocommunication Spa2 service relates to terrestrial radiocommunication

ADD 21E Spa2 Terrestrial Station 1

A station effecting terrestrial radiocommunication

ADD 21E 1 1 In these Regulations unless otherwise stated, any station is a terrestrial 5pa2 station

Replace Regulation No. 69 by the following new text

MOD 69 Salety Service

Spa2

A radiocommunication service used permanently or tempoeartly for the safeguarding of human life and property on the Earth's surface, in the air or in space

ANN I (ART I)

Delete Regulations Nos 84AA and 84AB

Section IIA Space Systems, Services and Stations

Delete Regulations Nos 844C 844D and 844E

Replace Regulation No. 844F by the following retext

MOD 84AF Spa2 Space System

Any group of co-operating earth and, or space stations employing space radiocommunication for specific purposes

After Regulation No 844F add the following new Regulations

ADD 84AFA

Satellite System

Spa2

A space system using one or more artificial earth satellites

ADD 844FB

Spa 2

Satellite Network

A satellite system or a part of a satellite system, consisting of only one satellite and the co-operating earth stations

ADD 84AFC

Satellite Link

Spa2

A radio link between a transmitting earth station and a receiving earth station through one satellite

A satellite link comprises one up-path and one down-path

ANN I (ART I)

ADD 84AFD Spa2 Multi-Satellite Link

A radio link between a transmitting earth station and a receiving earth station through two or more satellites, without any intermediate earth station

A multi-satellite link comprises one up-path, one or more satellite-to-satellite paths and one down-path

Replace Regulation No 844G by the following new text

MOD 84AG Spa2 Fixed-Satellite Service

A radiocommunication service

- between earth stations at specified fixed points when one or more satellites are used, in some cases this service includes satellite to satellite links which may also be effected in the inter-satellite service.
- -- for connection between one or more earth stations at specified fixed points and satellites used for a service other than the fixed-satellite service (for example, the mobile-satellite service broadcasting-satellite service, etc.)

After Regulation No. 84.4G add the following new Regulations

ADD 844GA Spa2 Mobile-Sarethie Service

A radiocommunication service

- between mobile earth stations and one or more space stations of between space stations used by this service.
- or between mobile earth stations by means of one or more space stations.
- ind if the system so requires for connection between these space stations and one or more earth stations at specified fixed points.

ANN I (ART 1)

ADD 844GB Aeronautical Mobile-Satellite Service

Spe2

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board aircraft. Survival craft stations and emergency position indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service

ADD 84AGC Maritime Mobile-Swellite Service

Spa2

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile carth stations are located on board ships. Survival craft stations and emergency position indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

ADD 84AGD Spa2

Land Mobile-Satellite Service

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on land

Delete Regulations Nov 84AH to 84 10

Replace Regulation No. 844P by the following new iext

MOD 84 A P Broadcasting-Satellite Service

Spa2

A radiocommunication service in which signals transmitted or retransmitted by space stations are intended for direct reception 1 by the general public

ADD 844P.1 ¹ In the broadcasting-satellite service, the term direct reception 'sha'i Spa2 encompass both individual reception and community reception

ANN 1 (ART 1)

After Regulation No 84AP, add the following new Regulations

ADD 84APA Individual reception (in the broadcasting-satellite service)
Spm2

The reception of emissions from a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service by simple domestic installations and in particular those possessing small antennae

ADD 84APB Community reception (in the broadcasting-satellite service)

Spa2

The reception of emissions from a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service by receiving equipment, which in some cases may be complex and have antennae larger than those used for individual reception, and intended for use

- by a group of the general public at one location, or
- through a distribution system covering a limited area

ADD 84APC Radiodetermination-Satellite Service Spa2

A radiocommunication service involving the use of radiodetermination and the use of one or more space stations

Replace Regulation No 844Q by the following new text

MOD 84AQ Radionavigation-Satellite Service

A radiodetermination-satellite service used for the same purposes as the radionavigation service, in certain cases this service ANN 1 (ART 1)

includes transmission or retransmission of supplementary information necessary for the operation of radionavigation systems

After Regulation No 844Q add the following new Regulations

ADD 84AQA Spa2 Aeronautical Radionavigation-Satellite Service

A radionavigation-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board aircraft

ADD 84AQB Spa2

Maritime Radionavigation-Satellite Service

A radionavigation-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board ships

Delete Regulations Nos 84AR and 844S

Before Regulation No 84AT add the following nev-Regulation

ADD 84ASA Spa2 Earth Exploration-Satellite Service

A radiocommunication service between earth stations and one or more space stations in which

- information relating to the characteristics of the Earth and its natural phenomena is obtained from instruments on earth satellites
- similar information is collected from air-borne or earthbased platforms.
- such information may be distributed to earth stations within the system concerned.
- platform interrogation may be included

ANN I (ART I)

Replace Regulation No 84AT by the following new text

MOD 844T Spa2 Meteorological-Satellite Service

An earth exploration-satellite service for meteorological purposes

After Regulation No 84AT, add the following new Regulations

ADD 84ATA Spa2 Amateur-Satellite Service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the amateur service

ADD 84ATB Spa2 Standard Frequency-Satellite Service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the standard frequency service

ADD 84ATC Spa2 Time Signal-Satellite Service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the time signal service

ADD 84ATD Spa2 Space Research Service

A radiocommunication service in which spacecraft or other objects in space are used for scientific or technological research purposes

ADD 84ATE Spa2 Space Operation Service

A radiocommunication service concerned exclusively with the operation of spacecraft, in particular tracking, telemetry and telecommand

These functions will normally be provided within the service in which the space station is operating

ANN I (ART I)

ADD 844TF Inter-Satellite Service Spa2

A radiocommunication service providing links between artificial earth satellites

Delete Regulations Nov 84AU and 84A1

Section IIB Space, Orbits and Types of Objects in Space

Replace Regulation No. 84B4 by the following new text

MOD 84BA Deep Space Spa2

Space at distances from the Earth approximately equal to, or greater than, the distance between the Earth and the Moon

After Regulation No 84B4 add the following new Regulations

ADD 84BAA Spacectaft Spa2

A man-made vehicle which is intended to go beyond the major portion of the Earth's atmosphere

ADD 84BAB Satellite

A body¹ which revolves around another body of preponderant mass and which has a motion primarily and permanently determined by the force of attraction of that other body

ADD 84BAB 1 ¹ A body so defined which revolves around the Sun is called a planet or planetoid

ADD 84BAC Active Satellite
Spa2

An earth satellite carrying a station intended to transmit or retransmit radiocommunication signals

ANN 1 (ART 1)

ADD 84BAD

Passive Satellite

Spa2

An earth satellite intended to transmit radiocommunication signals by reflection

Replace Regulations Vos 84BB to 84BE by the following new texts

MOD 84BB

Orbu

Spa2

- The path relative to a specified frame of reference, described by the centre of mass of a satellite or other object in space, subjected solely to natural forces mainly the force of gravity
- By extension the path described by the centre of mass of an object in space subjected to natural forces and occasional lowenergy corrective forces exerted by a propulsive device in order to achieve and maintain a desired path

MOD 84BC

Inclination of an Orbit (of an earth satellite)

Spa2

The angle determined by the plane containing an orbit and the plane of the Earth's equator

MOD 84BD

Period (of a satellite)

Spa 2

The time elapsing between two consecutive passages of a satellite or planet through a characteristic point on its orbit

MOD 84BE

Altitude of the Apogee (Perigee)

Spa2

The altitude of the apogee (perigee) above a specified reference surface serving to represent the surface of the Earth

Delete Regulation No 84BF

ANN I (ART I)

Before Regulation No 84BG add the following new Regulation

ADD 84BFA Geosynchionous Satellite

Spa2

An earth satellite whose period of revolution is equal to the period of rotation of the Earth about its axis

> Replace Regulation No. 84BG by the following new text

MOD **84BG** Geostationar, Satellite

Spa2

A satellite the circular orbit of which lies in the plane of the Earth's equator and which turns about the polar axis of the Earth in the same direction and with the same period as those of the Earth's rotation

The orbit on which a satellite should be placed to be a geostationary satellite is called the "geostationary satellite orbit"

Delete Regulation No. 84BH

Section III. Technical Characteristics

After Regulation No. 98, add the following new Regulation

ADD 98A Spa2 Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (excp)

The product of the power of an emission as supplied to an antenna and the antenna gain in a given direction relative to an isotropic antenna

> After Regulation No. 103, add the following new Regulations

ADD 1034 Spa2

Equivalent Satellite Link Noise Temperature

The noise temperature at the input of the earth station receiver corresponding to the radio-frequency noise power which

ANN I (ART I)

produces the total observed noise at the output of the satellite link excluding noise due to interference coming from satellite links using other satellites and from terrestrial systems

ADD 103B Spa2 Co-ordination Distance

Distance from an earth station in a given azimuth within which a terrestrial station sharing the same frequency band may cause or be subject to more than a permissible level of interference

ADD 103C Spa2 Co-ordination Contour

The line joining the points which are on all azimuths around an earth station at a distance from this station equal to the co-ordination distance corresponding to each azimuth

ADD 103D Spa2 Co-ordination Area

Area around an earth station enclosed by the co-ordination contour

ANNEX 2

Revision of Article 2 of the Radio Regulations

Article 2 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Section III Nomenclature of the Frequency and Wavelength Bands used in Radiocommunication

Replace Regulation No. 112 by the following new text

- MOD 112 \$7 The radio spectrum shall be subdivided into nine frequency Spa2 bands, which shall be designated by progressive whole numbers in accordance with the following table. Frequencies shall be expressed
 - in kilohertz (kHz) up to and including 3000 kHz
 - -- in megahertz (MHz) thereafter up to and including 3000 MHz
 - in gigahertz (GHz) thereafter up to and including 3000 GHz

However where adherence to these provisions would introduce serious difficulties, for example in connection with the notification and registration of frequencies the lists of frequencies and related matters, reasonable departures may be made

ANN 2 (ART 2)

Band Number	Frequency Range (lower lim exclusive upper limit inclusiv	
4	3 to 30 kHz	Myriametric waves
5	30 to 300 kHz	Kilometric waves
6	300 to 3000 kHz	Hectometric waves
7	3 to 30 MHz	Decametric waves
8	30 to 300 MHz	Metric waves
9	300 to 3000 MHz	Decimetric waves
10	3 to 30 GHz	Centimetric waves
11	30 to 300 GHz	Millimetric waves
12	300 to 3000 GHz o 3 THz	Decimillimetric waves

Note 1 "Band Number N" extends from 0.3 10" to 3 x 10" Hz

Note 2 Symbols and prefixes

Hz = hertz

 $k = kilo (10^3) M = mega (10^6), G = giga (10^6), T = tera (10^{18})$

Note 3 Abbreviations for adjectival band designations

Band 4 = VLF Band 8 = VHFBand 5 = LF Band 9 = UHF

Band 5 = LF Band 9 = UHF Band 10 = SHF

Band 7 = HF Band 11 = EHF

ANNEX 3

Revision of Article 5 of the Radio Regulations

Article 5 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace the title of Article 5 by the following retitle

MOD Spa2

Frequency Allocations 1 10 kHz to 275 GHz

Section I. Regions and Areas

Replace Regulation No. 125 by the following new text

(MOD) 125 § I For the allocation of frequencies the world has been Spa2 subdivided into three Regions 2 (see Appendix 24)

Insert the following new foot-note

ADD Spa2 See Resolution No 6

Replace Regulation 125.1 by the following new text

(MOD) 125.1 It should be noted that where the words regions or regional are without a capital 'R'' in these Regulations, they do not relate to the three Regions here defined for purposes of frequency allocation

MOD Spa2 Section IV Table of Frequency Allocations - 10 kHz to 275 GHz

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 18(8) - 2000 kHz in Regions 2 and 3 by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services			
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3		
	L 800 - 2 000		
	AMATEUR		
	FINED		
NOC	Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
	RADIONAVIG	ATION	
	198		

NOC 198

SUP 199 199 1

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 2.176 - 2.194 4.Hz, by the following

kHz

Region I	Region 2	Region 3
2 170 2 194	Manual (days and aller)	
	Morice (distress and calling)	
	201 - 201 A	

NOC 201

ADD 2014

The frequencies 2 182 kHz, 3 023.5 kHz, 5 680 kHz, 8 364 kHz, 121.5 MHz, 150.9 MHz, and 243 MHz may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in torce for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles.

The same applies to the frequencies 10003 kHz, 14993 kHz and 19993 kHz but in each of these cases emissions must be confined in a pand of $-3\,$ kHz about the frequency

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the hand 2 498 - 2 502 kHz in Region 1 and for the hand 2 495 - 2 505 kHz in Regions 2 and 3 by the following

kHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region I	Region 2	Region 3
2 300 - 2 498	2 300 2 495	
NOC	NOC	
2 498 - 2 502	2 495 - 2 505	
STANDARD FREQUENCY	STANDARD FREQUENCY 203 203A	
203 203A		
2 502 - 2 625	2 505 - 2 625	
NOC	NOC	

NOC 203

ADD 203A The bands 2 501 - 2 502 kHz, 5 003 - 5 005 kHz, 10 003 - 10 005 kHz, Spa2 15 005 - 15 010 kHz, 19 990 - 19 995 kHz, 20 005 - 20 010 kHz and 25 005 -

25 010 kHz are also allocated on a secondary basis to the space research service

SUP 204

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 2850-3025 kHz by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services			
Region i	Region 2	Region 3	
2 850 ~ 3 025 AERONALTICAL MOBILE (R)			
	201A		

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 4995-5005 kHz by the following

kHz

Region I	Region 2	 Region 3	
4 995 - 5 005		 	
	STANDARD FREQUENCY		i
	203A 210		

NOC 210

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the hand 5 480 - 5 730 kHz by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services		
Region I	Region 2	Region 3
5 480 - 5 680	AERONALTICAL MOBILE (R)	
5 680 - 5 730	201A	
	AERONALTICAL MOBILE (OR) 201A	

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 7000-7100 kHz by the following

kHz

Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
7 000 - 7 100		
ĺ	AMATEUR	
AMATEUR-SATELLITE		

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the hand 8 195 - 8 815 kHz by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services				
Region 1		Region 2	Region 3	
195 - 8 815	MAR	HTIME MOBILE		
	2014	x 21°		

NOC 213

In the Table of Framency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 9 995 - 10 100 kHz by the following

kHz

Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
9 995 10 005	SEANDARD INECLENCY	
	201A 203A 214	
10 005 - 10 100	AFRONAL TICAL MOBILS (R)	
	201 3	

NOC 214

SUP 215 2154

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 14 000 - 14 350 kHz by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services				
Region I	Region 2	Region 1		
14 000 - 14 250				
	AMATEUR			
	AMATEUR-SATELLITE			
14 250 - 14 350				
	AMATELR			
	218			

NOC 218

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 14 990 - 15 010 kHz by the following

kHz

Region I	Region 2	Region 3
14 990 - 15 010		
	STANDARD EREQUENCY	
	201A 203A 219	

NOC 219

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 15 762 - 15 768 kHz by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services				
Region I	Region 2	Region 3		
15 762 - 15 768				
	FIXED			

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 18 030 - 20 010 kHz by the following

kHz

Region I	Region 2	Region 3
18 030 - 18 052		
	FIXED	
18 052 - 18 068		
	Fixed	
	Space Research	
18 068 - 19 990		
	FIXED	
19 990 - 20 010		
	STANDARD FREQUENCY	
	201A 203A 220	

NOC 220

SUP 221 221A

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 21 000 - 21 450 kHz by the following

kHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
21 000 - 21 450		
	AMATEUR	
	A MATEUR-SATELLETE	

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 21.850 - 22.000 kHz by the following

kHz

Region I	Region 2	Region 3
21 850 - 21 870		
	RADIO ASTRONOMY	
	221B	
21 870 22 000		
	AFRONAUTICAL FIXED	
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	

ADD

2218 In Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland, Roumania Czechoslovakia and the USSR
Spa2 the band 21 850 - 21 870 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical fixed and the
aeronautical mobile (R) services. The administrations concerned will take all
practicable steps to protect radio astronomy observations in this band from
harmful interference.

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 23 350 - 25 010 kHz by the following

kHz

Allocation to Services		
Region I	Region 2	Region 3
23 350 - 24 990		
	Fixed	
	LAND MOBILE	
	222 222A	
24 990 - 25 010		
	STANDARD FREQUENCY	
	203A 223	

NOC 222

ADD

2224 In Argentina and Uruguay, the hand 24 528 - 24 538 kHz may be used by Spa2 the space research service, subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected.

NOC 223

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 28 - 47 MHz in Region 1 for the band 28 - 50 MHz in Region 2 and for the band 28 44 MHz in Region 3 by the following

MHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1 Region 2 Region 1		
28 - 29 7		
	AMATEUR	
	AMATELR SATFLEITL	
29 7 - 30 005		
	FINED 22% 229 231 232	
	Мовіді	
30 005 - 30 01		
	SPACE OPERATION (Satellite identification)	
	Fixed 228 229 231	
	Mobile	
	SPACE RESEARCH	
30 01 - 37 75		
	FINED 22% 229 230 231	
	MOBILE	
	2334	

NOC 228 229 230 231 232

SUP 233

ADD 2334 In Argentina and Uruguay, the bands 36.65 - 36.85 MHz, 41.15 - 41.35 MHz and 45.65 - 45.85 MHz, and in Argentina Brazil and Uruguay, the band 170.55 - 170.95 MHz, are allocated to the radio astronomy service and no assignments

shall be made to the fixed and mobile services in these bands

MHz

——————————————————————————————————————	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
37 7S - 38 25	FIXED 228 229 231 MOBILE Radio Astronomy 233B	
38 25 - 41	Fixed 228 229 230 231 Mobile 235 236 236A	
41 - 47 BROADCASTING Fixed 228 237 Mobile	41 - 50 FIXED 228 231 237 MOBILE	41 - 44 FIXED 228 237 MOBILE 236A
2364 238 239 240 241	233A 236A	44 - 50 NOC

ADD 233B In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands Spa2 37.75 - 38.25 MHz 150.05 - 153 MHz, 406.1 - 410 MHz, 2.690 - 2.700 MHz and 4.700 - 5.000 MHz are allocated, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect radio astronomy observations from harmful interference

MOD 235 The band 39 986 - 40 02 MHz is also allocated, on a secondary basis, to the Spa2 space research service

NOC 236

ADD 2364 The band 40.98 - 41.015 MHz is also allocated, on a secondary basis, to the space research service in particular for measurements of the differential Faraday effect.

NOC 237 238 239 240 241

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the hand 80 - 100 MHz in Region 3 hi the following

MHz

Allocation to Services		
Region I	Region 2	Region 3
NOC	NOC	80 87 FIXLU MOBILE 254 255 256 257 261 266
NOC	NOC	87 - 100 FINED MOBILE BROADCASTING 254 263 268

NOC 254 255 256 257 261 266

MOD 267 In New Zealand the bands 87 - 88 MHz and 94 - 108 MHz are allocated Spa2 to the fixed and mobile services

NOC 268

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 117 975 – 174 MHz in Region 1, for the bands 117 975 – 146 MHz and 148 – 174 MHz in Region 2 and for the bands 117 975 – 146 MHz and 148 – 170 MHz in Region 3 by the following

MHz

	Allocation to Services
Region I	Region 2 Region 3
117 975 - 132	
	AFRONAL MOBILE (R)
	201A 2 273A
132 - 136	
	AFRONALTICAL MOBILE (R)
	273A 274 274A 274B 275
136 137	
	SPACE RESEARCH (Space to-Earth)
	2NIA - 2NIAA
137 138	
	Space Operation (Telemetering and tracking)
	METEOROSOSICAL-SATELLITE
	SPACE RESEARCH (Space to Earth)
	275A 279A 281C 281F

NOC 273 2733

MOD 274 Spa2 In Bulgitta Tipan Pola Pertigul Portuguese Oversea Provinces in Region I south of the equato Roomania Sweden Czechosionakia and the USSR existing stations in the terronautical mobile (OR) service in the band 132–135 MHz has continue operate for an inspectfied period on a primary basis.

ADD 274A Spa2 In Regions 2 and 3 stations of the fixed and mobile services may continue to use the band 152 136 MHz, null 1 January 1976. Until that date frequency assignments to stations of the acconditional mobile (R) service shall be co-ordinated between the administrations concerned and shall be protected from harmful interference.

ADD 274B In Cuba and Mexico, the band 132 - 136 MHz is also allocated to the fixed Spa2 and mobile services

MOD 275
In Burundi, Ethiopia, Gambia, Malawi, Nigeria, Portuguese Oversea Provinces in Region I south of the equator, Rhodesia, Rwanda Sierra Leone and in the Republic of South Africa the band 138 - 144 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services. In these countries, existing stations in the fixed and mobile services may continue to operate in the band 132 - 136 MHz until I January 1976.

....

NOC 275A

SUP 276 277

MOD 278 In New Zealand, the band 138 144 MHz is allocated to the deconautical spa2 mobile (OR) service

SUP 279

NOC 279A 281A

ADD 281AA In Bulgaria China Cyprus, Korea Spain Ethiopia Ghuna, Hungary Spa2 India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Uganda, Pakistan Philippines. Poland, Portugal the United Arab Republic Roumania Senegal, Syria Tanzania Czechoslovakia and the U.S.S.R. the band 136 137 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services.

SUP 281B

MOD 281C In Bulgaria Hungary, Kuwait Lebanon, Poland the United Arab Republic Spa2 Roumania Czechoslovakia the USSR and in Yugoslavia the band 137 - 138 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service

SUP 281D

MOD 181E In Malaysia Pakistan and the Philippines the band 137 - 138 MHz is also Spa2 allocated to the fixed and mobile services

SUP 281F

MHz

Allocation to Services					
Region I	Region 2	Region 3			
138 - 143 6	138 - 143 6	138 - 143 6			
AERONAUTICAL	FIXED	FIXED			
MOBILE (OR)	MOBILE	Mobile			
	Rad plocation	Space Research			
	Space Research (Space-to-Earth)	(Space-to-Earth)			
275 281G 282A 283	283.4	278 279A 284			

In the FR of Germany the band 138 - 140 MHz is also allocated, on a ADD 281G secondary basis to the space research service (space to-Earth) Spa2 SUP 282 In Belgium France Israel Italy Liechtenstein Netherlands the United ADD 282 A Kingdom and Switzerland, the bands 138 - 143 6 MHz and 143 65 - 144 MHz Spa2 are also allocated on a secondary basis to the space research service (space-to-MOD 283 In Austria Denmark Greece, Norway Netherlands, Portugal, FR of Germany United Kingdom Sweden Switzerland and Turkey the band 138 -144 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) services ADD In Argentina, the trequency 138.54 MHz = 7.5 kHz and the band 143.6-2834 143.65 MHz may be used by the space research service (telecommand), subject Spa2 to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services,

operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected

NOC 284

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
143 6 - 143 65	143 6 143 65	143 6 - 143 65
AERONAUTICAL	Fixed	Fixed
MOBILE (OR)	Мовин	Monite
SPACE RESEARCH (Space-to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (Space to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (Space-to-Earth)
	Radin otalion	!
275 283	283A	278 279A 284
143 65 - 144	143.65 144	143 65 144
AERONAUTICAL	EXED	Fixed
MOBILE (OR)	Mobile	, Mobili
	Radiolocation	Space Research
	Space Research	(Space-to-Farth)
275 282A 283	(Space-to-Earth)	278 279A 284
144 - 146		
	AMATEUR-SATELLITE	
146 149 9	146 148	
Fixed	NOC	
Mobile except aero- nautical mobile (R)		
	148 - 149 9	
	FIXED	
	Mobile	
285 285A	2854 290	
149 9 - 150 05	RADIONANIGATION-SATELLITE	
	285B 285C	-

\mathbf{MHz}

Affocation to Services					
Region I	Region 2	Region 3			
150 05 - 151	150 05 - 174	150 05 - 170			
FIXED	FIXED	FIXED			
MOBILE except aero- nautical mobile (R)	Mobile	Мовісь			
RADIO ASTRONOSIY					
233B 285 286A					
151 - 153		:			
FIND					
Mobile except aero- noutical mobile (R)					
RADIO ASTRONOMY					
Meteorological Alds		!			
233B 285 286A	_	:			
153 - 154		į			
FINED		 			
Mobils except aero- nautical mobile (R)					
Meregrato rat Alos		÷			
285	_	T.			
154 - 156					
FIXED					
Mobilit except acro- nautical mobile (R)					
285	_	201A 287 287A			
156 174		290			
LIMED		170 174			
Mobile except hero national mobile					
201A 285 287 287A 288	201A 2 A 257 257A	NOC			

SUP 284A

NOC 285

MOD 2854 The band 148 - 149.9 MHz may be authorized for spice follocommand, subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services

operating in accordance with the Table which may be differed. The pare-

width of an individual transmission shall not exceed. 15 kHz

MOD 285B In Austria Bulgaria Cuba Hungury Iran Kawait Pakistan Poland the

United Arab Republic Roumania and Yilgos 1991, the band 149.9 150.05 MHz

is also allocated to fixed and mobile services (see Recommendation No. Spins)

ADD 2850 Emissions of the radionavigation satellite service in the hands 149%

Spa2 150 05 MHz and 399 9 400 05 MHz min also be used by receiving carrison

tions of the space research service

SUP 286 (see ADD 233B)

NOC 2864 287

ADD 2874 In the frequency bands designated for the maritime mobile service in accord

502 ance with Appendix 18 to the Radio Regulations, the use of satellite systems for

ance with Appendix 18 to the Radio Regulations, the use of satellite systems for safety and distress may be authorized on certain channels on an exclusive has s in the band 157 3125 – 157 4125. MHz for transmissions from ships to sate fittes and in the band 161 9125 – 162 0125. MHz for transmissions from satellites to ships. The satellite systems shall not be brought, into use before 1 January 1976.

(see Resolution No Spa2 5)

NOC 288 289 290

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the bands 235 - 470 MHz and 582 - 790 MHz in Region 1 for the band 235 - 942 MHz in Region 2 and for the bands 235 - 470 MHz and 585 - 890 MHz in Region 3 by the following

	Allocation to Services	
Region I	Reg on 2 Regio	n 3
235 - 267		
	FINED	
	Мовин	
	201 A 305 305 A 308 A 309	
267 - 272		
	FIXED	
	Мовил	
	Space operation (Telemetering) 309A 309E	3
	30%.A	
272 - 273		
	SPACE OPERATION (Telemetering) 309A	
	EMED	
	MORILE	
	3084	
273 328 6		
	Fixed	
	Мояц і	
	308A 310 310A	
328 6 335 4		
	AERONAL FIGAL RADIONAVIGATION	
	311	

Α	N	N	3	(A	R ₁	~ 5)

NOC 305

ADD

ADD 3054 In New Zealand, the hand 235 239 5 MHz is also allocated to the ucro-Spa2 material rad onavigation service.

3084 The bands 240 - 328 n MHz and 335.4 - 399.9 MHz mall also be used by the mobile-satellite service. The use and development of this service shall be subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services.

NOC 309 3094 309B

MOD 310 Radio istronomy observations in the hand 322 328.6 MHz are earlied our in a number of countries under national arrangements. A man strations should be in in mind the needs of the radio astronomy service in using this band.

operating in accordance with the Table which may be iffected

ADD 3104 In India: the bind 322 328.6 MHz is also allocated to the region istronomy. Spa2 service

NOC 311

MHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
335 4 - 399 9		
	FIXED	
	MOBILE	
	308 4	
399 9 - 400 05		
	RADIONANGATION-SATELLITE	
	285C 311A	
400 05 400 15		
	STANDARD - REQUENCY-SATELL	.ITI
	312B 313 314	
400 15 401		
	METEORDECKICAL AIDS	
	METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Maintenance telemetering)
	SPACE RESEARCH (Telemetern	ng and tracking)
	313 314	

MOD 3114 In Bulgaria Cuba Greece Hungary Indenesia Iran Kuwait Lebanon, the Spa2 United Arab Republic Syria and Yugoslay a the band 399.9 - 400.05 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and montle services (see Recommendation No. Spa.8)

SUP 3121

ADD M2B In this Find the standard requency is 400 t MHz. Emissions shall be Spa2 confined in a boad of 25 kHz (nout this frequency).

NOC 313 314

MHz

	Allocation to Services
Region I	Region 2 Region 3
401 - 402	
	METROROLOGICAL ANDS
	SPACE OPERATION (Telemetering), 315A
	Lived
	Metemological Screlini (Laith-to space)
	Mobile except seron cases makee
	114 - 115 - 115B - 115C - 316
402 - 403	
	METEOROFO: ICAL SPIS
	Fixed
	Meteorological Satellite (Farth-to space)
	Mobile except reconactical mobile
	314 315 315¢ 316
403 406	
	METEOROPOLICAL AIDS
	Fixed
	Mobile except acconcutical mobile
	714 715 716

NOC 315 315A 315B

ADD 315C In the band 401 - 403 MHz earth usp oration satellite applications other than the meteorological-satellite service may also be used for Earth-to-space transmissions on condition that no harmful interference is caused to stations operating in accordance with the Table

NOC 316

MHz

Allocation to Services					
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3				
406 406 1	MOBILE SATELLITE (Earth-to-	space)			
	314 317A 317B				
406 1 410					
	FINID				
	Monife except aeronautical	mobile			
	Radio astronomy				
	233B 314				
410 420					
	FIXED				
	Mobile except aeronautical	mobile			
	114				

SUP 317 See ADD 23381

ADD 3174 The band 406 406 1 MHz is received solely for the use and development Spa2 of low power (not to exceed 5 W) emergency position indicating radiobeacon (EPIRB) systems using space techniques

ADD 3178 In Austria Belginia Chile Culva Ethiopia Hungary India, Iran Kenya Spa2 Kuwait Lichtenstein Malaysii Uganda Poland the United Arab Republic, Rwanda Sweden Switzerland Syria Tanzania Czechoslovakia and in the USSR the band 406 406 1 MHz is also inlocated to the fixed service and the mobile except aeronaut cil mobile service.

	Alle	ocation t	o Services		
Region I		Regio	n 2	ī	Region 3
420 - 430	[420	450			
Fixin					
Мони г except aeronautical mobile					
Radiolocation					
118 119					
430 - 440	-				
AMATEUR	ļ				
RADIOLOCATION	ı		RADIOLO	CATION	
318 319 319B 320 320A 321 322	ļ į		Amateui		
440 450	 I				
FIXED					
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	!				
Radiolocation					
318 319 319A	<u> </u> 		118 119	а 119В	320A 323 324
450 - 460	FIXED				
	Мовілі				
	318 319A				
460 - 4 70					
	FIXED				
	MOBILE				
	Meteorolog	gical Sa'e	ettile (Spac	e to Fari	IN) 318A
	324B				

MOD 318 Radio altimeters may also be used until 31 December 1974 in the band Spa2 420 - 460 MHz. However, after this date, they may be authorized to continue to operate on a secondary basis except in the U.S.S.R. where they will continue to operate on a primary basis.

NOC 3184 319

MOD 319A The band 449.75 - 450.25 MHz may be used for space telecommand and space research (Earth to-space) subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table which may be affected

ADD 3198 In France and the French Denurtment of Gusana (Region 2) the frequency 5pa2 434 MHz = 0.25 MHz may be used for space operation (Earth-to space) subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected.

NOC 320

ADD 320 \ in the band 435 438 MHz the amateur-safe life service may be authorized, on condition that no harmful in efference shull be caused to other services operating in accordance with the Table | Administrations authorizing such use shall ensure that any harmful in efference caused by emissions from an amateur satellite is immediately eliminated in accordance with the provisions of No. 15674.

NOC 321

MOD 322 In Dermark Norway and Needen the runds 430 - 432 MHz and 438 - Spa2 440 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and mobile services

NOC 323 324

(MOD) 3244 It is intended that muteorologists satellite space stations operating in the band Spa2 1 670 - 1 690 MHz shall transmin to selected earth stations. The location of such earth stations is subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services loperating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected.

ADD 324B Farth exploration-satellite sericle applications other than the meteorologiscal-satellite service may also be used in the hands 460 - 470 MHz and 1 690 - 1700 MHz for space-to-Earth currentssions on condition that no harmful interference is eaused to stations increating in accordance with the Table

MHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	: Region 2	Region 3
470 - 582 \(\)(470 890 BROADCASTING	470 585
582 606 Broadcasting Radionalication	-	* 585 610 R > 100 NM ADON
606 - 790 BROADCASTING 329 330 330 A 331 332 332 A	-	610 890 FINED MOBILE BROADCASTING
790 - 890 NOC	3294 132 3324	330B 332 332A
890 - 942 \(\)(890 - 942 FIND RADIOLOCATION	890 942
	319A 340	1

NOC 325 SUP 326

NOC 327 328 329

ADD 3294 In Argentina and Uruguay, the band 602 - 608 MHz is allocated to the radio Spa2 astronomy service

NOC 330 3304

ADD 330B In India the band 608 - 614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy Spa2 service

NOC 331 332

ADD 3321 Within the frequency band 620 - 790 MHz assignments may be made to television stations using frequency modulation in the broadcasting-satellite service subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected (see Resolutions Nos Spa2 - 2 and Spa2 - 3). Such stations shall not produce a power flux density in excess of the value —129 dBW·m² for angles of arrival less than 20, usee Recommendation No Spa2 - 10) within the territories of other countries without the consent of the administrations of those countries.

NOC 336 337 338 339 3394

MOD 40 In Region 2 the frequency 915 MHz is designated for industrial, scientific spa2 and medical purposes. Emissions must be confined within the limits of 13 MHz of that frequency. Radiocommunication services operating within these limits must accept any harmful interference that may be experienced from the operation of industrial scientific and medical equipment.

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 1350 1400 MHz h; the following

MHz

Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region 2	:	Region 3	
1 350 1 400	1350 1400			
FINED	RADIOLOGYIDA			
Мовіцт	i			
RADIOLOCATION	i			
349 349A	149 1	49 %		

NOC 349

ADD

3494 Spa2

Radio astronomy observations on the Hydrogen line displaced towards lower frequencies are carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the radio astronomy service in their future planning of the band 1 350 - 1 400 MHz

> In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 1427 1429 MHz by the following

Region I	Region 2	Region 3	
1 427 – 1 429			
	SPACE OPERATION (Telecommand)		
	FIXED		
	Monier except aeronautical i	mobile	
	Mobile except aeronautical i	mobile	

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the hand 1525 - 2300 MHz by the following

MHz

Allocation to Services					
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3			
1 525 - 1 535	1 525 - 1 535	1 525 - 1 535			
SPACE OPERATION (Telemetering) 350A	SPACE OPERATION (Telemetering) 350A	Space operation (Telemetering) 3504			
FIXED 350B Earth Exploration Satellite	Earth Exploration- Sotellite Fixed	Fixed 350B Earth Exploration- Satellite			
Mobile except aero- nautical mobile 3500	Mobile 350D	Mobile			

MOD 350A Space stations employing frequencies in the band 1525 - 1535 MHz for Spa2 telemetering purposes may also transmit tracking signals in this band

NOC 350B 350C 350D

SUP 350F

	Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3			
1 535 1 542 5	MARITIME MODILE-SATELLITE				
	352 352D 352E				
1 542 5 1 543 5					
	ATRONNETICAL MOBILE-SATELI	ELTE (R)			
	MARITIME MOBILE SATITLEITE				
	352 352D 352F				
1 543 5 1 558 5					
	AFRONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATEL	LITE (R)			
	352 352D 352G				
1 558 5 - 1 636 5					
	AFRONSUSICAL RADIONAVIGA	2008			
	352 352A 352B 352D 3	352 K			
1 636 5 1 644	MARITIME MORICE-SATELLITI				
	352 352D 352H				
1 644 1 645					
	AFRONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATEL	LITE (R)			
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE				
	352 352D 352I				
1 645 - 1 660		_			
	AFRONAUTICAL MOBILE SATEL	LLITE (R)			
	352 352D 352J				

SUP 351

NOC 352

MOD 3524

Spa2

352C

The bands 1 558 5 - 1 636 5 MHz, 4 200 - 4 400 MHz, 5 000 - 5 250 MHz and 15 4 - 15 7 GHz are reserved on a world-wide basis for the use and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based or satellite-borne facilities

MOD 352B Spa2 The bands 1 558 5 - 1 636 5 MHz 5 000 - 5 250 MHz and 15 4 - 15 7 GHz are also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (R1 service for the use and development of systems using space radiocommunication techniques. Such use and development is subject to agreement and co-ordination between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected.

SUP

NOC 352D

ADD 352E Spa2 The use of the band 1 535 - 1 542 5 MHz , limited to transmissions from space to earth stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service for communication and or radiodetermination purposes. Transmissions from coast stations directly to ship stations or between ship stations are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the satellite-to-ship links.

ADD 352F Spa2 The use of the band 1 542 5 - 1 543 5 MHz is limited to transmissions from space to earth stations in the aeronautical mobile satellite (R) and maritime mobile-satellite services for communication and/or radiodetermination purposes. Transmissions from land stations directly to mobile stations or between mobile stations of the aeronautical mobile (R) and maritime mobile services, are also authorized. The utilization of this band is subject to prior operational coordination between the two services.

ADD 352G Spa2 The use of the band 1 543 5 - 1 558 5 MHz is limited to transmissions from space to earth stations in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service for communication and or radiodetermination purposes. Transmissions from terrestrial aeronautical stations directly to aircraft stations or between aircraft stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the satellite-to-aircraft links.

ADD 352H Spa2 The use of the band 1.636.5 - 1.644 MHz is limited to transmissions from earth to space stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service for communication and or radiodetermination purposes. Transmissions from ship stations directly to coast stations or between ship stations are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the ship to-satellite links.

ADD 3521 Spa2 The use of the band 1 644 - 1 645 MHz is limited to transmissions from earth to space stations in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) and maritime mobile satellite services for communication and or radiodetermination purposes. Transmissions from mobile stations directly to land stations or between mobile stations of the aeronautical mobile (R) and maritime mobile services are also authorized. The utilization of this band is subject to prior operational coordination between the two services.

ADD 352 J Spa 2 The use of the band 1.645 - 1.660 MHz is limited to transmissions from earth to space stations in the acronitation mobile stiell to (R) service for communication and or radiodetermination purposes. Transmissions from aircraft stations in the aeronaulical mobile (R) service directly to terrestrial aeronaulical stations or between aircraft stations are also a athorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the aircraft-to stiellite links.

ADD 352K Spa2

Radio astronomy observations on important spectral lines due to the hydroxyl radicle OH at frequences 1 612 231 MHz and 1 720 630 MHz are carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements the bands observed being 1 611.5 - 1 612.5 MHz and 1 720 1 721 MHz respectively. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of radio astronomy service in their fature planning of the bands 1 588.5 - 1 636.5 MHz and 1 710 1 770 MHz.

Allocation to Services			
Region I	Region 2 Region 3		
660 - 1 670			
	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
	RAIMO ASTRONOUS		
	353A 354 354A 354B		
670 690			
	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
	Eined		
	METFOROLOGICAL SATELLITE (Space-to Earth) 3244		
	Mobil F except aeronautical mobile		
	354		
1 690 1 700	1 690 1 700		
Метьокогоюнскі і хіркі	METFOROLOGICAL AIDS		
METEORO/ORIGAL	METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE		
SATELLETE (Spice to Farth)	(Space to Earth)		
Fixe t			
Mobile except			
acronium cal monde			
32413 354 3	524B 354A 354C		
1 700 1 710	1 700 1 710		
Erxin	FINED		
SPACE RESEARCH	MORICE		
Opace to Lethi	SPACE RESEARCH		
Mobile	(Space to Farth)		
354D	-54D		

353

SUP

MOD 3534 Spa2 In new of the successful dot alien by intronomers of its o hydroxill spectral lines in the regions of 1.665 MHz, ad 1.667 MHz, administrations are erged to give all practicable protection in the hand 1.660 at 1.670 MHz for future research in radio astronomy particularly by eliminating air-to-ground transmissions in the meteorological aids service in the hand 1.664.4 at 1.668.4 MHz as soon as mack cable.

NOC 354

MOD 3544 Spa2 In Bulgaria Control Ethionia Hunaris Israel Jordan Kontrol Kanntrol Lebenon Uganda Pakiston Pountrol the United Arch Republic Roumania Syria Tanzania Czechosłonicku the USNR and Younslav in the manes 1,660 (1670 MHz and 1890 (1700 MHz) revised discussional for the seed service and the montrol except an involved montrol service.

NOC 354B 354C

ADD 354D Spa2 The band 1,700 - 1,700 0 MHz, has the uscending basis, for the transmission from space stations or board safelites of frequencies harmonically related to those emitted in the bands, 49,9,150 fb MHz and 399,9,1400 fb MHz for the requirements of ionosphalic investigation, and geodes.

SUP 3554

Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region	2		Region 3
1 710 - 1 <i>7</i> 70	1 710 - 1 770			
FIXED		Fixed		
Mohilo		Mobil	E	
352K 356		352K	356A	
1 770 1 790	1 770 - 1 790			
LINED	!	FIXED		
Meteorological	Į i	Mobil	E	
Satellite 3564A		Meleo	rological	-Satellite 356AA
Mobile				
356		356 A		
1 790 2 290	1 790 - 2 290			
FIXED	ļ	Fixed		
Mobile		Мовіц	E	
356 356AB 356ABA				
356AC	<u> </u> 	3564	356AB	356ABA
2 290 - 2 300	2 290 - 2 300			
Elxib		Fixed		
SPACE RESEARCH		Mobil	E	
(Space-to Earth)		SPACE	RESEARC	сн (Space-to Farth)
Mobile				
356C				

MOD 356

In Switzerland, the band 1.710 - 2.290 MHz is allocated to the fixed service
 and the mobile except the aeronautical mobile, service and the band 1.770 to 90 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the meteorological satellite

MOD 3564

Spa2

In Region 2, in Australia and Japan the band 1.750 - 1.850 MHz may also be used for Earth-to-space transmissions and in Regions 2 and 3 the band 2.200 - 2.290 MHz may also be used for space-to-Earth transmissions in the space research service subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table which may be affected.

NOC 356AA (NOC 356AA is (MOD) 356AA in the French and Spanish version)

ADD 356AB Spa2

In Regions 2 and 3 and in Spain in the band 2.025 - 2.120 MHz Earth-to space transmissions in the earth exploration-satellite service may be authorized with equality of right to operate with stations of other space radiocommunication services in this band and subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table which may be affected.

ADD 356ABA In Region 2 in Australia and Spain, in the band 2 025 - 2 120 MHz and in Spa2 Regions 1 and 3, in the band 2 110 - 2 120 MHz Earth-to-space transmissions in the space research service may be authorized with equality of right to operate with other space radiocommunication services in these bands and subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table which may be affected

ADD 3564C Spa2

In Region 1, in the band 2 096 - 2 120 MHz, Earth to-space transmissions in the earth exploration-satellite service may be authorized with equality of right to operate with stations of other space radiocommunication services in this band and subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table which may be affected (see No 3564B).

SUP 356B

NOC 356C

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 2 450 - 2 700 MHz by the following

	Allocation 1	o Services		
Region I	Region	n 2 Region 3		
2 450 2 500	2 450 - 2 500			
Fixed	!	FIND		
Мовит	!	Mobil F		
Radiolocation	i	RAMOLOCATION		
357 361	!	35-		
2 500 - 2 550	2 500 2 535			
FIXED 364C	İ	FIXED 364C		
Monus except aeronautical mobile	}	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-Farth)		
BROADCASTING		MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
SAIFLIFFE 361B	!	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 361B		
		361A 364E 364F		
	2 5 3 5 2 5 5 0			
		FIXED 364C		
	i	Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
		BROADCASTING SATELLITE 361B		
361A 362 3641	1	3614 364F		
2 550 2 655				
		FINID 364C		
	•	aeren iut cal mobile		
	BRONDCASTING	SATELLITE RAIB		
	362 363 364	3641		

MHz

Allocation to Services					
Region I	:	Region 2		i	Region 1
2 655 - 2 690	2 655	2 690			
FIXED 364C 364D		Fi	HD.	44C 344D	
Mobile except		Fis	arb s	STELLITE (Earl)	h to spacet
aeronautical mubile		Mi	181LT	except aerona-	areal morale
BROADCASTING- SATELLETI 361B 364H	•	BR	οAPC	***[8G-\$X1+11*	361B (4H
363 364 364F 364G		ነሱ	11	3r4F → 4Ci	
2 690 - 2 700					
	RADIO 4	V2(KOZOMA			
	2338 3	63 364A	164	В	
	233B 3	63 364A	164,	В	

NOC 357

MOD 361 Spa2 In France and the United Kingdom, the band 2,450 - 2,500 MHz is a located on a primary basis to the radiolocation service and on a secondary basis to the fixed and mobile services.

ADD 3614 Spa2 In France, the band 2,500 × 2,550 MHz is also allocated on a primary has set to the radiolocation service and on a secondar chasis, to the rised and mobile services. In Canada, the band 2,500 × 2,550 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the radiolocation service.

ADD 361B Spa2 The use of the band 2 500 - 2 690 MHz by the broadcasting satellite service is limited to domestic and regional systems for community reception and such use is subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected (see Resolutions Nos. Spa2 - 2 and Spa2 - 3). The power flux density at the Earth's surface shall not exceed the values given in Nos. 470NH, 470NH.

MOD 362 Spa2 In the United Kingdom, the band 2,500 - 2,600 MHz is also allocated, on a secondary basis, to the radiolocation service

NOC 363

MOD	364 Spa 2	In Region 1, iropospheric scatter systems may operate in the band 2 550 - 2 690 MHz, subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having terrestrial radiocommunication services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected
MOD	364A Spa2	In Bulgaria, Cuba, Hungary, India, Israel, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, the United Arab Republic, Roumania, Czechoslovakia the USSR and Yugoslavia, the band 2 690 - 2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services
NOC	364B	
ADD	364C Spa2	When planning new tropospheric scatter radio-relay links in the band 2 500 - 2 690 MHz, all possible measures shall be taken to avoid directing the antennae of these links towards the geostationary satellite orbit
ADD	364D Spa2	Administrations shall make all practicable effort to avoid developing new tropospheric scatter systems in the band 2 655 - 2 690 MHz
ADD	364E Spa2	The use of the bands 2 500 - 2 535 MHz and 2 655 - 2 690 MHz by the fixed-satellite service is limited to domestic and regional systems and such use is subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected (see Article 9A). In the direction space-to-Earth, the power flux density at the Earth's surface shall not exceed the values given in No. 470NE.
ADD	364F Spa2	In Bulgaria, Iran, Portugal and the USSR, the band $2500-2690$ MHz is allocated to the fixed service and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile service
ADD	364G Spa2	Radio astronomy observations in the band 2 670 - 2 690 MHz are carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the radio astronomy service in their future planning of this band.
ADD	364H Spa2	In the design of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service, administrations are urged to take all necessary steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 2 690 - 2 700 MHz
SUP	165	(see ADD 233B)

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 3.400 - 5.250 MHz by the following

	Allocation to Services			
Region I	Region 1 Region 2 Region 3			
3 400 - 3 600	3 400 3 500			
FIXED FIXED SATELLITE (Space to Earth)	EXED SATELLIH (Space to Earth) RADIOLOGATION Antalem			
Mobile				
Radiolocation	376			
372 373 174 375	3 500 3 700	3 500 - 3 700		
3 600 - 4 200	FIXED	FIXED-SATELLITE		
Fixed	FIXED-SATELLITI	(Space-10-Earth)		
Fixed-satellite (Space-to-Earth)	(Space to Earth)	RADIOLOGATION Fixed		
Mobile	RADIOLOGATION	Mobile		
		377 378		
	3 700 4 200			
	FINED			
	FIXED SATE	LITTE (Space-to-Earth)		
	Монц			
374	379			
4 200 - 4 400	AERONALTICAL RADIONANIC	JATION		
	352A 379A 181 382 3	181		
4 400 - 4 700	Fixed Fixed-satellite (Earth-10-1 Mobile	space)		

MHz

	Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3				
4 700 – 4 990		. <u></u>			
	FIXED				
	Mobili				
	233B 354 382A 182B				
4 990 - 5 000	4 990 - 5 000	4 990 - 5 000			
Fixed	RADIO ASTRONOMY	Fixed			
Mobile	Mobile				
RADIO ASTRONOMY		RADIO ASTRONOMY			
233B	383 4	233B			
5 000 - 5 250					
	AERONALTICAL RADIONAVI	GATION			
	352A 352B 383B				

NOC 372

(MOD) 373
In Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Switzerland, the fixed, mobile radio-location and fixed-satellite services operate on a basis of equality of rights in the band 3 400 - 3 600 MHz.

NOC 374

SUP 3744

NOC 375 376

MOD 377 In China and Japan, the band 3,500, 3,700 MHz is also allocated to the Spa2 fixed and mobile services.

NOC 378

(MOD) 379 In Australia, the band 3.700 - 3.770 MHz is allocated to the radiolocation Spa2 and fixed-satellite services.

Spe2

ADD 3794

The standard frequency-satellite service and the time signal sate life service may be authorized to use the frequency 4 202 MHz for space-to Earth transmissions and the frequency 6.427 MHz for Earth-to-space transmissions shall be confined within the limits of 2 MHz of these frequencies and shall be subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table which may be affected.

NOC 381 382

ADD 382A Spg2 Radio astronomy observations on the formaldehyde line (risk frequent 4.829.649 MHz) are being carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements. Administrations should bear in mind the necession the radiastronomy service in their future planning of the band 4.825 (4.8.5 MHz).

ADD 3828 Sna 2

Radio astronomy observations in the hand 4.950 4.790 MHz are being carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the radio astronomy service in their future planning of this band.

NOC 383

(MOD) 3834 Spa2 sc

In Cubal the band 4 990 ~ 5 000 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services, and the provisions of No. 233B apply.

ADD 383B Spa2 The band 5 000 - 5 250 MHz is also allocated to the fixed said the service for connection between one or more earth stations at specified fixed points on the Earth and satellites used by the aeronautical mobile (R) service and or the radio determination service. Such use and development shall be subject to agreement and co-ordination between the administrations concerned and toose having services operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected.

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 5 725 - 7 750 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 and for the bands 5 725 - 5 850 MHz and 5 925 - 7 750 MHz in Region 2 by the following

MHz

Allocation to Services					
Region 1 Region 2 Region 3					
5 725 - 5 850	5 725 - 5 850				
Fixed SATELLITE (Earth to-space)	RADIOLOCATION Amaleur				
RADIOLOCATION Amateur					
354 388 390 391 391A	389 391 3	391A			

NOC 388 389

(MOD) 390 In Albania Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland, Roumania, Czechoslovakia and the Spa2 USSR the band 5 800 - 5 850 MHz is allocated to the fixed, mobile and fixed-

satellite services

NOC 391

ADD 3914 Radio astronomy observations are being carried out in the bands 5 750 - Spa2 5 770 MHz and 36 458 - 36 488 GHz in a number of countries under national

5 770 MHz and 36 458 - 36 488 GHz in a number of countries under national arrangements. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect radio astronomy observations in these bands from harmful interference.

Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3			
5 850 - 5 925	5 850 - 5 925	5 850 - 5 925		
FIXED		FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth to space)	i Noc	FixeD-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	1	MOBILE		
		Radiolocation		
391	1	391		
5 925 - 6 425				
	FIXED			
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space) Mobile			
	MOBILE			
6 425 - 7 250				
	FIXED			
	Mobile			
	379A 392AA 392B 3	93		
7 250 - 7 300				
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-I	o-Earth)		
	392D 392G			

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
7 300 - 7 450		
	FIXED	
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-E	arth)
	MOBILE	
	392D	
7 450 - 7 550		
	Fixed	
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-E	arth)
	METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE	(Space-to-Earth)
	MOBILE	
	392D	
7 550 - 7 750		
	Fixed	
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to E	arth)
	Mobile	
	392D	

SUP 392A

ADD 3924A Spa2

In Brazil Canada and the United States of America, the band 6.625-7.125 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the fixed-satellite service for space-to-Earth transmissions. In Region 2, the power flux density produced by space stations in this band shall be in accordance with the provisions of No 470NM. In Regions 1 and 3 it shall be at least 6 dB lower. Receiving earth stations in this band may not impose restrictions on the locations or technical parameters of existing or future terrestrial stations of other countries.

MOD 392B The band 7 145 = 7 235 MHz may be used for Earth-to space transmissions Spa2 in the space research service, subject to agreement between the administrations

concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table

which may be affected

SUP 392C

MOD 392D As an exception passive fixed-satellite systems also may be accommodated Spa2 in the band 7.250 - 7.750 MHz subject to

 a) agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected.

b) the co-ordination procedures laid down in Articles 9 and 9A

Such systems shall not cause any more interference at active earth station receivers than would be caused by the fixed or mobile service. Power flux density limitations at the Earth's surface after reflection from the passive fixed-satellites shall not exceed those prescribed in the present. Regulations for active fixed-satellite systems.

SUP 392F

NOC 392G 392H 393

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 7 900 - 8 500 MHz by the following

Allocation to Services			
Region I	Region 2	Region 3	
7 900 – 7 975			
	FIXED		
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
	MOBILE		
7 975 – 8 025			
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
	392H		

Allocation to Services				
K¢gion I	Region 2	Region 3		
8 025 - 8 175	8 025 - 8 175	8 025 - 8 175		
FINED FINED-SATELLITE of erin to-space Mos i Earth Explora ii Sateline Shace-to-Filine	LARTH EMPLORATION SATEMAN SPICE OF LOCAL FINE FINE FINE (Factor's Space) MORITE	FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Farth to space) MOBILE Earth Exploration Satellite (Space-to Earth)		
	1 0.25 0.25	1 0.15		
8 175 - 8 215	8 175 8 215	8 175 - 8 215		
FIXED FIXED-SATELLITU Earth-to-space	SATERLITE (Space-to-Earth)	FixeD-sateLLitt (Earth-to-space)		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (Earth-to space)	Fixed (Earth to-space)	METFOROLOGICAL- SATELLITI (Earth-to-space)		
Mobils Earth Exploration Sale-lite (Space-to-Earth)	Mittore Outcas- Sattletts (Larch mispace) Month	Mobile Earth Exploration- Satellite (Space-to Earth)		
394B	1			
8 215 - 8 400	9 215 - 9 400	8 215 - 8 400		
FIXED	EARTH EXPLICATIONS	FIXED		
Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)	SATELLITE (Space to Earth)	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	FIXED	MOBILE		
Earth Exploration- Sarethie (Space-to-Earth)	Fixed-satellite (i.g. n-to-space) Mobili	Earth Exploration- Satellite (Space-to-Earth)		
394 394B	ļ	i 394		

MHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region I	Region 2	Region 3
1 400 - 8 500		• •
	FIXED	
	MOBILE	
	SPACE RESEARCH (Space-to-E.	arth)
	394A 394D	

(MOD)	394 Spa 2	In Australia and the United Kingdom, the band 8 250 – 8 400 MHz is allocated to the radiolocation and fixed-satellite services
MOD	394A Spa2	In the United Kingdom, the band $8400-8500$ MHz is allocated to the radiolocation and space research services
(MOD)	394B Spa2	In Israel, the band 8 025 - 8 400 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the fixed and mobile services and, on a secondary basis to the fixed-satellite service
SUP	394C	
NOC	394D	

In the Table of Frequency Allocations replace the provisions for the band 10.55 - 15.35 GHz by the following

GHz

Allocation to Services		
Region I	Region 2	Region 3
10 55 - 10 6	NOC	
10 6 - 10 68		
	FIXED	
	Mobile	
	RADIO ASTRONOMY	
	Radiolocation	
	404 A	
10 68 - 10 7		
	RADIO ASTRONOMY	
	405B	

ADD 4044 In the F.R. of Germany, in the band 10.6 – 10.68 GHz, the radio astronom service is a secondary service.

SUP 405A NOC 405B

GHz

Allocation to Services			
Region 1 Region 2 Region			Region 3
10 7 - 10 95			
	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
10 95 – 11 2	10 95 - 11 2		
FIXED	!	FIXED	
FixeD-SATELLITE (Space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)	į	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-Earth) MOBILE	
Mosile			
11 2 - 11 45			
	Fixed		
	Мовпле		
11 45 - 11 7			
	FIXED		
	FIXED-SATELLITE	(Space-to	-Earth)
	Mobile		

GHz

	Allocation to Services		
Region !	Region 2	Region 3	
11 7 - 12 5	11 7 – 12 2	11 7 - 12 2	
FIXED	FIXED	Fixed	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Fixed-satellite (Space-to-Earth)	Mobile except seronautical mobile	
BROADCASTING	Mosile except	BROADCASTING	
BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	aeronautica' mobile BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	
	BROADCASTING SATELLITE		
,	405BB 405BC	405BA	
	12 2 - 12 5 FIXED		
	MOBILE exce	pt aeronautical mobile	
405B A	BROADCASTI	•	
12 5 - 12 75	12 5 – 12 75	12 5 – 12 75	
FIXED-SATELLITE	Fixed	FIXED	
(Space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-Earth)	
405BD 405BE	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Mobile except aeronautical mobile	
12 75 - 13 25	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
	FIXED MOBILE		
1226 124			
13 25 - 13 4	AFRONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
<u> </u>	406 40° 40°A		
13 4 - 14	RADIOLOCATION		
407 407A 408 409			

GHz

Allocation to Services			
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3		
14 - 14·3			
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
	RADIONAVIOATION 408A		
	407 407 A		
143 - 144			
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-spa	ace)	
	RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 408A		
14 4 - 14 5			
	FIXED		
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
	MOBILE		
	408B 408C		
14 5 - 15 35			
	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
	408B 408C		

ADD 405BA In the band 11.7 - 12.2 GHz in Region 3 and in the band 11.7 - 12.5 GHz

Spa2 in Region 1, existing and future fixed, mobile and broadcasting services shall not cause harmful interference to broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the decisions of the appropriate broadcasting frequency assignment planning conference (see Resolution No Spa2 - 2) and this requirement shall be taken into account in the decisions of that conference

ADD 405BB Terrestrial radiocommunication services in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 2 shall be introduced only after the elaboration and approval of plans for the space radiocommunication services, so as to ensure compatibility between the uses that each country decides for this band

ADD 405BC The use of the band 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 2 by the broadcasting-satellite Spa2 and fixed-satellite services is limited to domestic systems and is subject to previous agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected (see Article 9A and Resolution No Spa2-3)

ADD 405BD In Bulgaria Cameroon Congo (Brazzaville) the Ivory Coast Gabon Ghana Spa2 Hungary Iraq Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya Ma'i Niger, Poland Svria United Arab Republic, Roumania Senegal Czechoslovakia Togo and the USSR the band 12.5 - 12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service and the mobile except aeronautical mobile service

ADD 405BE In Algeria Belgium Denmark Spain, Ethiopia, Finland France Greece Spa2 Kenya Liechtenstein, Luxembourg Monaco Norway Uganda Netherlands Portugal the Fir R of Germany Sweden Switzerland Tanzania and Tunisia the band 12.5 12.75 GHz is also allocated, on a secondary basis to the fixed service and the mobile except acronaulical mobile service.

NOC 406

MOD 407 In Albania Bulgaria Hungary Poland Roumania Czechosloviskia and the Spa2 USSR the bands 13.25 - 13.5 GHz 14.175 - 14.3 GHz 15.4 - 17.7 GHz 23.6 - 24.GHz 24.05 - 24.25 GHz and 33.4 - 36 GHz are also allocated to the fixed and mobile services

ADD 4074 The band 13 25 - 14 2 GHz may also be used on a secondary basis for Earth-to-space transmissions in the space research service, subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected

MOD 408 In Sweden the bands 13.4 14 GHz 15.7 - 17.7 GHz and 33.4 36 GHz

Spa2 are also allocated to the fixed and mobile services

ADD 4084 The use of the bands 14 - 14.3 GHz and 14.3 - 14.4 GHz by the radionavigation service and radionavigation-satellite service respectively shall be such as to provide sufficient protection to space stations of the fixed-satellite service (see Recommendation No. Spa2 - 15, paragraph 2.14)

ADD 4088 The band 14.4 15.35 GHz may also be used on a secondary basis for space to-Earth transmissions in the space research service subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected

ADD 408C Radio astronomy observations on the formaldehyde line (rest frequency 14 489 GHz) are being carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements. In making assignments to stations in the fixed and mobile services, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect radio astronomy observations from harmful interference in the band 14 485—14 515 GHz.

NOC 409

SUP 409A 409B

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the hand 177-2425 GHz by the following

GHz

Allocation to Services			
Region 1		Region 2 Region 3	
17 7 - 19 7			
	Fixe	FIXED	
	Fixe	FIXED SATELLITE (Space-to-Earth)	
	Мов	MOBILE	
19 7 – 21 2			
	Fixe	D-SATELLITE (Space-t	o-Earth)
	409E		
21 2 - 22			
	EARI	H EXPLORATION-SAT	ELLITE (Space-to-Earth)
	Fixe	D	
	Mon	Mobile	
22 - 22 5			
		Fixed	
	Мов	IILE	
	410 <i>A</i>		
22 5 – 23			22 5 - 23
رے – د مر	FIXED		Fixed
	MOBILE		Mobile
	MIODILE		BROADCASTING-
			SATELLITE 410B
23 - 23 6			
	Fixe	_	
	Mos	BILE	

GHz

Allocation to Services		
Region I	Region 2	Region 1
3 6 - 24		
	RADIO ASTRONOMY	
	407	
14 - 24 05		
	AMATEUR	
	A MATEUR-SATELLITE	
	410C	
24 05 24 25		 -
	RADIOLOCATION	
	Amaleur	
	407 410C	

SUP 409D ADD 409E In Japan, the bands 19.7 - 21.2 GHz and 29.5 - 31 GHz are also allocated to the fixed and mobile services. This additional use shall not impose any Spa2 limitation on the power flux density of space stations in the fixed satellite service SUP 410 ADD 410A The band 22 21 - 22 26 GHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service Spa2 for observations of a spectral line due to water vapour (rest frequency 22-235 GHz). Administrations are urged to give all practicable protection in this band for future research in radio astronomy ADD 410B In Region 3, the broadcasting-satellite service is authorized in the band Spa2 22 5 - 23 0 GHz, subject to power flux density limits for the protection of the terrestrial services in this band ADD 410C The frequency 24 125 GHz is designated for industrial, scientific and medical Spa2 purposes Emissions must be confined within the limits of -125 MHz of that frequency Radiocommunication services operating within those limits must accept any harmful interference that may be experienced from the opera

tion of industrial, scientific and medical equipment

[23 UST

ANN 3 (ART 5)

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 25.25 - 31.3 GHz by the following

GHz

Allocation to Services				
Region I	Region 2	Region 3		
25 25 - 27 5				
	Fixed			
	MOBILE			
27 5 - 29 5				
	FIXED			
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space)			
	Mobile			
29 5 31				
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-sp	oace)		
	409E			
31 - 31 3				
	FIXED			
	MOBILE			
	Space Research			
	412H 412I			

NOC

412E 412H

ADD

4121 Spa2 Radio as ronomy observations in the band 31.2 - 31.3 GHz are carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect radio astronomy observations in this band from harmful interference.

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the provisions for the band 36 - 40 GHz by the following

GHz

Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
36 - 40		
	FIXED	
	Mobile	
	391A 412E	

In the Table of Frequency Allocations, replace the indication "above 40 (Not allocated)" by the following new Table

GHz

Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3			
40 - 41				
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-10-E	erth)		
41 - 43				
	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE			
43 - 48				
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATEL	LITE		
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE			
	AERONALTICAL RADIONAVIGA	TION-SATELLITE		
	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE			
48 - 50				
	(Not allocated)			
50 - 51				
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-sp	eace)		
51 - 52				
	EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE			
	SPACE RESEARCH			
52 - 54 25				
	SPACE RESEARCH (Passive)			
	4123			
54 25 - 58 2				
	INTER-SATELLITE			

ADD

All emissions in the bands 52 - 54 25 GHz, 58 2 - 59 GHz 64 - 65 GHz

Spa2

86 - 92 GHz, 101 - 102 GHz, 130 - 140 GHz, 182 - 185 GHz and 230 - 240 GHz
are prohibited The use of passive sensors by other services is also authorized

GHz

Allocation to Services				
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3			
58 2 - 59	Space research (Passive)			
	412J			
59 – 64	INTER-SATEULITE			
64 - 65	Space research (Passive)			
	412J			
65 - 66				
	EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE			
	SPACE RESEARCH			
66 - 71	<u> </u>			
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATEL	LITE		
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE			
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE			
	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	-SATELLITE		
71 - 84				
	(Not allocated)			
84 - 86	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE			
86 - 92				
	RADIO ASTRONOMY			
	Space Research (Passive)			
	412J			

GHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
92 - 95		
	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-spa	ce)
95 - 101		
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELL	ITŁ
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATERLITE	
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGAT	ION-SATELLITE
	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION-S	ATELLITI
101 - 102		
	SPACE RESEARCH (Passive)	
	412J	
102 - 105		
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-10-Ea	rth)
105 - 130		
	INTER-SATELLITE	
	412K	
130 - 140		
	RADIO ASTRONOMY	
	Space research (Passive)	
	412J	
140 - 142		
 	Fixed-satellite (Earth-to-spi	ace)

ADD 412K Spa2

Radio astronomy observations on the carbon monoxide line at $115\,271\,\mathrm{GHz}$ are carried out in a number of countries under national arrangements. In making assignments to other services in the Table, administrations should bear in mind the need to protect radio astronomy observations from harmful interference in the band 115 16 - 115 38 GHz

GHz

	Allocation to Services	
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
142 - 150		
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLI	TE
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE	
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE	
	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION-SA	ATELLITE
150 – 152		
	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-Ear	th)
152 – 170		
	(Not allocated)	
170 - 182		
	INTER-SATELLITE	
182 - 185		
	SPACE RESEARCH (Passive)	
	412J	
185 – 190		
	INTER-SATELLITE	
190 - 200		
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELI	ITE
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE	
	AERONALTICAL RADIONAVIGAT	ION SATELLITE
	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION-S	ATELLITE
200 – 220		
	(Not allocated)	
220 - 230	 	
	FIXED-SATELLITE	

GHz

Allocation to Services			
Region I	Region 2	Region 3	
230 – 24 0			
	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
	SPACE RESEARCH (Passive)		
	412J		
240 - 250			
	(Not allocated)		
250 - 265			
	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE		
	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE		
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE		
	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	SATELLITE	
265 - 275			
	FIXED-SATELLITE		
Above 275			
	(Not allocated)		

ANNEX 4

Revision of Article 6 of the Radio Regulations

Article 6 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace Regulation No 415 by the following new text

MOD 415 Spa2 § 2 (1) When special circumstances make it indispensable to do so, an administration may, as an exception to the normal methods of working authorized by these Regulations have recourse to the special methods of working enumerated below, on the sole condition that the characteristics of the stations still conform to those inserted in the Master International Frequency Register

- a) a fixed station in the terrestrial radiocommunication service or an earth station in the fixed-satellite service may, on a secondary basis, transmit to mobile stations on its normal frequencies.
- b) a land station may communicate, on a secondary basis, with fixed stations in the terrestrial radiocommunication service or earth stations in the fixed-satellite service or other land stations of the same category

Replace Regulation No 417 by the following new text

MOD 417 Spa2 § 3 Any administration may assign a frequency in a band allocated to the fixed service or allocated to the fixed-satellite service to a station authorized to transmit, unilaterally, from one specified fixed point to one or more specified fixed points provided that such transmissions are not intended to be received directly by the general public

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ANN 4 (ART 6)

Add the following new text after Regulation No. 419

ADD 419A § 5A Earth stations on board aircraft are authorized to use frequencies in the bands allocated to the maritime mobile-satellite service for the purpose of communicating via the stations of that service, with the public telegraph and telephone networks

ANNEX 5

Revision of Article 7 of the Radio Regulations

Article 7 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Add the following new sub-title and text after Section I

ADD Spa2

Section 1A. Broadcasting-Satellite Service

ADD 428A § 2A In devising the characteristics of a space station in the 5pa2 broadcasting-satellite service, all technical means available shall be used to reduce to the maximum extent practicable, the radiation over the territory of other countries unless an agreement has been pre-

Replace the title of Section VII by the following new title

MOD Spa2

Section VII. Terrestrial Radiocommunication Services sharing Frequency Bands with Space Radiocommunication Services above 1 GHz

Choice of Sites and Frequencies

viously reached with such countries

Replace Regulation No. 470A by the following new text

(MOD) 470A \$ 18

§ 18 Sites and frequencies for terrestrial stations, operating in frequency bands shared with equal rights between terrestrial radio-communication and space radiocommunication services shall be selected having regard to the relevant Recommendations of the CCIR with respect to geographical separation from earth stations

After Regulation No 470A, add the following new Regulations

- ADD 470AA 18A (1) As far as practicable sites for transmitting 1 stations, Spa2 in the fixed or mobile service employing maximum values of equivalent isotropically radiated power exceeding 35 dBW in the frequency bands between 1 and 10 GHz should be selected so that the direction of maximum radiation of any antenna will be at least 2° away from the geostationary satellite orbit, taking into account the effect of atmospheric refraction?
- ADD 470AB (2) As far as practicable, sites for transmitting 3 stations, in the fixed or mobile service, employing maximum values of equivalent isotropically radiated power exceeding 45 dBW in the frequency bands between 10 and 15 GHz, should be selected so that the direction of maximum radiation of any antenna will be at least 1.5° away from the geostationary satellite orbit, taking into account the effect of atmospheric refraction.
- ADD 470AC (3) In the frequency bands above 15 GHz there shall be no spaz restriction as to the direction of maximum radiation for stations in the fixed or mobile service
- ADD 470A4 1 1 For their own protection receiving stations in the fixed or mobile services

 Spa2 operating in bands shared with space radiocommunication services (space to Earth) should also avoid directing their antennae towards the geostationary satel lite orbit if their sensitivity is sufficiently high that interference from space station transmissions may be significant.
- ADD 470AA 2 * Information on this subject is given in the most recent version of C C I R Spa2 Report No 393
- ADD 470AB 1 * See No 470AA 1 Spa2
- ADD 470AB 2 4 See No 470AA 2 Spa2

Power Limits

Replace Regulation No 470B by the following new text

MOD 470B § 19 (1) The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power of Spa2 a station in the fixed or mobile service shall not exceed +55 dBW

After Regulation No 470B, add the following new Regulations

ADD 470BA (1A) Where compliance with No 470AA is impracticable the Spm2 maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power of a station in the fixed or mobile service shall not exceed

-47 dBW in any direction within 0.5° of the geostationary satellite orbit, or

-47 dBW to -55 dBW, on a linear decibel scale (8 dB per degree), in any direction between 0.5° and 1.5° of the geostationary satellite orbit, taking into account the effect of atmospheric refraction¹

Replace Regulation No 470C by the following new text

MOD 470C (2) The power delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of Spa2 a station in the fixed or mobile service in frequency bands between 1 and 10 GHz, shall not exceed -13 dBW

After Regulation No 470C, add the following new Regulation

ADD 470CA (2A) The power delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of a Spa2 station in the fixed or mobile service in frequency bands above 10 GHz shall not exceed -10 dBW

ADD 470BA 1 See No 470AA 2 Spa2

Replace Regulation No 470D by the following new text

MOD 470D (3) The limits given in Nos 470AA, 470B, 470BA and 470C apply in the following frequency bands allocated to the fixed-satellite service and the meteorological-satellite service for reception by space stations, where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

2 655 - 2 690 MHz (for Regions 2 and 3)
5 800 - 5 850 MHz (for the countries mentioned in No. 390)
5 850 - 5 925 MHz (for Regions 1 and 3)
5 925 - 6 425 MHz
7 900 - 7 975 MHz
7 975 - 8 025 MHz (for the countries mentioned in No. 392H)
8 025 - 8 400 MHz

After Regulation No 470D, add the following new Regulations

ADD 470D4 (4) The limits given in Nos 470AB, 470B and 470CA apply 5pa2 in the following frequency bands allocated to the fixed-satellite service for reception by space stations, where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

10 95 - 11 20 GHz (Region 1) 12 50 - 12 75 GHz (Regions 1 and 2) 14 175 - 14 300 GHz (for the countries mentioned in No 407) 14 4 - 14 5 GHz

ADD 470DB (5) The limits given in Nos 470B and 470CA apply in the Spm2 following frequency bands allocated to the fixed-satellite service for

reception by space stations, where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

27 5 - 29 5 GHz

29 5 - 31 0 GHz (for the country mentioned in No 409E)

Replace the title of Section VIII by the following new title

MOD Spa2 Section VIII Space Radiocommunication Services sharing Frequency Bands with Terrestrial Radiocommunication Services above 1 GHz

Choice of Sites and Frequencies

Replace Regulation No 470E by the following new text

(MOD) 470E \$ 20 Sites and frequencies for earth stations, operating in frequency bands shared with equal rights between terrestrial radiocommunication and space radiocommunication services, shall be selected having regard to the relevant Recommendations of the CCIR with respect to geographical separation from terrestrial stations

Power Limits

Replace Regulations Nos 470F and 470G by the following new texts

MOD 470F \$ 21 (1) Earth stations Spa2

MOD 470G (2) The equivalent isotropically radiated power transmitted Spa2 in any direction towards the horizon by an earth station operating in frequency bands between 1 and 15 GHz, shall not exceed the following limits except as provided in Nos 470H or 470GC

-40 dBW in any 4 kHz band for 9 0

- 40 - 3 9 dBW in any 4 kHz band for 0 9 5

where this the angle of elevation of the horizon viewed from the centre of radiation of the antenna of the earth station and measured in degrees as positive above the horizontal plane and regative below it.

After Regulation No. 4706 add the following new Regulations

ADD 470GA (2A) The equivalent isotropically radiated power transmitted in Spa2 any direction towards the horizon by an earth station operating in frequency bands above 15 GHz shall not exceed the following limits except as provided in Nos 470H or 470GD

- 64 dBW in any 1 MHz band for 0

 $+64 \pm 3.0$ dBW in any 1 MHz band for 0 = 0.5

where 0 is as defined in No 470G

- ADD 470GB (2B) For angles of elevation of the horizon greater than 5 there

 spa2 shall be no restriction as to the equivalent isotropically radiated power transmitted by an earth station towards the horizon
- ADD 470GC (2C) As an exception to the limits given in No 470G the Spa2 equivalent isotropically radiated power towards the horizon for an earth station in the space research service (deep-space) shall not exceed +55 dBW in any 4 kHz band
- ADD 470GD (2D) As an exception to the limits given in No 470GA, the equi-Spa2 valent isotropically radiated power towards the horizon for an

earth station in the space research service (deep-space) shall not exceed -79 dBW in any 1 MHz band

Replace Regulation No 470H by the following newtext

MOD 470H Spa2 (3) The limits given in No 470G, No 470GA, No 470GC and No 470GD, as applicable may be exceeded by not more than 10 dB. However, when the resulting co-ordination area extends into the territory of another country such increase shall be subject to agreement by the administration of that country.

Delete Regulation No. 4701

Replace Regulation No 470J by the following new text

MOD 470J Sna2

470J (3A) The limits given in No 470G apply in the following frequency bands allocated to transmission by earth stations in the fixed-satellite service and earth exploration-satellite service and in particular the meteorological-satellite service, where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

```
2 655 - 2 690 MHz (Regions 2 and 3)
4 400 - 4 700 MHz
5.800 - 5.850 MHz (for the countries mentioned in No.
                   390)
5 850 - 5 925 MHz (Regions 1 and 3)
5925 - 6425 MHz
7 900 - 7 975 MHz
7 975 - 8 025 MHz (for the countries mentioned in No
                   392H)
8 025 - 8 400 MHz
10.95 - 11.20 GHz (Region 1)
12 50 - 12 75 GHz (Regions 2 and 3 and for the countries
                      mentioned in No 405BD)
14 175 - 14 300 GHz (for the countries mentioned in No
                    407)
144 - 145 GHz
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After Regulation No 470J, add the following new Regulation

ADD 470JA (3B) The limits given in No 470GA apply in the following frequency band allocated to transmission by earth stations in the fixed satellite service, where this is shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

27 5 - 29 5 GHz

Minimum Angle of Elevation

Replace Regulations Nos 470K and 470L by the following new texts

MOD 470K \$ 22 (1) Earth stations Spa2

MOD 470L

Spa2

(2) Earth station antennae shall not be employed for transmission at elevation angles of less than 3 degrees measured from the horizontal plane to the direction of maximum radiation, except when agreed to by administrations concerned or those whose services may be affected. In case of reception by an earth station, the above value shall be used for co-ordination purposes if the operating angle of elevation is less than that value.

After Regulation No 470L, add the following new Regulation

ADD 470LA (2A) As an exception to No 470L earth station antennae in the space research service (near-earth) shall not be employed for transmission at elevation angles of less than 5 degrees, and earth station antennae in the space research service (deep-space) shall not be employed for transmission at elevation angles of less than 10 degrees, both angles being those measured from the horizontal plane to the direction of maximum radiation. In case of reception by an earth

station, the above values shall be used for co-ordination purposes if the operating angle of elevation is less than those values

Delete Regulation No 470M

Replace the sub-title "Power Flux Density Limits" as well as Regulation No 470N by the following new sub-title and text

MOD Spa2 Limits of Power Flux Density from Space Stations

MOD 470N \$ 23 (1) Power flux density limits between 1 690 MHz and 1 700 Spa2 MHz

After Regulation No 470N, add the following new Regulations

- ADD 470NA Spa2
- a) The power flux density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station or reflected from a passive satellite for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed -133 dBW m² in any 1.5 MHz band. This limit relates to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed freespace propagation conditions.
- ADD 470NB Spaz
- b. The limit given in No. 470NA applies in the frequency band listed in No. 470NC which is allocated to transmission by space stations in the fearth exploration-satellite service and in particular the meteorological-satellite service where this band is shared with equal rights with the meteorological aids service.
- ADD 470NC 5pa2

1 690 - 1 700 MHz

ADD 470ND (2) Power flux density limits between 1 670 MHz and 2 535 Spa2 MHz

ADD 470NE Sm2

- a) The power flux density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station or reflected from a passive satellite for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values
 - -154 dBW m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane,
 - $-154 \frac{8-5}{2}$ dBW m² in any 4 kHz band for

angles of arrival & (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane,

 $-144~\mathrm{dBW}$ m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 25 and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane

These limits relate to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions

ADD 470NF Spa2

- b) The limits given in No. 470NE apply in the frequency bands listed in No. 470NG which are allocated to transmission by space stations in the following space radiocommunication services.
 - Earth exploration-satellite service and in particular meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth)
 - space research service (space-to-Earth)
 - fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth)

where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

ADD 470NG Spa2 1 670 - 1 690 MHz

 $1.690 - 1.700 \ MHz$ (for the countries mentioned in No

354A)

1 700 - 1 710 MHz

1 770 - 1 790 MHz (for the countries mentioned in No

3564A)

2 200 - 2 290 MHz

2 290 - 2 300 MHz

2 500 - 2 535 MHz

ADD 470NGA Spa2 derived on the basis of protecting the fixed service using line-of-sight techniques. Where a fixed service using tropospheric scatter operates in the bands listed in No 470NG and where there is insufficient frequency separation there must be sufficient angular separation between the direction to the space station and the direction of maximum radiation of the antenna of the receiving station of the fixed service using tropospheric scatter to ensure that the interference power at the receiver input of the station of the fixed service does not exceed—168 dBW in any 4 kHz band

ADD 470NH (3) Power flux density limits between 2 500 MHz and Spa2 2 690 MHz

ADD 470NI Spa2 a) The power flux density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station in the broadcastingsatellite service for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values

- 152 dBW m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane,

 $-152 + \frac{3(8-5)}{4} dBW/m^2$ in any 4 kHz band for

angles of arrival 8 (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane,

— 137 dBW/m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 25 and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane

These limits relate to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions

ADD 470NJ Spn2 b) The limits given in No 470NI apply in the frequency hand

2 500 - 2 690 MHz

which is shared by the broadcasting-satellite service with the fixed or mobile service

ADD 470NK Spa2

- c) The power flux density values given in No 470NI are derived on the basis of protecting the fixed service using line-of-sight techniques. Where a fixed service using tropospheric scatter operates in the band mentioned in No 470NJ and where there is insufficient frequency separation, there must be sufficient angular separation between the direction to the space station and the direction of maximum radiation of the antenna of the receiving station of the fixed service using tropospheric scatter to ensure that the interference power at the receiver input of the station of the fixed service does not exceed—168 dBW in any 4 kHz band
- ADD 470NL (4) Power flux density limits between 3 400 MHz and 7 750 Spa2 MHz
- ADD 470NM a) The power flux density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station or reflected from a

passive satellite for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values:

-152 dBW/m⁸ in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane;

$$-152 + \frac{8-5}{2}$$
 dBW/m² in any 4 kHz band for ngles of arrival 8 (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees

angles of arrival 8 (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane.

—142 dBW/m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 25 and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane

These limits relate to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions

ADD 470NN Spa2

- b. The limits given in No 470NM apply in the frequency bands listed in No 470NO which are allocated to transmission by space stations in the following space radiocommunication services
 - fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth)
 - meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth)

where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

ADD 470NO Spa2 3 400 - 4 200 MHz

7 250 - 7 300 MHz (for the countries mentioned in No. 392G)

7 300 - 7 750 MHz

ADD 470NP Spa2 (5) Power flux density limits between 8 025 MHz and 11 7 GHz

ADD 470NQ Spa2

- a) The power flux density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station or reflected from a passive satellite for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values
 - —150 dBW m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane
 - $-150 \frac{8-5}{2}$ dBW m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival 3 (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane.
 - —140 dBW/m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 25 and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane

These limits relate to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions

ADD 470NR Spa2

- b) The limits given in No 470NQ apply in the frequency bands listed in No 470NS which are allocated to transmission by space stations in the following space radiocommunication services
 - earth exploration-satellite service (space-to-Earth)
 - space research service (space-to-Earth)
 - fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth)

where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

ADD 470NS 8 025 - 8 400 MHz Spa2 8 400 - 8 500 MHz 10 95 - 11 20 GHz 11 45 - 11 70 GHz

ADD 470NT (6) Power flux density limits between 12 50 GHz and 12 75 GHz.

Spa2

ADD 470NU a; The power flux density at the Earth's surface, produced by emissions from a space station or reflected from a passive satellite for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values

-148 dBW'm² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane,

=-148 $-\frac{8-5}{2}$ dBW/m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival δ (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane,

—138 dBW m² in any 4 kHz band for angles of arrival between 25 and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane

These limits relate to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions

ADD 470NV spa2 b The limits given in No 470NU apply in the frequency band indicated in No 470NW which is allocated to the fixed-satellite service for transmission by space stations where this band is shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

ADD 470 NW 12 50 - 12 75 GHz (Region 3 and for the countries men-Spa2 tioned in No 405BD)

ADD 470NX Spa2

(7) Power flux density limits between 17.7 GHz and 22.0 GHz

ADD 470NY Spa 2

- a) The power flux density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station or reflected from a passive satellite for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values
 - -115 dBW m2 in any 1 MHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane
 - $-115 \frac{8-5}{2}$ dBW m² in any 1 MHz band for

angles of arrival 8 (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane,

- 105 dBW m² in any I MHz band for angles of arrival between 25 and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane

These limits relate to the power flux density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions

ADD 470NZ Spa2

- b) The limits given in No 470NY apply in the frequency bands listed in No 470NZA which are allocated to transmission by space stations in the following space radiocommunication services
 - fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth)
 - earth exploration-satellite service (space-to-Earth)

where these bands are shared with equal rights with the fixed or mobile service

ADD 470NZA 177 - 197 GHz 21 2 - 22 0 GHz

Sps 2

ADD 470NZB (8) The limits given in Nos 470NA, 470NE, 470NI, 5pa2 470NM, 470NQ, 470NU and 470NY may be exceeded on the territory of any country the administration of which has so agreed

Delete Regulations No 4700 to 470U

Delete note 1 on the foot of page 140 (Radio Regulations—1968 edition)

Replace Section IX by the following new text

MOD Spa2 Section IX Space Radiocommunication Services

Cessation of Emissions

- MOD 470V § 24 Space stations shall be fitted with devices to ensure immediate cessation of their radio emissions by telecommand, whenever such cessation is required under the provisions of these Regulations
- ADD Spa2 Control of Interference between Geostationary-Satellite Systems and non-synchronous inclined Orbit-Satellite Systems
- ADD 470VA § 25 Non-geostationary space stations in the fixed-satellite Spa2 service shall cease or reduce to a negligible level radio emissions, and their associated earth stations shall not transmit to them whenever there is insufficient angular separation between the non-geostationary satellite and geostationary satellites and unacceptable interference to geostationary satellite space systems operating in accordance with these Regulations
- ADD 470VA I 1 The level of unacceptable in efference shall be fixed by agreement between Spa2 the administrations concerned using the relevant C C I R. Recommendations as a guide

ANN 13 (APP 1)

Section C. Basic Characteristics to be furnished for Notification under No. 490 of the Regulations

Replace the paragraph. Supplementary information" by the following

MOD Spa2 Supplementary information

- a) any co-ordination required by No 492A
- b) the name of any administration with which an agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations and the contents of such agreement

whichever is greater. This provision applies only when such a beam is intended for less than global coverage.

In the event that the beam is not rotationally symmetrical about the axis of maximum radiation, the tolerance in any plane containing this axis shall be related to the half power beamwidth in that plane

This accuracy shall be maintained only if it is required to avoid unacceptable interference 1 to other systems

ADD Spa2 Power Flux Density at the Geostationary Satellite Orbit

ADD 470VG § 28 In the frequency band 8 025 to 8 400 MHz, which the Earth exploration-satellite service using non-geostationary satellites shares with the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) or the meteorological-satellite service (Earth-to-space), the maximum power flux density produced at the geostationary satellite orbit by any earth exploration-satellite service space station shall not exceed —174 dBW/m² in any 4 kHz band

ADD 470VF 1 The level of unacceptable interference shall be fixed by agreement between Spa2 the administrations concerned, using the relevant CCIR Recommendations as a guide

ANNEX 6

Revision of Article 8 of the Radio Regulations

Article 8 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace Regulation No. 477 by the following new text

MOD 477 Spa2 e_j the study on a long-term basis of the usage of the radio spectrum, with a view to making recommendations for its more effective use

ANNEX 7

Revision of Article 9 of the Radio Regulations

Article 9 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

The title of the article as well as the text of footnote shown on page 143 of the Radio Regulations (1968 edition) are replaced by the following new title and notes

MOD Spa2 Notification and Recording in the Master International Frequency
Register of Frequency Assignments to Terrestrial
Radiocommunication Stations 2

¹ The expression frequency assignment, wherever it appears in this Article, shall be understood to refer either to a new frequency assignment or to a change in an assignment already recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (hereinafter called Master Register)

⁸ For the notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to radio astronomy and space radiocommunication stations, see Article 9A

Section I Notification of Frequency Assignments and Co-ordination Procedure to be Applied in Appropriate Cases

Delete Regulation No 486 I

Replace Regulations Nos 486, 4862, 4863 and 4864 by the following new texts

(MOD) 486 Spa2 $\S 1$ (1) Any frequency assignment 1 to a fixed, land, broadcasting 2 radionavigation land, radiolocation land or standard frequency station, or to a ground-based station in the meteorological aids service, shall be notified to the International Frequency Registration Board

- a) if the use of the frequency concerned is capable of causing harmful interference to any service of another administration 3, or
- b) if the frequency is to be used for international radiocommunication, or
- c) if it is desired to obtain international recognition of the use of the frequency³

[(MOD) 487 only concerns the French text]

(MOD) 486-1 Spa2 ¹ In the case where a frequency is used by numerous stations under the jurisdiction of the same administration, see Appendix 1 (Section E, II, Column 5a, paragraphs 2c and 2d)

(MOD) 486.2 Spa2 With respect to assignments to broadcasting stations in the bands allocated exclusively to the broadcasting service between 5 950 kHz and 26 100 kHz, see Article 10

MOD 486.3 Spa2 ^a The attention of administrations is specifically drawn to the application of the provisions of Nos. 486 a) and 486 c) in those cases where they make a frequency assignment to a terrestrial station, located within co-ordination area of an earth station (see No. 492A), in a band which terrestrial radiocommunication services with equal rights with space radiocommunication services in the frequency spectrum above 1 GHz

Replace Regulations Nos 490, 491, 492, 492A, 492A 1, 492B, 492B 1, 492C, 492D, 492E and 492F by the following new texts

MOD 490 Spa2 (2) When stations of the same service, such as the land mobile service, use a band of frequencies above 28 000 kHz in a specific area or areas, an individual notice should be drawn up, as prescribed in Section C of Appendix 1, which specifies the basic characteristics to be furnished, for each frequency on which there are assignments within the band, however, the particulars should relate only to a typical station. This does not apply to broadcasting stations or to other terrestrial stations to which the provisions of Sub-Section IIB of this article apply or to other stations of the fixed or mobile service which operate in frequency bands listed in Table II of Appendix 28 with equivalent isotropically radiated power exceeding the corresponding values listed in the table

MOD 491 Spa2 before the date on which the assignment is brought into use. It must reach the Board not earlier than ninety days before the date on which it is to be brought into use, but in any case not later than thirty days after the date it is actually brought into use. However, for a frequency assignment to one of the terrestrial stations mentioned in Sub-Section IIB of this article or in No 639AQ, the notice must reach the Board not earlier than three years and not later than ninety days before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use

MOD 492 Spa2

(2) Any frequency assignment the notice of which reaches the Board more than thirty days after the notified date of bringing into use, or in the case of a terrestrial station mentioned in Sub-Section IIB of this article any frequency assignment, the notice of which

reaches the Board less than ninety days before it is brought into use, shall, where it is to be recorded, bear a remark in the Master Register to indicate that it is not in conformity with No 491

MOD 49

492A § 3A (1) Before an administration notifies to the Board, or brings into use any frequency assignment to a terrestrial station 1 for transmitting in a band allocated with equal rights to terrestrial radiocommunication services and space radiocommunication services (space-to-Earth) in the frequency spectrum above 1 GHz, it shall initiate co-ordination of the proposed assignment with the administration responsible for the receiving earth station concerned if the assignment is for use within the co-ordination area of an existing receiving earth station or of one for which the co-ordination procedure referred to in No 639AN has been initiated. For the purpose of effecting co-ordination, it shall send to any other such administration by the fastest possible means a copy of a diagram drawn to an appropriate scale indicating the location of the terrestrial station and air other pertinent details of the proposed frequency assignment, and the approximate date on which it is planned to bring the station into use

MOD 492B Spa2 (2) An administration with which co-ordination is sought under No 492A shall acknowledge receipt of the co-ordination data immediately by telegram. If no acknowledgement is received within

MOD 492A.1 Spa2

Appendix 28 contains criteria relating only to co-ordination between earth stations and stations in the fixed or the mobile service. Until the CCIR, in accordance with Recommendation No Spa2-9 provides criteria for other terrestrial radiocommunication services, the criteria to be used in effecting co-ordination between earth stations and terrestrial stations other than those of the fixed or the mobile service, shall be agreed between the administrations concerned

fifteen days of dispatch, the administration seeking co-ordination may dispatch a telegram requesting acknowledgement of receipt of the co-ordination data, to which the receiving administration shall reply. Upon receipt of the co-ordination data an administration shall promptly examine the matter with regard to interference 1 which would be caused to the services rendered by its earth stations operating in accordance with the Convention and these Regulations, or to be so operated within the next three years, with the proviso that in this latter case co-ordination specified in No 639AN has been effected or that the co-ordination procedure has already been initiated, and shall, within an overall period of sixty days from dispatch of the co-ordination data, either notify the administration requesting co-ordination of its agreement to the proposals or, if this is not possible, indicate the reasons therefor and make such suggestions as it may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem

MOD 492C Spa2

- (3) No co-ordination under No 492A is required when an administration proposes
 - a) to bring into use a terrestrial station which is located, in relation to an earth station, outside the co-ordination area, or
 - b) to change the characteristics of an existing assignment in such a way as not to increase the level of interference to the earth stations of other administrations

ADD 492B 1 Spa2 ¹ The criteria to be employed in evaluating interference levels shall be based upon relevant C C I R. Recommendations or, in the absence of such Recommendations, shall be agreed between the administrations concerned

MOD 492D (4) An administration seeking co-ordination may request the Spm2 Board to endeavour to effect co-ordination, in those cases where

- a) an administration with which co-ordination is sought under No 492A fails to acknowledge receipt under No 492B within thirty days of dispatch of the coordination data.
- b) an administration which has acknowledged receipt under No 492B but fails to give a decision within ninety days of dispatch of the co-ordination data,
- c) there is disagreement between the administration seeking co-ordination and an administration with which co-ordination is sought as to the acceptable level of interference, or
- d) co-ordination between administrations is not possible for any other reason

In so doing, it shall furnish the Board with the necessary information to enable it to endeavour to effect such co-ordination

MOD 492E (5) Either the administration seeking co-ordination or an administration with which co-ordination is sought, or the Board, may request additional information which they may require to assess the level of interference to the services concerned

MOD 492F (6) Where the Board receives a request under No 492D a/,

Spa2 it shall forthwith send a telegram to the administration concerned requesting immediate acknowledgement

After Regulation Vo 492F, add the following new Regulations

- ADD 492FA (7) Where the Board receives an acknowledgement following Spa2 its action under No. 492F, or where the Board receives a request under No. 492D b), it shall forthwith send a telegram to the administration concerned requesting an early decision in the matter.
- ADD 492FB (8) Where the Board receives a request under No 492D d), spe2 it shall endeavour to effect co-ordination in accordance with the provisions of No 492A. Where the Board receives no acknowledgement of its request for co-ordination within the period specified in No 492B, it shall act in accordance with No 492F.
- ADD 492FC (9) Where an administration fails to reply within thirty days Spa2 of dispatch of the Board's telegram sent under No. 492F requesting an acknowledgement, or fails to give a decision in the matter within sixty days of dispatch of the Board's telegram of request sent under No 492FA, it shall be deemed that the administration with which co-ordination was sought has undertaken that no complaint will be made in respect of any harmful interference which may be caused by the terrestrial station being co-ordinated to the service rendered by its earth station

Replace Regulation No 492G by the following new text

MOD 492G (10) Where necessary, as part of the procedure under No 492D, spaz the Board shall assess the level of interference. In any case, the Board shall inform the administrations concerned of the results obtained

After Regulation No 492G, add the following new Regulations

- ADD 492GA (11) In the event of continuing disagreement between one Spa2 administration seeking to effect co-ordination and one with which co-ordination has been sought, provided that the assistance of the Board has been requested, the administration seeking co-ordination may, after sixty days from the date of the request for the assistance of the Board, taking into consideration the provisions of No 491, send its notice concerning the proposed assignment to the Board
- ADD 492GB § 3B Where the Board receives information from an administration in accordance with the provisions of No 639AQ in reply to a request for co-ordination for an earth station, it shall consider as notifications under this Section, only that information relating to assignments to existing terrestrial stations or to those to be brought into use within the time limits defined in No 491. Such notifications shall be examined by the Board with respect to the provisions of Nos 570AB and 570AD, as appropriate, and shall be treated accordingly.

Replace No 493 by the following new text

(MOD) 493 § 3C (1) Whatever the means of communication, including telespa2 graph, by which a notice is transmitted to the Board, it shall be considered complete if it contains at least those appropriate basic characteristics specified in Appendix 1

Replace the title of Sub-Section IIA by the following new title

MOD Spa2 Sub-Section IIA. Procedure to be followed in cases not covered by Sub-Section IIB of this Article

[(MOD) 501 only concerns the French and the Spanish texts]

Replace the title of Sub-Section IIB by the following new title

MOD Spa2 Sub-Section IIB. Procedure to be followed in cases where terrestrial stations are in the same frequency band as, and within the co-ordination area of, an existing earth station or one for which co-ordination has been effected or initiated

[(MOD) 570AB only concerns the French and the Spanish texts]

Replace Regulation No 570AD by the following new text

(MOD) 570AD Spa2 c) where appropriate, with respect to the probability of harmful interference to the service rendered by an earth receiving station for which a frequency assignment already recorded in the Master Register is in conformity with the provisions of No 639BM, and if the corresponding frequency assignment to the space trans-

mitting station has not, in fact, caused harmful interference to any frequency assignment in conformity with No 501 or 570AB, as appropriate, previously recorded in the Master Register

Replace Regulation No 570AG by the folloring new text

MOD 570AG (2) Where the notice includes a specific reference to the fact that Spa2 the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions of No 115, it shall be examined immediately with respect to Nos 570AC and 570AD

After Regulation No 570AG, add the following new Regulations

- ADD 570AGA (3) If the finding is favourable with respect to No 570AC or Spa2 570AD, as appropriate, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d.
- ADD 570AGB (4) If the finding is unfavourable with respect to No. 570AC or 570AD, as appropriate, the notice shall be returned immediately by Spa2 airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this finding. Should the administration insist upon reconsideration of the notice, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register However, this entry shall be made only if the notifying administration informs the Board that the assignment has been in use for at least one hundred and twenty days without any complaint of harmful interference having been received. The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d. The date of receipt by the Board of the advice that no complaint of harmful interference has been received shall be indicated in the Remarks Column

- ADD 570AGC (5) The period of one hundred and twenty days mentioned in Spa2 Nos 570AGB and 570AX shall count
 - from the date when the assignment to the terrestrial station which received an unfavourable finding is brought into use, if the assignment to the earth station is then in use,
 - otherwise, from the date when the assignment to the earth station is brought into use

But if the assignment to the earth station has not been brought into use by the notified date, the period of one hundred and twenty days shall be counted from that date. Allowance, if necessary, may be made for the additional period mentioned in No 570BF.

Replace Regulations Nos 570AH to 570AK by the following new texts

- (MOD) 5704H (6) Where the notice does not include a specific reference to Spa2 the fact that the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions of No 115, it shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this finding and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to the satisfactory solution of the problem
- (MOD) 5704I (7) If the notifying administration resubmits the notice un-Spa2 changed, it shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of No 5704H
- MOD 570AJ (8) If the notifying administration resubmits the notice with a specific reference to the fact that the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions of No. 115 it shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of Nos 570AG and 570AGA or No. 570AGB as appropriate

(MOD) 570AK (9) If the notifying administration resubmits the notice with Spa2 modifications which, after re-examination, result in a favourable finding by the Board with respect to No 570AB, the notice shall be treated under the provisions of Nos 570AL to 570AX. However, in any subsequent recording of the assignment, the date of receipt by the Board of the resubmitted notice shall be entered in Column 2d.

[(MOD) 570AM (MOD) 570AN, (MOD) 570AO and (MOD) 570AP only concerns the Spanish text]

[(MOD) 570AV only concerns the Spanish text]

Replace Regulation No 570AX by the following new text

MOD 570AX (4) Should the notifying administration resubmit the notice, Spa2 either unchanged, or with modifications which decrease the probability of harmful interference, but not sufficiently to permit the provisions of No 570AW to be applied, and should that administration insist upon reconsideration of the notice, but should the Board's finding remain unchanged, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register However, this entry shall be made only if the notifying administration informs the Board that the assignment has been in use for at least one hundred and twenty days without any complaint of harmful interference having been received. The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d The date of receipt by the Board of the advice that no complaint of harmful interference has been received shall be indicated in the Remarks Column. The period of one hundred and twenty days shall count from the date indicated in No 570AGC

Delete Regulation No 570AY

Replace Regulation No 570BA by the following new text

MOD 570BA (2) A notice of a change in the basic characteristics of an assignment already recorded, as specified in Appendix 1 (except those entered in Columns 3 and 4a of the Master Register) shall be examined by the Board according to Nos 570AB and 570AC and, where appropriate, No 570AD, and the provisions of Nos 570AF to 570AY inclusive applied. Where the change should be recorded the original assignment shall be amended according to the notice.

Replace Regulation No. 570BC b: the following new text

(MOD) 570BC § 23H In applying the provisions of this Sub-Section any resubspaz mitted notice which is received by the Board more than two years after the date of its return by the Board, shall be considered as a new notice

Replace Regulations Nos 570BF 570BG and 570BH by the following new texts

(MOD) 570BF
(3) If, within the period of thirty days after the projected date of bringing into use, the Board receives confirmation from the notifying administration of the date of bringing into use, the special symbol shall be deleted from the Remarks Column. In the case where the Board, in the light of a request from the notifying administration received before the end of the thirty-day period, finds that exceptional circumstances warrant an extension of this period, the extension shall in no case exceed one hundred and fifty days

MOD 570BG

(4) In the circumstances described in No 570AX, and as long as an assignment which received an unfavourable finding cannot be resubmitted as a consequence of the provisions of No 570AGC, the notifying administration may ask the Board to enter the assignment provisionally in the Master Register, in which event a special symbol to denote the provisional nature of the entry shall be entered in the Remarks Column. The Board shall delete this symbol when it receives from the notifying administration, at the end of the period specified in No 570AX, the information relating to the absence of complaint of harmful interference.

MOD 570BH (5) If the Board does not receive this confirmation within the Spm2 period referred to in No 570BF or at the end of the period referred to in No 570BG, as appropriate, the entry concerned shall be cancelled. The Board shall advise the notifying administration before taking such action.

Replace Regulation No 611A by the following new text

(MOD) 6114

(6) If harmful interference to the reception of any station whose assignment is in accordance with No 639BM is actually caused by the use of a frequency assignment which is not in conformity with No 501 or 570AB the station using the latter frequency assignment must upon receipt of advice thereof immediately eliminate this harmful interference

Section VIII Miscellaneous Provisions

After Regulation No. 635, add the following new Regulations

- ADD 635A § 47A (1) If it is requested by any administration particularly by an administration of a country in need of special assistance, and if the circumstances appear to warrant the Board using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall render the following assistance
 - a) verification of the diagram showing the co-ordination area referred to in No 639AN
 - b) computation of the interference level as referred to in No. 492B
 - c) any other assistance of a technical nature for completion of the procedures in this Article
- ADD 635B (2) In making a request to the Board under No 635A, the admi-Spa2 mistration shall furnish the Board with the necessary information

ANNEX 8

Revision of Article 94 of the Radio Regulations

Article 9A of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

The entire Article 9A is replaced by the following new text

MOD Spa2

ARTICLE 94

Co-ordination, Notification and Recording in the Master International Frequency Register of Frequency Assignments ¹ to Radio Astronomy and Space Radiocommunication Stations except Stations in the Broadcasting-Satellite Service

Section I. Procedure for the Advance Publication of Information on Planned Satellite Systems

639AA & I (1) An administration (or one acting on behalf of a group of Spa2 named administrations) which intends to establish a satellite system shall, prior to the co-ordination procedure in accordance with No 639AJ where applicable, send to the International Frequency Registration Board not earlier than five years before the date of bringing into service each satellite network of the planned system, the information listed in Appendix 1B

¹ The expression frequency assignment, wherever it appears in this Article, shall be understood to refer either to a new frequency assignment or to a change in an assignment already recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (hereinafter called Master Register)

- 639AB (2) Any amendments to the information sent concerning a Spa2 planned satellite system in accordance with No 639AA shall also be sent to the Board as soon as they become available
- 639AC (3) The Board shall publish the information sent under Spa2 Nos 639AA and 639AB in a special section of its weekly circular and shall also, when the weekly circular contains such information, so advise all administrations by circular telegram
- 639AD (4) If, after studying the information published under Spa2 No 639AC any administration is of the opinion that interference, which may be unacceptable, may be caused to its existing or planned space radiocommunication services, it shall within ninety days after the date of the weekly circular publishing the information listed in Appendix 1B, send its comments to the administration concerned A copy of these comments shall also be sent to the Board If no such comments are received from an administration within the period mentioned above, it may be assumed that that administration has no basic objections to the planned satellite network(s) of that system on which details have been published
- 639AE (5) An administration receiving comments sent in accordance Spa2 with No 639AD shall endeavour to resolve any difficulties that may arise
- 639AF (6) In case of difficulties arising when any planned satellite spa2 network of a system is intended to use the geostationary satellite orbit
 - a) the administration responsible for the planned system shall first explore all possible means of meeting its requirements, taking into account the characteristics of the geostationary satellite networks of other systems, and without considering the possibility of adjustment

to systems of other administrations. If no such means can be found, the administration concerned is then free to apply to other administrations concerned to solve these difficulties,

- b) an administration receiving a request under a) above shall, in consultation with the requesting administration, explore all possible means of meeting the requirements of the requesting administration, for example, by relocating one or more of its own geostationary space stations involved, or by changing the emissions, frequency usage (including changes in frequency bands) or other technical or operational characteristics;
- c) if after following the procedure outlined in a) and b) above there are unresolved difficulties, the administrations concerned shall together make every possible effort to resolve these difficulties by means of mutually acceptable adjustments, for example, to geostationary space station locations and to other characteristics of the systems involved in order to provide for the normal operation of both the planned and existing systems

639AG (7) In their attempts to resolve the difficulties mentioned above Spa2 administrations may seek the assistance of the Board

639AH (8) In complying with the provisions of Nos 639AE to 639AG,

Spa2 an administration responsible for a planned satellite system shall, if
necessary, defer its commencement of the co-ordination procedure, or
where this is not applicable the sending of its notices to the Board,
until one hundred and fifty days after the date of the weekly circular
containing the information listed in Appendix 1B on the relevant
satellite network. However in respect of those administrations with

whom difficulties have been resolved or who have responded favourably, the co-ordination procedure, where applicable, may be commenced prior to the expiry of the one hundred and fifty days mentioned above

639AI (9) An administration on behalf of which details of planned satellite networks in its system have been published in accordance with the provisions of Nos 639AA to 639AC, shall periodically inform the Board whether or not comments have been received and of the progress made, with other administrations, in resolving any difficulties. The Board shall publish this information in a special section of its weekly circular and shall also, when the weekly circular contains such information, so inform all administrations by circular telegram.

Section 11 Co-ordination Procedures to be applied in appropriate Cases

639AJ § 2 (1) Before an administration notifies to the Board or brings Spa2 into use any frequency assignment to a space station on a geostationary satellite or to an earth station that is to communicate with a space station on a geostationary satellite, it shall effect co-ordination of the assignment with any other administration whose assignment in the same band for a space station on a geostationary satellite or for an earth station that communicates with a space station on a geostationary satellite is recorded in the Master Register, or has been co-ordinated or is being co-ordinated under the provisions of this paragraph. For this purpose, the administration requesting co-ordination shall send to any other such administration the information listed in Appendix 1A.

639AK (2) No co-ordination under No 639AJ is required Spa2

a) when the use of a new frequency assignment will cause, to any service of another administration, an increase in the noise temperature of any space station receiver or earth station receiver, or an increase in the equiv-

alent satellite link noise temperature, as appropriate, not exceeding the predetermined increase of noise temperature calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix 29, or

b) when an administration proposes to change the characteristics of an existing assignment in such a way as will, in respect of any service of another administration, meet the requirements of sub-paragraph a) above, or, where this assignment has previously been coordinated, will cause an increase in noise temperature not exceeding the value agreed during co-ordination

639 AL (3) An administration initiating the co-ordination procedure Spa2 referred to in No. 639 AJ shall at the same time send to the Board a copy of the request for co-ordination, with the information listed in Appendix 1A and the name(s) of the administration(s) with which co-ordination is sought. The Board shall publish this information in a special section of its weekly circular, together with a reference to the weekly circular in which details of the satellite system were published in accordance with Section 1 of this Article. When the weekly circular contains such information, the Board shall so inform all administrations by circular telegram.

639AM (4) An administration believing that it should have been Spa2 included in the co-ordination procedure under No 639AJ shall have the right to request that it be brought into the co-ordination procedure

6394 No. 3 (1) Before an administration notifies to the Board or brings Spa2 into use any frequency assignment to an earth station, whether for transmitting or receiving in a particular band allocated with equal

rights to space and terrestrial? radiocommunication services in the frequency spectrum above I GHz, it shall effect co-ordination of the assignment with any other administration whose territory lies wholly or partly within the co-ordination area? of the planned earth station. For this purpose it shall send to any other such administration a copy of a diagram drawn to an appropriate scale indicating the location of the earth station and showing the co-ordination areas? of the earth station for the cases of transmission and reception by the earth station and the data or which they are based including all perfinent details of the proposed frequency assignment as listed in Appendix IA, and an indication of the approximate data or which it is planned to begin operations.

639AO (2) An administration with which co-ordination is sought Spa2 under No 639AJ shall acknowledge receipt of the co-ordination data immediately by telegram. If no acknowledgement is received within thirty days after the date of the weekly circular publishing the information under No 639AI, the administration seeking co-ordination shall dispatch a telegram requesting acknowledgement to which the receiving administration shall reply within a further period of thirty days. Upon receipt of the co-ordination data are administration shall having regard to the proposed date of bringing into use of the assignment for which co-ordination was requested

⁶³⁹⁴N 1 Appendix 28 contains criteria relating only to co-ordination between Spa2 earth stations and stations in the fixed or mobile service. Until the CCTR in accordance with Recommendation No Spa2-9 provides criteria relating to other terrestrial radiocommunication services the criteria to be employed in effecting co-ordination between earth stations and terrestrial radiocommunication stations, other than those of the fixed or mobile service shall be agreed between the administrations concerned.

⁶³⁹⁴N 2 ² Calculated, in relation to the fixed or mobile service, in accordance with Spa2 the procedures described in Appendix 28

promptly examine the matter with regard to interference which would be caused to the service rendered by its stations in respect of which co-ordination is sought under No 639AJ, and shall, within ninety days from the date of the relevant weekly circular, notify the administration requesting co-ordination of its agreement. If the administration with which co-ordination is sought does not agree, it shall, within the same period, send to the administration seeking co-ordination the technical details upon which its disagreement is based, and make such suggestions as it may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem. A copy of these comments shall also be sent to the Board

- 639 AP

 (3) An administration with which co-ordination is sought under Spa2

 No 639AN shall acknowledge receipt of the co-ordination data immediately by telegram. If no acknowledgement is received within fifteen days of dispatch of the co-ordination data, the administration seeking co-ordination shall dispatch a telegram requesting acknowledgement, to which the receiving administration shall reply within a further period of fifteen days. Upon receipt of the co-ordination data an administration shall, having regard to the proposed date of bringing into use of the assignment for which co-ordination was requested, promptly examine the matter with regard both to
 - a; interference which would be caused to the service rendered by its terrestrial radiocommunication stations operating in accordance with the Convention and these Regulations, or to be so operated prior to the planned date of bringing the earth station assignment into service, or within the next three years, whichever is the longer, and to

⁶³⁹AO 1 1 The criteria to be employed in evaluating interference levels shall be based Spa2 upon relevant CCTR Recommendations or, in the absence of such Recommendations, shall be agreed between the administrations concerned

⁶³⁹AP 1 2 The criteria to be employed in evaluating interference levels shall be based Spa2 upon relevant CCIR Recommendations or, in the absence of such Recommendations, shall be agreed between the administrations concerned

b) interference which would be caused to reception at the earth station by the service rendered by its terrestrial radiocommunication stations operating in accordance with the Convention and these Regulations, or to be so operated prior to the planned date of bringing the earth station assignment into service, or within the rext three years, whichever is the longer

The administration with which co-ordination is sought shall then, within sixty days from dispatch of the co-ordination data, notify the administration requesting co-ordination of its agreement. If the administration with which co-ordination is sought does not agree it shall, within the same period, send to the administration seeking co-ordination a copy of a diagram drawn to an appropriate scale showing the location of its terrestrial radiocommunication stations which are or will be within the co-ordination area of the earth transmitting or receiving station as appropriate, together with all other relevant basic characteristics and make such suggestions as it may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem

639AQ (4) When the administration with which co-ordination is sought sends to the administration seeking co-ordination the information mentioned in No 639AP, a copy thereof shall also be sent to the Board. The Board shall consider as notifications in accordance with Section I of Article 9, only that information relating to existing terrestrial radiocommunication stations or to those to be brought into use within the next three years.

639AR (5) No co-ordination under No 639AN is required when an Spa2 administration proposes

⁶³⁹AP.1 The criteria to be employed in evaluating interference leve's shall be based

Spa2 upon relevant CCIR Recommendations or, in the absence of such Recommendations, shall be agreed between the administrations concerned

- a) to bring into use an earth station, the co-ordination area of which does not include any of the territory of any other country,
- b) to change the characteristics of an existing assignment in such a way as not to increase the level of interference to or from the terrestrial radiocommunication stations of other administrations.
- cr to operate a mobile earth station. However, if the co-ordination area associated with the operation of such a mobile earth station, in a frequency band referred to in No. 6394N, includes any of the territory of another country, it shall be subject to prior agreement between the administrations concerned in order to avoid harmful interference to existing terrestrial radiocommunication stations of that country. This agreement shall apply to the characteristics of the mobile earth station(s) or to the characteristics of a typical mobile earth station, and shall apply to a specified service area unless otherwise stipulated in the agreement, it shall apply to any mobile earth stations in the specified service area provided that the probability of harmful interference caused by them shall not be greater than that caused by the typical earth station

63945 ≈ 4 (i) An administration seeking co-ordination may request the S_{pa2} Board to endeavour to \approx feet co-ordination in those cases where

 a^+ an adminis ration with which co-ordination is sought ander $N\alpha$ 639AJ fails to acknowledge receipt, under

No 639AO within sixty days after the date of the weekly circular publishing the information relating to the request for co-ordination.

- 6 an administration with which co-premotion is sought under No. 639 (N. foils to acknowledge receipt) under No. 639 (P. within thirty days of disputch of the coordination data.
- (i) an administration has acknowledged receipt under No 639AO but fails to give a decision within ninery days from the date of the relevant weekly circular.
- d) an administration has aconowledged receipt under No. 639AP but fails to give a decision within sixty days from dispatch of the co-ordination data.
- c) there is disagreement between the administration seeking co-ordination and an acministration with which coordination is sought as to the acceptable level of interference.
- f) co-ordination between administrations is not possible for any other reason

In so doing it shall furnish the Board with the necessary information to enable it to endeavour the effect such co-ordination

639AT (2) Either the administration seeking co-ordination or an adminspa2 istration with which co-ordination is sought, or the Board, may request additional information which they may require to assess the level of interference to the services concerned

- 639AU (3) Where the Board receives a request under No 639AS a; Spa2 or b), it shall forthwith send a telegram to the administration concerned requesting immediate acknowledgement
- 639AV (4) Where the Board receives an acknowledgement following Spa2 its action under No 639AU, or where the Board receives a request under No 639AS c) or d), it shall forthwith send a telegram to the administration concerned requesting an early decision in the matter.
- 639AW (5) Where the Board receives a request under No 639AS f),

 Spa2 it shall endeavour to effect co-ordination in accordance with the provisions of Nos 639AJ and 639AN, as appropriate. The Board shall also, where appropriate, act in accordance with No 639AL. Where the Board receives no acknowledgement to its request for co-ordination within the periods specified in No 639AO or 639AP, as appropriate it shall act in accordance with No 639AU.
- 639AX (6) Where an administration fails to reply within thirty days

 Spa2 of dispatch of the Board's telegram requesting an acknowledgement sent under No 639AU, or fails to give a decision in the matter within thirty days of dispatch of the Board's telegram of request under No 639AV, it shall be deemed that the administration with which coordination was sought has undertaken
 - a) that no complaint will be made in respect of any harmful interference which may be caused to the services rendered by its space or terrestrial radiocommunication stations by the use of the assignment for which coordination was requested.
 - b) that its space or terrestrial radiocommunication stations will not cause harmful interference to the use

of the assignment for which co-ordination was requested

- 63941 (7) Where necessary, as part of the procedure under No. 63945

 Spa2 the Board shall assess the level of interference. In any case, the

 Board shall inform the administrations concerned of the results

 obtained
- 639AZ § 5 In the event of continuing disagreement between one Sp22 administration seeking to effect co-ordination and one with which co-ordination has been sought, provided that the assistance of the Board has been requested, the administration seeking co-ordination may after one hundred and fifty days from the date of the request for co-ordination, taking into consideration the provisions of No 639BF send its notice concerning the proposed assignment to the Board

Section III Notification of Frequency Assignments

639BA \$ 6 (1) Any frequency assignment to an earth or space station shall Spa2 be notified to the Board

- a) if the use of the frequency concerned is capable of causing harmful interference to any service of another administration, or
- if the frequency is to be used for international radiocommunications, or
- c) if it is desired to obtain international recognition of the use of the frequency
- 639BB (2) Similar notice shall be given for any frequency to be used for Spa2 the reception of transmissions from earth or space stations by a particular space or earth station in each case where one or more of the conditions specified in No 639BA are applicable

639BC (3) Similar notice may be given for any frequency or frequency space band to be used for reception by a particular radio astronomy station, if it is desired that such data should be included in the Master Register

639BD (4) A notice submitted in accordance with No 639BA or Spa2 639BB and relating to a frequency assignment to mobile earth stations in a satellite system shall include the technical characteristics either of each mobile earth station, or of a typical mobile earth station, and an indication of the service area within which these stations are to be operated

639BE 8.7 For any notification under No. 639BA 639BB, 639BC or Spa2 639BD an individual notice for each frequency assignment shall be drawn up as prescribed in Appendix 1A, the various Sections of which specify the basic characteristics to be furnished according to the case. It is recommended that the notifying administration should also supply the additional data called for in Section A of that Appendix together with such further data as it may consider appropriate.

639BF § 8 (1) For a frequency assignment to an earth or space station, \$pa2 each notice must reach the Board not earlier than three years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use. The notice must reach the Board in any case not later than ninety days a before this date except in the case of assignments in the space research service in bands allocated exclusively to this service or in shared bands in which this service is the sole primary service. In the case of such an assignment in the space research service, the notice should, whenever practicable, reach the Board before the date on which the assignment is brought into use but it must in any case reach the Board not later than thirty days after the date it is actually brought into use

⁶³⁹BF 1 1 The notifying administration shall take this limit into account when decid-Spa2 1 mg where appropriate to initiate the co-ordination procedure(s)

ANN Y ART 941

639BG (2) Any frequency assignment to an earth or space station, the Space notice of which reaches the Board after the applicable period specified in No. 639BF, shall, where it is to be recorded, bear a mark in the Master, Register, to indicate that it is not in conformity with No. 639BF.

Section IV Procedure for the Examination of Notices and the Recording of Frequency Assignments in the Master Register

639BH \$9. Any notice which does not contain at least those basic spaz characteristics specified in Appendix 1A shall be returned by the Board immediately, by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons therefor

639BI § 10 Upon receipt of a complete notice, the Board shall include Spa2—the particulars thereof, with the date of receipt in the weekly circular referred to in No. 497, which shall contain the particulars of all such notices received since the publication of the previous circular.

639BJ § 11 The circular shall constitute the acknowledgement to the Spa2 notifying administration of the receipt of a complete notice

639BK § 12 Complete notices shall be considered by the Board in the Spa2 order of their receipt. The Board shall not postpone the formulation of a finding unless it lacks sufficient data to render a decision in connection therewith, moreover, the Board shall not act upon any notice which has a technical bearing on an earlier notice still under consideration by the Board until it has reached a finding with respect to such earlier notice.

639BL § 13 The Board shall examine each notice Spa2

639BM a) with respect to its conformity with the Convention, the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other pro-

visions of the Radio Regulations (with the exception of those relating to the co-ordination procedures and the probability of harmful interference),

639BN Spa2

 b) where appropriate, with respect to its conformity with the provisions of No 639AJ, relating to the coordination of the use of the frequency assignment with the other administrations concerned vis-a-vis space radiocommunication stations,

639BO Spa2

c) where appropriate, with respect to its conformity with the provisions of No 639AN relating to the co-ordination of the use of the frequency assignment with the other administrations concerned vis-à-vis terrestrial radiocommunication stations.

639BP Spa2

d) where appropriate, with respect to the probability of harmful interference to the service rendered by a space radiocommunication station for which a frequency assignment already recorded in the Master Register is in conformity with the provisions of No 639BM if this frequency assignment has not in fact caused harmful interference to any frequency assignment in conformity with No 639BM previously recorded in the Master Register.

639BQ Spa2

e) where appropriate, with respect to the probability of harmful interference to the service rendered by a terrestrial radiocommunication station for which a frequency assignment already recorded in the Master Register is in conformity with the provisions of No 501 or 570AB, as appropriate, if this frequency assignment has not, in fact, caused harmful interference to any frequency assignment in conformity with No 639BM previously recorded in the Master Register

639BR Sna2 f) where appropriate, with respect to the probability of harmful interference caused to the receiving earth station by a terrestrial radiocommunication station for which a frequency assignment already recorded in the Master Register is in conformity with No 501 or 570AB, as appropriate

639BS & 14 When, following an examination of a notice with respect to No 639BP, the Board reaches an unfavourable finding based upon the probability of harmful interference to a recorded assignment for a space station which the Board has reason to believe may not be in regular use, the Board shall forthwith consult the administration responsible for the registered assignment If it is established, after such consultation and on the basis of the information available, that the recorded assignment has not been in use for two years, it shall not be taken into account for the purposes of the examination in progress or any other further examination under No 639BP conducted before the date on which the assignment is brought back into use. Before the assignment is brought back into use, it shall be subject to further co-ordination in accordance with the provisions of No 639AJ or further examination by the Board with respect to No 639BP, as appropriate. The date on which the assignment is brought back into use shall then be entered in the Master Register

639BT § 15 Depending upon the findings of the Board subsequent to Spa2 the examination prescribed in Nos 639BM, 639BN, 639BO, 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR, as appropriate, further action shall be as follows

639BU § 16. (1) Finding favourable with respect to No 639BM in cases where Spa2 the provisions of Nos 639BN and 639BO are not applicable

639BV (2) The assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register

Spa2 The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be entered in

Column 2d

639BW § 17 (1) Finding unfavourable with respect to No 639BM Spa2

639BX (2) Where the notice includes a specific reference to the fact Spa2 that the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions of No 115 and the finding is favourable with respect to Nos 639BN, 639BO, 639BP 639BQ and 639BR as appropriate, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d.

639BY (3) Where the notice includes a specific reference to the fact that the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions Spa2 of No. 115 and the finding is unfavourable with respect to No. 639BN, 639BO 639BP 639BQ or 639BR as appropriate the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this finding. Should the administration insist upon reconsideration of the notice, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. However, this entry shall be made only if the notifying administration informs, the Board that the assignment has been in use for at least one hundred and twenty days without any complaint of harmful interference having been The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d. The date of receipt by the Board of the advice that no complaint of harmful interference has been received shall be indicated in the Remarks Column.

639BZ (4) The period of one hundred and twenty days mentioned in Spa2 Nos 639BY and 639CP shall court

- from the date when the assignment to the space radiocommunication station which received an unfavourable finding is brought into use, if the assignment to the station which was the basis for the unfavourable finding is then in the
- otherwise from the date when the assignment to the station which was the basis for the unfavourable finding is brought into use

But if the assignment to the station which was the basis for the unfavourable finding has not been brought into use by the notified date, the period of one hundred and twenty days shall be counted from this date. Allowance shall if necessary, be made for the additional period mentioned in No. 639CY.

639CA (5) Where the notice does not include a specific reference to the Spa2 fact that the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions of No. 115 it shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this finding and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to the satisfactory solution of the problem

639CB (6) If the notifying administration resubritis the notice unschanged, it shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of No 639CA. If it is resubmitted with a specific reference to the fact that the station will be operated in accordance with the provisions of No 115, it shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of No 639BX or 639BY as appropriate. If it is resubmitted with modifications which after re-examination, result in a favourable finding by the Board with respect to No 639BM it shall be treated as a new notice.

639CC § 18 (1) Finding favourable with respect to No. 639BM in cases where Spa2—the provisions of No. 639BN or 639BO are applicable.

639CD (2) Where the Board finds that the co-ordination procedures

Spa2 mentioned in No 639BN or 639BO have been successfully completed with all administrations whose space or terrestrial radiocommunication stations may be affected the assignment shall be
recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Board
of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d

- 639CE (3) Where the Board finds that either of the co-ordination procedures mentioned in Nos 639BN and 639BO has not been applied, and the notifying administration requests the Board to effect the required co-ordination, the Board shall take appropriate action and shall inform the administrations concerned of the results obtained. If the Board's efforts are successful, the notice shall be treated in accordance with No 639CD. If the Board's efforts are unsuccessful, the notice shall be examined by the Board with respect to the provisions of Nos 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR, as appropriate.
- 639CF (4) Where the Board finds that either of the co-ordination procedures mentioned in Nos 639BN and 639BO has not been applied, and the notifying administration does not request the Board to effect the required co-ordination, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this action and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to the satisfactory solution of the problem
- 639CG (5) Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice Spu2 and the Board finds that the co-ordination procedures mentioned in Nos 639BN and 639BO have been successfully completed with all administrations whose space or terrestrial radiocommunication stations may be affected, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d. The date of receipt by the Board of the resubmitted notice shall be entered in the Remarks Column.
- 639CH (6) Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice Spa2 with a request that the Board effect the required co-ordination under No 639AJ or 639AN, it shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of No 639CE. However, in any subsequent recording

of the assignment, the date of receipt by the Board of the resubmitted notice shall be entered in the Remarks Column

639CI (7) Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice and states it has been unsuccessful in effecting the co-ordination, the Board shall inform the administrations concerned thereof. The notice shall be examined by the Board with respect to the provisions of Nos 639BP 639BQ and 639BR, as appropriate. However, in any subsequent recording of the assignment, the date of receipt by the Board of the resubmitted notice shall be entered in the Remarks Column.

639CJ § 19 (1) Finding favourable with respect to Nos 639BM, 639BP, Spa2 639BQ and 639BR, as appropriate

- 639CK (2) The assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register

 Spa2 The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be entered in

 Column 2d
- 639CL (3) However, should the examination show that the level of Spa2 the interference noise and the percentage of time during which it is likely to occur have values slightly greater than those used for assessing the probability of harmful interference (extreme propagation conditions, abnormal atmospheric humidity, etc.), a remark shall be included in the Master Register to show that there may be a slight risk of harmful interference and hence additional precautions must be taken in the use of the assignment to avoid harmful interference to assignments already recorded in the Master Register

639CM § 20 (1) Finding favourable with respect to No 639BM but un-Spa2 favourable with respect to No 639BP, 639BQ or 639BR, as appropriate

639CN (2) The notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the Spe2 notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this

finding and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to the satisfactory solution of the problem

639CO (3) Should the notifying administration resubmit the notice Spa2 with modifications which result, after re-examination, in a favourable finding by the Board with respect to Nos 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR, as appropriate, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d. The date of receipt by the Board of the resubmitted notice shall be indicated in the Remarks Column.

639CP (4) Should the notifying administration resubmit the notice, Spa2 either unchanged, or with modifications which decrease the probability of harmful interference, but not sufficiently to permit the provisions of No 639CO to be applied, and should that administration insist upon reconsideration of the notice, but should the Board's finding remain unchanged the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register However, this entry shall be made only if the notifying administration informs the Board that the assignment has been in use for at least one hundred and twenty days without any complaint of harmful interference having been received. The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d. The date of receipt by the Board of the advice that no complaint of harmful interference has been received shall be indicated in the Remarks Column. The period of one hundred and twenty days shall count from the date indicated in No. 639BZ

639CQ § 21 (1) Votices relating to radio astronomy stations 5042

639CR (2) A notice relating to a radio astronomy station shall not spa2 be examined by the Board with respect to Nos 639BN, 639BO, 639BP 639BQ and 639BR Whatever the finding, the assignment

shall be recorded in the Master Register with a date in Column 2c. The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be recorded in the Remarks Column

639CS § 22 (1) Change in the basic characteristics of assignments about Spa2 recorded in the Master Register

639CT (2) A notice of a change in the basic characteristics of an Spa2 assignment already recorded as specified in Appendix 1A (except the name of the station or the name of the locality in which it is situated) shall be examined by the Board according to No 639BM and, where appropriate, Nos 639BN 639BO 639BP 639BQ and 639BR, and the provisions of Nos 639BU to 639CR inclusive shall apply. Where the change should be recorded the original assignment shall be amended according to the notice.

639CU (3) However, in the case of a change in the characteristics of spa2 an assignment which is in conformity with No 639BM should the Board reach a favourable finding with respect to Nos 639BN 639BO 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR where appropriate or find that the changes do not increase the probability of harmful interference to assignments already recorded, the amended assignment shall retain the original date in Column 2d. The date of receipt by the Board of the notice relating to the change shall be entered in the Remarks Column.

639CV § 23 In applying the provisions of this section, any resubmitted Spa2 notice which is received by the Board more than two years after the date of its return by the Board shall be considered as a new notice

639CW § 24 (1) Recording of frequency assignments notified before being Spa2 brought into use

- 639CX (2) If a frequency assignment notified in advance of bringing Spa2 into use has received a favourable finding by the Board with respect to No 639BM and, where appropriate, Nos 639BN, 639BO, 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR, it shall be entered provisionally in the Master Register with a special symbol in the Remarks Column indicating the provisional nature of that entry
- 639CY (3) If, within thirty days after the projected date of bringing Spa2 into use, the Board receives confirmation from the notifying administration of the date of putting into use, the special symbol shall be deleted from the Remarks Column. In the case where the Board, in the light of a request from the notifying administration received before the end of the thirty-day period, finds that exceptional circumstances warrant an extension of this period, the extension shall in no case exceed one hundred and fifty days
- 639CZ (4) In the circumstances described in Nos 639BY and 639CP, spaz and as long as an assignment which received an unfavourable finding cannot be resubmitted as a consequence of the provisions of No 639BZ, the notifying administration may ask the Board to enter the assignment provisionally in the Master Register, in which event a special symbol to denote the provisional nature of the entry shall be entered in the Remarks Column. The Board shall delete this symbol when it receives from the notifying administration, at the end of the period specified in No 639BY or 639CP, as appropriate, the information relating to the absence of complaint of harmful interference.
- 639DA (5) If the Board does not receive this confirmation within the Spa2 period referred to in No 639CY or at the end of the period referred to in No 639CP as appropriate, the entry concerned shall be cancelled. The Board shall advise the administration concerned before taking such action

Section V. Recording of Findings in the Master Register

639DB § 25 In any case where a frequency assignment is recorded in the Spa2 Master Register, the finding reached by the Board shall be indicated

by a symbol in Column 13a. In addition, a remark indicating the reasons for any unfavourable finding shall be inserted in the Remarks Column.

Section VI. Categories of Frequency Assignments

639DC § 26 (1) The date in Column 2c shall be the date of putting into use Spa2 notified by the administration concerned It is given for information only

639DD (2) If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception Spa2 of any space radiocommunication station whose frequency assignment has been recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to Nos 639BM, 639BN, 639BO, 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR, as appropriate, by the use of a frequency assignment to a space radiocommunication station subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of No 639CP, the station using the latter frequency assignment must, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference

639DE (3) If harmful interference to the reception of any station whose spaz assignment is in accordance with No 501, 570AB or 639BM, as appropriate, is actually caused by the use of a frequency assignment which is not in conformity with No 639BM, the station using the latter frequency assignment must, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference

Section VII Review of Findings

639DF § 27 (1) The review of a finding by the Board may be undertaken Spe2

- at the request of the notifying administration,

- at the request of any other administration interested in the question, but only on the grounds of actual harmful interference.
- on the initiative of the Board itself when it considers this is justified
- 639DG (2) The Board, in the light of all the data at its disposal shall review the matter, taking into account No 639BM and, where appropriate, Nos 639BN, 639BO, 639BP 639BQ and 639BR and shall render an appropriate finding informing the notifying administration prior either to the promulgation of its finding or to any recording action
- 639DH § 28 (1) After actual use for a reasonable period of an assignment Spa2 which has been entered in the Master Register on the insistence of the notifying administration following an unfavourable finding with respect to No 639BP 639BQ or 639BR this administration may request the Board to review the finding. Thereupon, the Board shall review the matter having first consulted the administrations concerned.
- 639D1 (2) If the finding of the Board is then favourable it shall enter Spa2 in the Master Register the changes that are required so that the entry shall appear in the future as it the original finding had been favourable.
- 639DJ (3) If the finding with regard to the probability of harmful Spa2 interference remains uniavourable no change shall be made in the original entry

Section VIII Modification, Cancellation and Review of Entries in the Master Register

639DK 8/29 (1) Where the use of a recorded assignment to a space station Spa2—is suspended for a period of eighteen months, the notifying administration shall, within this eighteen-month period inform the Board

of the date on which such use was suspended and of the date on which the assignment is to be brought back into regular use

- 639DL (2) Whenever it appears to the Board whether or not as a result of action under No 639Dk that a recorded assignment to a space station has not been in regular use for more than eighteen months, the Board shall inquire of the notifying administration as to when the assignment is to be brought back into regular use
- 639DM (3) If no reply is received within six months of action by the Spa2 Board under No 639DL, or if the reply does not confirm that the assignment to a space station is to be brought back into regular use within this six-month limit a mark shall be applied against the entry in the Master Register. Thereafter the assignment shall be treated in accordance with No 639BS as one which has been established as having been out of regular use for two years.
- 639DN § 30 In case of permanent discontinuance of the use of any spa2 recorded frequency assignment the notifying administration shall inform the Board within ninety days of such discontinuance, whereupon the entry shall be removed from the Master Register
- 639DO § 31 Whenever it appears to the Board from the information spaze available that a recorded assignment has not been brought into regular operation in accordance with the notified basic characteristics, or is not being used in accordance with those basic characteristics, the Board shall consult the notifying administration and, subject to its agreement, shall either cancel or suitably modify the entry
- 639DP § 32 If, in connection with an inquiry by the Board under Spa2 No 639DO the notifying administration has failed to supply the

Board within forty-five days with the necessary or pertinent information, the Board shall make suitable entries in the Remarks Column of the Master Register to indicate the situation

Section IX. Studies and Recommendations

639DQ § 33 (1) If it is requested by any administration, and if the circumspa2 stances appear to warrant, the Board, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall conduct a study of cases of alleged contravention or non-observance of these Regulations, or of harmful interference

639DR (2) The Board shall thereupon prepare and forward to the Spa2 administration concerned a report containing its findings and recommendations for the solution of the problem

639DS § 34 In a case where, as a result of a study, the Board submits to Spa2 one or more administrations suggestions or recommendations for the solution of a problem, and where no answer has been received from one or more of these administrations within a period of ninety days, the Board shall consider that the suggestions or recommendations concerned are unacceptable to the administrations which did not answer If it was the requesting administration which failed to answer within this period, the Board shall close the study

Section X Miscellaneous Provisions

639DT § 35 (1) If it is requested by any administration, particularly by an Spa2 administration of a country in need of special assistance, and if the circumstances appear to warrant, the Board, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall render the following assistance

 a₁ computation of the increases in noise temperatures in accordance with No 639AK

- bi preparation of diagrams showing the co-ordination areas as in No 639AN
- c) any other assistance of a technical nature for completion of the procedures in this Article
- 639DU (2) In making a request to the Board under No 639DT, the Spa2 administration shall furnish the Board with the necessary information
- 639DV § 36 The technical standards of the Board shall be based upon Spa2 the relevant provisions of these Regulations and the Appendices thereto, the decisions of Administrative Conferences of the Union, as appropriate, the Recommendations of the CCIR, the state of the radio art and the development of new transmission techniques
- 639DW § 37 The Board shall promulgate to administrations its findings Spa2 and reasons therefor, together with all changes made to the Master Register, through the weekly circular referred to in No. 497
- 639DX § 38 In case a Member or Associate Memoer of the Union avails

 Spa2 itself of the provisions of Article 28 of the Convention, the Board
 shall, upon request, make its records available for such proceedings
 as are prescribed in the Convention for the settlement of international
 disputes

Revision of Article 14 of the Radio Regulations

Article 14 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace Regulation No. 695 by the following new text

MOD 695 § 3 In order to avoid interference Spa2

- locations of transmitting stations and, where the nature of the service permits locations of receiving stations shall be selected with particular care.
- -- radiation in and reception from unnecessary directions shall be minimized, where the nature of the service permits by taking the maximum practical advantage of the properties of directional antennae.
- the choice and use of transmitters and receivers shall be in accordance with the provisions of Article 12,
- the conditions specified under No 470V shall be fulfilled

Revision of Article 15 of the Radio Regulations

Article 15 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace Regulation No 717 by the following new text

MOD 717 Soa2 (2) In such a case, the administration concerned may also request the Board to act in accordance with the provisions of Sections VII and VIII of Article 9 and Sections IX and X of Article 94 but it shall then supply the Board with the full facts of the case including all the technical and operational details and copies of the correspondence

Revision of Article 27 of the Radio Regulations

Article 27 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace Nos 951 and 952 by the following new texts

MOD 951 Spa 2 § 3 (1) Stations on board aircraft may communicate with stations of the maritime mobile or maritime mobile-satellite services. They shall conform to those provisions of these Regulations which relate to these services.

MOD 952 Spa2 (2) For this purpose stations on board aircraft should use the frequencies allocated to the maritime mobile or maritime mobile-satellite services. However, having regard to interference which may be caused by aircraft stations at high altitudes, maritime mobile frequencies in the bands above 30 MHz shall not be used by aircraft stations in any specific area without the prior agreement of all the administrations of the area in which interference is likely to be caused. In particular, aircraft stations operating in Region I should not use frequencies in the bands above 30 MHz allocated to the maritime mobile service by virtue of any agreement between administrations in that Region.

Revision of Article 41 of the Radio Regulations

Article 41 of the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

After Regulation No. 1567, add the following new Regulation

ADD 1567A § 6 Space stations in the amateur-satellite service operating in bands shared with other services shall be fitted with appropriate devices for controlling emissions in the event that harmful interference is reported in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 15. Administrations authorizing such space stations shall inform the I.F.R.B., and shall insure that sufficient earth command stations are established before launch to guarantee that any harmful interference that might be reported can be terminated by the authorizing Administration (see No. 470V).

Revision of Appendix 1 to the Radio Regulations

Appendix 1 to the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Section A. Basic Characteristics to be furnished for Notification under No. 486 of the Regulations

Replace the paragraph * Supplementary information** by the following

MOD Spa2 Supplementary information

- a) reference frequency, if any, and any co-ordination required by No 492A,
- b) the name of any administration with which an agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations and the contents of such agreement

Section B Basic Characteristics to be furnished for Notification under No. 487 of the Regulations

Replace the paragraph. Supplementary information by the following

MOD Spa2 Supplementary information

- a, any co-ordination required by No 492A,
- b) the name of any administration with which an agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations and the contents of such agreement

ANN 13 (APP 1)

Section C. Basic Characteristics to be furnished for Notification under No. 490 of the Regulations

Replace the paragraph. Supplementary information" by the following

MOD Spa2 Supplementary information

- a) any co-ordination required by No 4924
- b) the name of any administration with which an agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations and the contents of such agreement

Revision of Appendix 1A to the Radio Regulations

Appendix 1A to the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

The entire Appendix 1A is replaced by the following new text

MOD Spa2

APPENDIX IA

Notices relating to Space Radiocommunication and Radio Astronomy Stations (See Article 9A)

Section A General Instructions

- 1 A separate notice shall be sent to the International Frequency Registration Board for notifying
 - each new frequency assignment,
 - any change in the characteristics of a frequency assignment recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (hereinafter called the Master Register),
 - any total deletion of a frequency assignment recorded in the Master Register
- When submitting notices under No 639BA for earth and space transmitting assignments and under No 639BB for space and earth receiving assignments, separate notices shall be submitted to the Board for each assignment to an earth or space station. In the case of a passive satellite system only earth transmitting and receiving assignments shall be notified.
- In the case of a satellite system employing multiple space stations with the same general characteristics, a separate notice shall be submitted for each space station.

- when it is aboard a geostationary satellite, or
- when it is aboard a non-geostationary satellite except when a number of satellites have the same radio frequency characteristics and orbital characteristics (excluding the ascending node position). In the latter case, one notice covering all such space stations may be submitted.
- 4 The following basic information shall be shown on the notice
 - a) the serial number of the notice and the date on which the notice is sent to the Board,
 - b) the name of the notifying administration,
 - c) sufficient data to identify the particular satellite network in which the earth or space station will operate
 - d) whether the notice reflects
 - 1) the first use of a frequency by a station,
 - a change in the characteristics of a frequency assignment recorded in the Master Register (indicate whether the change is a replacement addition or deletion of existing characteristics), or
 - a deletion of an assignment in all of its notified characteristics.
 - e) reference to the IFRB weekly circular providing the advance publication information required in accordance with No 639AA,
 - f; basic characteristics as outlined in Section B, C D E or F as appropriate,
 - g) any other information which the administration considers to be relevant, e.g., any factors taken into account when applying Appendix 28 for determination of the co-ordination area and also any indication that the assignment concerned would be operating

in accordance with No. 115, information concerning the use of the notified frequency if such use is restricted, or, in the case of notices pertaining to space stations, if the transmissions of the station are to be permanently switched off after a certain period

Section B Basic Characteristics to be furnished in Notices relating to Frequencies used by earth Stations for Transmitting

Item I Assigned frequency

Indicate the assigned frequency as defined in Article 1, in kHz up to 30000 kHz inclusive, and in MHz above 30000 kHz (see No 85)

Item 2 Assigned frequency band

Indicate the bandwidth of the assigned frequency band in kHz (see No 89)

Item 3 Date of bringing into use

- a) In the case of a new assignment, indicate the date (actual or foreseen as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment into use
- b) Whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics, as shown in this Section (except in the case of a change in Item 4 a_i) the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen, as appropriate)

Item 4 Identity and location of the transmitting earth station

- a) Indicate the name by which the station is known or the name of the locality in which it is situated
- b) Indicate the country in which the station is located. Symbols from the Preface to the International Frequency List should be used.
- c) Indicate the geographical co-ordinates (in degrees and minutes) of the transmitter site

Item 5 Station(s) with which communication is to be established

Identify the associated receiving space station(s) by reference to the notification thereof or in any other appropriate manner, or, in the case of a passive satellite, the identity of the satellite and the location of the associated receiving earth station(s)

Item 6 Class of station and nature of service

Indicate the class of station and nature of service performed, using the symbols shown in Appendix 10

Item 7 Class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of trans-

In accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 5

- a) indicate the class of emission
- b) 1 indicate the carrier frequency or frequencies of the emission(s).
- c) 1 indicate for each carrier, the class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of transmission

Item 8 Power characteristics of the transmission

- aj^{-1} Indicate for each carrier, the peak power supplied to the input of the antenna
- b) Indicate the total peak power and the maximum power density per Hz supplied to the input of the antenna averaged over the worst 4 kHz band for carriers below 15 GHz, or averaged over the worst 1 MHz band for carriers above 15 GHz

¹ This information need only be furnished when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration

Item 9 Transmitting antenna characteristics

- a; Indicate the isotropic gain (dB) of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation (see No. 100)
- b) Indicate the beamwidth in degrees between the half power points (describe in detail if not symmetrical)
- c) Either attach the measured radiation diagram of the antenna (taking as a reference the direction of maximum radiation) or indicate the reference radiation diagram to be used for co-ordination.
- d_I Indicate graphically the horizon elevation angle for each azimuth around the earth station
- e) Indicate in degrees from the horizontal plane the planned minimum operating angle of elevation of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation
- f, Indicate in degrees, clockwise from true north, the planned range of operating azimuthal angles for the direction of maximum radiation
- g/ℓ Indicate the type of polarization of the transmitted wave in the direction of maximum radiation, also indicate the sense in the case of circular polarization and the plane in the case of linear polarization
- hi Indicate the aftitude (metres) of the antenna above mean sea level

Item 101 Modulation characteristics

For each carrier according to the nature of the signal modulating the carrier and the type of modulation, indicate the following characteristics

¹ This information need only be furnished when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration

- a) carrier frequency modulated by a frequency-division multichannel telephony baseband (FDM-FM) or by a signal that can be represented by a multichannel telephony baseband indicate the lowest and highest frequencies of the baseband and the r m s frequency deviation of the test tone as a function of baseband frequency,
- b) carrier frequency modulated by a television signal indicate the standard of the television signal (including, where appropriate, the standard used for colour), the frequency deviation for the reference frequency of the pre-emphasis characteristic and the pre-emphasis characteristic itself. Also indicate, where applicable, the characteristics of the multiplexing of the video signal with the sound signal(s) or other signals.
- c) carrier phase-shift modulated by a pulse code modulation signal (PCM PSK) indicate the bit rate and the number of phases.
- d) amplitude modulated carrier (including single sideband) indicate as precisely as possible the nature of the modulating signal and the kind of amplitude modulation used,
- e) for all other types of modulation, provide such particulars as may be useful for an interference study.
- f) for any type of modulation as applicable, indicate the characteristics of energy dispersal

Item 11 Maximum hours of operation

Indicate in GMT the maximum hours of operation on the frequency of each carrier

Item 12 Co-ordination

Give the name of any administration with which the use of this frequency has been successfully co-ordinated in accordance

with Nos 639AJ and 639AN and, if appropriate, the name of any administration with which co-ordination has been sought but not effected

Item 13 Agreements

Give, if appropriate, the name of any administration with which agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations, and the contents of such agreement

Item 14 Operating administration or company

Give the name of the operating administration or company and the postal and telegraphic address of the administration to which communications should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of stations (see Article 15)

Section C. Basic Characteristics to be furnished in Notices relating to Frequencies to be received by Earth Stations

Item 1 Assigned frequency

Indicate the assigned frequency of the emission to be received, as defined in Article 1. in kHz up to 30 000 kHz inclusive, and in MHz above 30 000 kHz (see No 85)

Item 2 Assigned frequency band

Indicate the bandwidth of the assigned frequency band in kHz (see No 89)

Item 3 Date of bringing into use

a: In the case of a new assignment, indicate the date (actual or toreseen, as appropriate) when reception of the assigned frequency begins

b) Whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics, as shown in this Section (except in the case of a change in Item $4\,a_J$) the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen, as appropriate)

Item 4 Identity and location of the receiving earth station

- a) Indicate the name by which the receiving earth station is known or the name of the locality in which it is situated
- b) Indicate the country in which the receiving earth station is located. Symbols from the Preface to the International Frequency List should be used.
- c) Indicate the geographical co-ordinates (in degrees and minutes) of the receiver site

Item 5 Station(s) with which communication is to be established

Identify the associated transmitting space station(s) by reference to the notification thereof or in any other appropriate manner, or in the case of a passive satellite, the identity of the satellite and the associated transmitting earth station(s)

Item 6 Class of station and nature of service

Indicate the class of station and nature of service performed, using the symbols shown in Appendix 10

Item 7 Class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of the transmission to be received

In accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 5

a) indicate the class of emission of the transmission to be received,

- b, 1 indicate the carrier frequency or frequencies of the transmission to be received.
- c) 1 indicate, for each carrier to be received, the class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of the transmission

Item 8 Earth station receiving antenna characteristics

- a) Indicate the isotropic gain (dB) of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation (see No 100)
- b) Indicate the beamwidth in degrees between the half power points (describe in detail if not symmetrical)
- c) Either attach the measured radiation diagram of the antenna (taking as a reference the direction of maximum radiation) or indicate the reference radiation diagram to be used for coordination
- d) Indicate graphically the Forizon elevation angle for each azimuth around the earth station
- e) Indicate in degrees from the horizontal plane the planned minimum operating angle of elevation of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation
- f_i Indicate in degrees clockwise from True North, the planned range of operating azimuthal angles for the direction of maximum radiation
- g_{i} Indicate the antitude (metres) of the antenna above mean sea level

Item 9 Noise temperature

Indicate the lowest equivalent satellite link noise temperature in kelvins (see No 103A) under quiet sky conditions." This

³ This information need only be consisted when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration

value shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation when the associated transmitting station is aboard a geostationary satellite and in other cases for the minimum value of angle of elevation

Item 10 Maximum hours of reception

Indicate in G M T the maximum hours of reception of the frequency of each carrier

Item II Co-ordination

Give the name of any administration with which the use of this frequency has been successfully co-ordinated in accordance with Nos 639AJ and 639AN and, if appropriate, the name of any administration with which co-ordination has been sought but not effected

Item 12 Agreements

Give also, if appropriate, the name of any administration with which agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations, and the contents of such agreement

Item 13 Operating administration or company

Give the name of the operating administration or company and the postal and telegraphic addresses of the administration to which communications should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference and questions referring to the technical operation of stations (see Article 15)

Section D Basic Characteristics to be furnished in Notices relating to Frequencies used by Space Stations for Transmitting

Item I Assigned frequency

Indicate the assigned frequency as defined in Article 1, in kHz up to 30 000 kHz inclusive, and in MHz above 30 000 kHz (see

No 85) At least one separate assignment notice should be made out for each antenna radiation beam

Item 2 Assigned frequency band

Indicate the bandwidth of the assigned frequency band in kHz (see No 89)

Item 3 Date of bringing into use

- a) In the case of a new assignment, indicate the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment into use
- b) Whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics as shown in this Section (except in the case of a change in Item 4), the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen as appropriate)

Item 4 Identity of the space station(s)

Indicate the identity of the space station(s)

Item 5 Orbital information

- a; In the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite indicate the nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary satellite orbit and the longitudinal and inclination tolerances. Indicate also
- the arc of the geostationary satellite orbit over which the space station is visible, at a minimum angle of elevation of 10° at the Earth's surface, from its associated earth stations or service areas, and
- the arc of the geostationary satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas, and

3) in the event that the arc defined in paragraph 2) above is less than the arc defined in paragraph 1) above provide the reasons therefor

Note The arcs specified in 1) and 2) will be indicated by the geographical longitude of the extremes of these arcs on the geostationary satellite orbit

b) In the case of space station(s) aboard non-geostationary satellite(s) indicate the angle of inclination of the orbit the period, the altitudes in kilometres of the apogee and perigee of the space station(s) and the number of satellites used

Item 6 Service area

Indicate the service area or areas on the Earth or the name of the locality and country in which the associated receiving station(s) is (are) located

Item 7 Class of station and nature of service

Indicate the class of station and nature of service performed, using the symbols shown in Appendix 10

Item 8 Class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of transmission

In accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 5

- a, indicate the class of emission of the transmission,
- b) 1 indicate the carrier frequency or frequencies of the transmission.
- c) 1 indicate, for each carrier, the class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of transmission

¹ This information need only be furnished when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration

Item 9 Power characteristics of the transmission

- a) Indicate for each carrier the peak power supplied to the input of the antenna.
- b) Indicate the total peak power and the maximum power density per Hz at the input of the antenna averaged over the worst 4 kHz band for carriers below 15 GHz or averaged over the worst 1 MHz band for carriers above 15 GHz

Item 10 Space station transmitting antenna characteristics

For each service area

- a) in the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite, indicate the gain of the space station transmitting antenna by means of gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface. The isotropic gain at each contour which corresponds to a gain of 2, 4, 6, 10 and 20 dB and at 10 dB intervals thereafter as necessary, below the maximum gain, shall be indicated,
- h, in the case of a space station aboard a non-geostationary satellife indicate the isotropic gain of the space station transmitting antenna in the main direction of radiation and indicate the antenna radiation pattern in those directions which can intersect with the Earth's surface taking the gain in the main direction of radiation as a reference,
- c) 1 indicate the type of polarization of the antenna, the sense in the case of circular polarization and the plane in the case of linear polarization, also indicate the worst case axial ratio in the half power beam.
- d_j for a geostationary satellite indicate the pointing accuracy of the antenna

¹ This information need only be furr shed when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with ano her administration

Item 111 Modulation characteristics

For each carrier, according to the nature of the signal modularing the carrier and the type of modulation indicate the following characteristics

- a) carrier frequency modulated by a frequency-division multichannel telephony baseband (FDM-FM) or by a signal that can be represented by a multichannel telephony baseband indicate the lowest and highest frequencies of the baseband and the r m s frequency deviation of the test tone as a function of baseband frequency,
- b) carrier frequency modulated by a television signal indicate the standard of the television signal (including where appropriate, the standard used for colour), the frequency deviation for the reference frequency of the pre-emphasis characteristic and the pre-emphasis characteristic itself. Also indicate, where applicable, the characteristics of the multiplexing of the video signal with the sound signal(s) or other signals,
- c) carrier phase-shift-modulated by a pulse code modulation signal (PCM·PSK) indicate the bit rate and the number of phases,
- dj amplitude modulated carrier (including single sideband) indicate as precisely as possible the nature of the modulating signal and the kind of amplitude modulation used.
- e) for all other types of modulation, provide such particulars as may be useful for an interference study,
- f) for any type of modulation as applicable, indicate the characteristics of energy dispersal

¹ This information need only be furnished when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration.

Item 12 Maximum hours of operation

Indicate in GMT the maximum hours of operation on the frequency of each carrier

Item 13 Co-ordination

Give the name of any administration or group of administrations with which the use of the satellite network to which the space station belongs has been successfully co-ordinated in accordance with No 639AJ.

Item 14 Agreements

Give also, if appropriate, the name of any administration with which agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations and the contents of such agreement

Item 15 Operating administration or company

Give the name of the operating administration or company and the postal and telegraphic addresses of the administration to which communications should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of stations (see Article 15)

Section E. Basic Characteristics to be furnished in Notices relating to Frequencies to be received by Space Stations

Item 1 Assigned frequency

Indicate the assigned frequency of the emission to be received, as defined in Article 1, in kHz up to 30 000 kHz inclusive, and in MHz above 30 000 kHz (see No 85). At least one separate assignment notice should be made out for each antenna radiation beam.

Item 2 Assigned frequency band

Indicate the bandwidth of the assigned frequency band in kHz (see No 89)

Item 3 Date of bringing into use

- a) In the case of a new assignment, indicate the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) when reception of the assigned frequency begins
- b) Whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics, as shown in this Section (except in the case of a change in Item 4, the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen, as appropriate)

Item 4 Identity of the receiving space station(s)

Indicate the identity of the receiving space station(s)

Item 5 Orbital information

- a) In the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite, indicate the planned nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary satellite orbit and the planned longitudinal and inclination tolerances. Indicate also
 - the arc of the geostationary satellite orbit over which the space station is visible, at a minimum angle of elevation of 10° at the Earth's surface, from its associated earth stations or service areas, and
 - the arc of the geostationary satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas, and
 - 3) in the event that the arc defined in paragraph 2) above is less than the arc defined in paragraph 1) above, provide the reasons therefor

Note The arcs specified in 1) and 2) will be indicated by the geographical longitude of the extremes of these arcs on the geostationary satellite orbit

b) In the case of space station(s) aboard non-geostationary satellite(s), indicate the angle of inclination of the orbit, the period, the altitudes in kilometres of the apogee and perigee of the space station(s) and the number of satellites used

Item 6 Associated transmitting earth station(s)

Identify the associated transmitting earth station(s) by reference to the notification thereof or in any other appropriate manner

Item 7 Class of station and nature of service

Indicate the class of station and nature of service performed, using the symbols shown in Appendix 10

Item 8 Class of emission, necessary bandwidth and description of the transmission(s) to be received

In accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 5

- a) indicate the class of emission of the transmission(s) to be received.
- b) indicate the carrier frequency or frequencies of the transmission(s) to be received,
- indicate for each carrier to be received, the class of emission necessary bandwidth and description of the transmission(s) to be received

¹This information need only be furnished when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration

Item 9 Space station receiving antenna characteristics

For each receiving beam

- a) in the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite, indicate the gain of the space station receiving antenna by means of gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface. The isotropic gain at each contour which corresponds to a gain of 2, 4, 6, 10 and 20 dB and at 10 dB intervals thereafter as necessary, below the maximum gain, shall be indicated,
- b) in the case of a space station aboard a non-geostationary satellite, indicate the isotropic gain of the space station receiving antenna in the main direction of radiation and indicate the antenna radiation pattern in those directions which can intersect with the Earth's surface, taking the gain in the main direction of radiation as a reference
- c) 1 indicate the type of polarization of the antenna the sense in the case of circular polarization, and the plane in the case of linear polarization, also indicate the worst case axial ratio in the half power beam,
- d) indicate, for a geostationary satellite, the pointing accuracy of the antenna

Item 10 Noise temperature

Indicate the total receiving system noise temperature (in kelvins) at the input of the space station receiver

Item 11 Maximum hours of reception

Indicate in GMT the maximum hours of reception of the frequency of each carrier

¹ This information need only be furnished when such information has been used as a basis to effect co-ordination with another administration

Item 12 Co-ordination

Give the name of any administration or group of administrations with which the use of the satellite network to which the space station belongs has been successfully co-ordinated in accordance with No. 639A.I

Item 13 Agreements

Give also, if appropriate, the name of any administration with which agreement has been effected to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations and the contents of such agreement

Item 14 Operating administration or company

Give the name of the operating administration or company and the postal and telegraphic addresses of the administration to which communications should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference and questions referring to the technical operation of stations (see Article 15)

Section F. Basic Characteristics to be furnished in Notices relating to Frequencies to be received by Radio Astronomy Stations

Item 1 Observed frequency

Indicate the centre of the frequency band observed, in kHz up to 30 000 kHz inclusive, and in MHz above 30 000 kHz

Item 2 Date of bringing into use

- a) Indicate the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) when reception of the frequency band begins
- b) Whenever there is a change in any of the basic characteristics, as shown in this Section (except in the case of a change in Item 3h), the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen, as appropriate)

Item 3 Name and location of the station

- a) Indicate the letters "RA"
- b; Indicate the name by which the station is known or the name of the locality in which it is situated or both
- c) Indicate the country in which the station is located. Symbols from the Preface to the International Frequency List should be used.
- dj Indicate the geographical co-ordinates (in degrees and minutes) of the station site

Item 4 Bandwidth

Indicate the width of the frequency band (in kHz) observed by the station

Item 5 Antenna characteristics

Indicate the antenna type and dimensions effective area and angular coverage in azimuth and elevation

Item 6 Maximum hours of reception

Indicate in GMT the maximum hours of reception of the frequency band shown in Item 4

Item 7 Noise temperature

Indicate the over-all receiving system noise temperature (in kelvins)

Item 8 Class of observations

Indicate the class of observations to be taken on the frequency band shown in Item 4 Class A observations are those in which the sensitivity of the equipment is not a primary factor Class B

observations are those of such a nature that they can be made only with advanced low-noise receivers using the best techniques

Item 9 Operating administration or company

Indicate the identity of the operating administration or company and the postal and telegraphic addresses of the administration to which communication should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference and questions referring to the technical operation of stations (see Article 15)

Fig. The $-\kappa$ is \pm size of the notice is a unitter for individual administrations

Section (, Form of Notice (Earth Station)

Form of Notice (1)

for use when notifying to the International Frequency Registration Board a Frequency Assignment of a Change to an Assignment recorded in the Mister International Frequency Register (See Article 93).

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к п				ion of company	1	1.) This information need only be furnished when such information has been used a birst to effect secondination with another administration. (2) NOTE for informal distress Re(R), 9c(F), and birst a elevation angle thingram. Bd(R), 9d(F), attach the relevant information to this form. (g) Other information.											

Section it Form of Police (Space Station)

Form of Notice (1)

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ANNEX 15

Addition of a new Appendix (Appendix 1B) to the Radio Regulations

The following new Appendix 1A shall be added to the Radio Regulations after Appendix 1A

ADD Spa2

APPENDIX 1B

Advance Publication Information to be furnished for a Satellite Network

(see Article 9A)

Section A. General Instructions

- Item 1 Information shall be provided separately for each satellite network
- Item 2 Information to be furnished for each satellite network shall include general characteristics (Section B), and, as applicable, characteristics in the Earth-to-space direction (Section C), characteristics in the space-to-Earth direction (Section D), and characteristics for space-to-space relay (Section E)

Section B General Characteristics to be furnished for a Satellite Network

Item 1 Identity of the satellite network

Clearly identify the satellite network and, if applicable, identify the satellite system of which it will form a part

Item 2 Date of bringing into use

Indicate the date by which the satellite network is expected to be brought initially into use

Item 3 Administration or group of administrations submitting the advance information

Give the name of the administration or the names of the administrations in the group submitting the advance information on the satellite network and the postal and telegraphic addresses of the administration(s) to which any communication should be sent

Item 4 Orbital information relating to the space station(s)

- a) In the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite, give the planned nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary satellite orbit and the planned longitudinal and inclination tolerances. Indicate also
 - the arc of the geostationary satellite orbit over which the space station is visible at a minimum angle of elevation of 10° at the Earth's surface from its associated earth stations or service areas.
 - the arc of the geostationary satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas, and
 - 3) in the event that the arc defined in paragraph 2) above is less than the arc defined in paragraph 1) above, provide the reasons therefor.
 - Vote The arcs specified in 1) and 2) will be indicated by the geographical longitude of the extremes of these arcs on the geostationary satellite orbit
- b) In the case of space station(s) aboard non-geostationary satellite(s), indicate the angle of inclination of the orbit, the period, the alittudes in kilometres of the apogee and perigee

of the space station(s) and the number of satellites used having the same characteristics

Section C. Characteristics of the Satellite Network in the Earth-to-Space direction

Item I Earth-to-space service area(s)

Indicate the service area(s) on the Earth associated with each receiving antenna of the space station

Item 2 Class of stations and nature of service

For each Earth-to-space service area, indicate the class of the stations in the satellite network and the nature of the service to be performed, using the symbols shown in Appendix 10

Item 3 Frequency range

For each Earth-to-space service area indicate the frequency range within which the carriers will be located

Item 4 Power characteristics of the transmitted wave

- a) For each Earth-to-space service area indicate the maximum spectral power density (WiHz) to be delivered to the antenna of the transmitting earth stations (the bandwidth over which this is averaged depends on the nature of the service concerned)
- b) If available, indicate, for each Earth-to-space service area, the actual radiation pattern (relative to isotropic) of the transmitting earth station antenna having the highest offbeam equivalent isotropically radiated spectral power density

Item 5 Characterisites of space station receiving antennae

For each Earth-to-space service area

- a) in the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite, indicate the estimated gain of the space station receiving antenna by means of gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface; the isotropic gain at each contour which corresponds to a gain of 2, 4, 6, 10 and 20 dB and at 10 dB intervals thereafter as necessary, below the maximum gain, shall be indicated.
- b; in the case of a space station aboard a non-geostationary satellite, indicate the estimated isotropic gain of the space station receiving antenna in the main direction of reception and indicate the antenna radiation pattern in those directions which can intersect with the Earth's surface, taking the gain in the main direction of radiation as a reference

Item 6 Noise temperature of the receiving space station

For each Earth-to-space service area, when other than a simple frequency changing transponder is used aboard the space station indicate the lowest total receiving system noise temperature

Section D Characteristics of the Satellite Network in the Space-to-Earth Direction

Item 1 Space-to-Earth service area(s)

Indicate the service area(s) on the Earth associated with each transmitting antenna of the space station

Item 2 Class of stations and nature of service

For each space-to-Earth service area, indicate the class of the stations in the satellite network and the nature of the service to be performed, using the symbols shown in Appendix 10

Item 3 Frequency range

For each space-to-Earth service area indicate the frequency range within which the carriers will be located

Item 4 Power characteristics of the transmission

For each space-to-Earth service area, indicate the maximum spectral power density (W/Hz) to be delivered to the transmitting antenna of the space station (the bandwidth over which this is averaged depends on the nature of the service concerned)

Item 5 Characteristics of space station transmitting antennae

For each space-to-Earth service area

- at in the case of a space station aboard a geostationary satellite indicate the estimated gain of the space station transmitting antenna by means of gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface, the isotropic gain at each contour which corresponds to a gain of 2, 4, 6, 10 and 20 dB and at 10 dB intervals thereafter as necessary, below the maximum gain shall be indicated.
- b) in the case of space station aboard a non-geostationary satellite, indicate the estimated isotropic gain of the space station transmitting antenna in the main direction of transmission and indicate the antenna radiation pattern in those directions which can intersect with the Earth's surface, taking the gain in the main direction of transmission as a reference

Item 6 Characteristics of receiving earth stations

a) For each space-to-Earth service area, when other than a simple frequency changing transponder is used aboard the space station, indicate the lowest total receiving system noise temperature of the earth stations

For each space-to-Earth service area and for each projected usage 1, when simple frequency changing transponders are used on the space station, indicate the lowest equivalent satellite link noise temperature and the associated value of transmission gain evaluated from the output of the receiving antenna of the space station to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station. For each projected usage, indicate also the receiving antenna(e) of the space station to which each simple frequency changing transponder will be connected.

b) If available, indicate for each space-to-Earth service area the actual radiation pattern (relative to isotropic) of the receiving earth station antenna having the highest off beam level. When simple frequency changing transponders are used on the space station indicate also if available, the pattern associated with each equivalent satellite link noise temperature indicated above.

Section E. Characteristics to be furnished for Space-to-Space Relay

Where the satellite network is connected to one or more satellite networks by means of space-to-space relay, indicate the following

- a) identity or identities of the other satellite network(s) to which the satellite network is connected.
- b) transmit and receive frequency bands,
- c) classes of emission,
- d₁ nominal equivalent isotropically radiated power(s) on the beam axis

¹ A different usage will be considered to take place when different types of earners are employed idifferent by a time of maximum power spectral density) or when different types of receiving earth stations are employed (different by virtue of receiving antenna gain)

ANNEX 16

Revision of Appendix 9 to the Radio Regulations

Appendix 9 to the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Replace the title of Appendix 9 by the following

APPENDIX 9

MOD Spa2

Service Documents

(See Articles 8 9 9A 10 and 20)

List I. International Frequency List

TIAS

Replace footnotes 1 to 8 by the following (footnotes 3 and 5 are unchanged)

MOD Spa2 1 in the case of television broadcasting stations in Region 1, the frequency in this column is that of the sound and vision carriers (See Appendix 1 to the Radio Regulations) See Nos 607 and 608 of the Radio Regulations A symbol instead of a date indicates an assignment notified pursuant to No. 272 of the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference Agreement (Geneva 1951) or in the frequency bands shove 27 500 kHz on assignment for which the notice was received by the LL R B before 1st April 1982 See Appendix I to the Radio Regulation See Appele Section II and Article 9A Section IV of the Radio Regular Se Nos 516, 517, 621, 622, 639B5, 639DM, 639DO and 639DP of the Radio Regulations Including dates referred to in Section II of Article 9 and Section IV of Article 9A of the Rudio Regulations

Replace the title of List VIIIA by the following

MOD Spa2

List VIIIA. List of Space Radiocommunication Stations and Radio Astronomy Stations 1

Replace the title of Section 1 by the following

MOD Spa2

1 - Earth stations in the fixed-satellite service

Replace the column heads of Section 1 by the following

MOD Spi

ન	ي			Trans	MISSIO	n]		Rece	ption	_		2		Remarks
of the locality in which	the transmitter site	Telecommand where appropriate Communications Telemeter ag			Track.ng			COMMUNICATION IS		Special channeling in tangements for						
Name by which the station is known or the name of its situated	Geographical co-ordinates (in degrees and minutes) of	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and description of transmission	Power (kW)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and description of transmission	Power (kW.	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary handwidth and deverp-	Exequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and description of transmission	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessars bandwidth and description of transmission	dentity of the associated space station(s) with which be established	Operating administration or company	priate 2 Special methods of modulation
\neg i		14	36	30	4.1	4b	4.	5a	5h	61	65	7,	7h	- B	y	10

^{*} For the cases where these data must be supplied see Nos 639BA 639BB and 639BC

Replace the title of Section 2 by the following

MOD Spa2

Space stations in the fixed-satellite service.

Replace the column heads of Section 2 by the following

MOD Spa2

	1			Tr,	ansmis	sion				_	Rece	ption		=		Remarks
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Identity of the station	Frequency (MHz or GHz) Class, of emission necessars bardwidth and descrip	of transmission	Power (wts)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission exessars bandwidth and description of transmiss on	Power (watts)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and descrip- tion of transmission	Power (walls)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and description of transmission	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary handwidth and descrip-	Service area or areas on the Earth or the name of the which the associated earth station(s) is (are) located	Operating administration or company	used if appropriate, //) in the case of geosta- tionary satellite nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary satellite orbit arc of the geosta tionary satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas 2 Special channelling arrangements for a) telegraphy, b) telephony () other types of com munication as appro- priate 3 Special methods of mo dulation
ı	24 2	ь	2c	34	36	3с	41	4b	44	5.1	5b	64	6b	7	8	9

MOD Spa2

3 - Earth stations in the earth exploration-satellite service

Replace the column heads of Section 3 by the following

Replace the title of Section 3 by the following

MOD Spa2

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of the transmitter site		Telecommand where appropriate			l elemetering	1	Tracking	Reception of	ra th exp.oration information	יסששמשול פווטי וז		Special methods of modulation
it is situated. Generathical co ordinates in degrees and minutes) of	Frequency (WHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and descrip-	Pruer (KW)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and descrip-	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary handwidth and descrip-	I requency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary handwidth and descrip-	Identity of the associated space station(s) with which he established	Operating administration or company	
2	 }a	36	30	41	4b	١,,	56	61	66	7	*	ų

US.

Treaties and Other International Agreements

4 Space stations in the earth exploration-satellite service

Replace the column heads of Section 4 by the following

MOD	Spai
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		Telemeter 7g			Track ng			of earth of earth exploration	Information	Telecommand	where appropriate	locality and country		I Orbital information a) angle of inclination of the orbit, b) period of the object in space () altitude of apogec (km) d) altitude of perigee (km) e) number of satellites used if
I Identity of the control	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and devirip	Power (walls)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary handwidth and descrip- tion of transmiss on	Pover (walls)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission, necessary bandwidth and devir phon of transmission	Power (watts)	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class of emission necessary bandwidth and dever 5 tion of transmission	Service area or areas on the Earth or the name of the I which the associated earth station(s) is (are 10-ated	Operating administration or company	appropriate f) in the case of a geostitionary sitellite nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary sattellite orbit, are of the geostationary satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas 2 Special channelling arrangements for a) telegraphy b) telephony c) other types of communication as appropriate 3 Special methods of modulation
1	2.	2b	20	3.1	16	30	4:	4h	40	33	5h	6	7	8

ANN 16 (APP 9)

Replace the title of Section 5 by the following

MOD Spa2

5 -- Earth stations in the radiodetermination-satellite service

Replace the column heads at Sacre

MOD Spa

Replace the title of Section 6 by the following

MOD SpaZ

Space stations in the radiodetermination-satellite service

Replace the column heads of Section 6 by the following

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		f emission necessary transmission	Pover (walls)	.JP.vara	3	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	NECESSAIV	Power (walls)		Class of emission necessary bandwidth tion of transmission	a or areas on the associated earth	perating administration or	space station could provide required service to its assuated earth stations or servareas 2 Special channelling arrangeme for a) telegraphy b) telephony, c) other types of communications appropriate

Replace the title of Section 7 by the following

MOD Spa2

7 -- Earth stations in the space research service

Replace the column heads of Section 7 by the following

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	The transmitter site		Telecommand where appropriate			Tekmelering		Tracking	Reciption of	research	communication is		Any special characteristics of the station and scope of research
ון וא אונרפופס	Gent aphical to ordinates (in degrees and minutes) of the	ency (MHz or GHz)	Class of unission necessary handwidth and descrip	Power (KW)	Frances (MHz or GHz)	Class o er ission necessary handwidth and descrip-	Frequency (MHz or GHz)	Class consequences its handwidth ind descrip-	Prepares, (MHz ar GHz)	Class of chission necessary bandwidth ind descrip-	Identity of the issociated space standard with which be examined.	Opera - idministration of company	
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Replace the title of Section 8 by the following

MOD Spi2

S. Space stations in the space research service.

Replace the column heads of Section 8 by the following

Replace the title of Section 9 by the following

ANNEX 17

Revision of Appendix 10 to the Radio Regulations

Appendix 10 to the Radio Regulations shall be amended as follows

Delete the could FE

Replace the symbols EC TC TH TM and TN by the following

MOD	EC	Space station in the fixed-satellite service
MOD	TC	Earth station in the fixed-satellite service
MOD	ТН	Earth station in the space research service
MOD	TM	Earth station in the mercorologic (I-satellite service
MOD	TN	Earth station in the radionavigation-satellite service
		1dd in alphebetical order the following new vinibals:
ADD	E٩	Space station in the imateur-satellite service
ADD	EB	Space station in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound broadcasting)
ADD	EV	Space station in the broadcasting satellite service (television)
ADD	TA	Space operation earth station in the amateur-satelline service
ADD	ΤE	Transpetting earth station
ADD	T⊦	Fixed earth station in the radiodetermination-satellite service
ADD	TL	Mobile earth station in the rad odetermination-satellite service
ADD	TP	Receiving earth station
ADD	TT	Earth station in the space operation service

At the time of signing the Final Acts of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) the undersigned delegates take note of the following statements made by signatory delegations

GENERAL

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) decided that the following statement by India should be included in the Final Protocol forming part of the Final Acts of the Conference

In India, the band 845-935 MHz is also used in the experimentation of satellite broadcasting of television with frequency modulation including energy dispersal, subject to agreement with the administrations having services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations which may be affected

For the protection of terrestrial television services the power flux-density limit given in Radio Regulation 3324 will apply, and for the protection of fixed and mobile services operating in this band, the power flux-density limit given in Radio Regulation 470NI and the power flux-density limit in Radio Regulation 470NK will apply "

FIDERAL REPUBLIC OF CAMEROON

The Delegation of the Federal Republic of Cameroon to the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971), unable at the present state of its development to make pertinent comments on the proposed allocation of frequency bands between 40 and 275 GHz yet earnestly wishing to encourage technological progress,

signs the Final Acts of the present Conference but reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests, and to protect its telecommunication network

should certain Members or Associate Members fail to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations thus revised and amplified

CENTRAL AIRICAN RIPUBLIC

The Delegation of the Central African Republic to the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) signs the Final Acts of the present Conference but reserves for the Government of the Central African Republic the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should certain Members or Associate Members fail in any way to comply with the decisions of the present Conference or should action resulting from the reservations made by other countries jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services

CEYLON

The Delegation of Ceylon reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should certain Members fail in any way to comply with the decisions of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971), or should reservations by other countries jeopardize its telecommunication services

CHILE

The Chilean Delegation reserves the right for the Republic of Chile to take, in cooperation with the International Telecommunication Union, such action as it may consider legitimate to safeguard its sovereignty and interests should any Member or Associate Member fail to comply with any or all of the provisions of the revised Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1971) and the Montreux Convention (1965) or should reservations made by other countries affect directly or indirectly the interests and/or telecommunication systems of the Republic of Chile

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

The Delegation of the Democratic Republic of the Congo to the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) reserves for its Government the right, in co-operation with the International Telecommunication Union to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should certain Members or Associate Members fail to comply with the provisions of the revised Radio Regulations, or should reservations made by other countries jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services

REPUBLIC OF THE INDRY COAST

The Delegation of the Ivory Coast wishes to declare that by virtue of the powers conferred on it it reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary in co-operation with the International Telecommunication. Union to safeguard its interests should certain Members or Associate Members fail in any way whatever to comply with the provisions in the revised version of the Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1959) prepared by the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) or should reservations made by other countries jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services

REPUBLIC II INDONESIA

The Indonesian Delegation is the firm belief that only through close international co-operation on as by adia basis as possible could the tremendous potential of satellite communications be realized.

Indonesia being an archipelagi with a vast land and sea area looks forward with great hope to the continsion of satellite communications as to help solving its tremendous communication problems.

The great importance of sate's elementary autions in helping to diffuse education information and other public services to the people in places far away from the capitals is being fully recognized by the developing countries.

There is, however, great need for the developing countries to fully participate in the discussions and in important decisions concerning the tuture of the satellite systems. They need to be continuously informed with regard to its further progress and development.

Furthermore the developing countries should not be left with a feeling as being dependent on the goodwill of a small group in order to enjoy the progress of this technology. The use of the satellite system should not be limited to a few rich assistance measures have therefore to be devised so as to allow even the poorest among the developing countries to take advantage of the progress in the satellite communication systems.

If the progress of this technology is to benefit mankind as a whole and if it is to become a substantial contribution towards the success of the Second Development Decade, then it is necessary that more attention be given to the interest of the developing countries.

Indonesia is grateful to the LTU and the UNDP for the assistance given so far in the improvement of its communication system. There are however, projects which are still to be completed such as the regional telecommunication network in South East Asia educational projects telecommunication projects in West Irian in the framework of the Funds for Development for West Irian and others for which further assistance is being required. It is the sincere hope of Indonesia that it could be given technical assistance in developing its own national satellite communication system.

IRAN

The Imperial Government of Iran reserves the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to protect and use its services as operated at present or to be brought into operation in the future should they be affected by the services of other countries

It also reserves the right not to accept the IFRB procedures for registering the frequencies now used or to be used in the future in respect of its equipment and on its territory

The Delegation of Iran therefore reserves for its country the right to take such action as may be necessary to meet its requirements in telecommunications and to protect its existing and future services without restriction

of any sort as to the equipment used or to be used in the future in all frequency bands

JAMAICA

The Delegation of Jamaica reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member fail in any way to comply with the decisions of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva 1971) and in so doing jeopardize the telecommunication services of Jamaica

ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF MAURITANIA

The Delegation of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania to the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971), in signing the Final Acts of this Conference, reserves for its Government the right, in co-operation with the International Telecommunication Union, to take such action as it may consider necessary to

- safeguard its interests or

protect in all the frequency bands concerned its existing, projected or future telecommunication network should certain Members or Associate Members tail in any way to comply with the revised and supplemented provisions of the Radio Regulations, or should reservations made by other countries jeopardize the normal operation of its telecommunication services.

REPUBLIC OF THE NIGER

The Delegation of the Republic of the Niger reserves for its Government the right to take any steps it may deem fit and adequate to safeguard its interests should any country tail in any way to comply with the provisions contained in the Final Acts of this Conference or should reservations made by any country jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunications

PAKISTAN

In signing the Final Acts of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971) the Delegation of Pakistan reserves the right of its Government to adhere to all or to some of the provisions of the revised Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1959).

The Delegation of Pakistan further declares that it reserves the right of its Government in accepting implications that may arise through the non-adherence by any other country Member of the Union to the provisions of these revised Radio Regulations

REPUBLIC OF RWANDA

The Delegation of the Republic of Rwanda, in signing the Final Acis of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva 1971) reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Members or Associate Members fail in any way to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations (Geneva 1959) as revised by this Conference or should reservations made by other countries geopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services.

REPUBLIC OF THE SINEGAL

The Delegation of the Republic of the Senegal 2, the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971), in signing the Final Acts of this Conference, reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider useful or necessary

- to safeguard its interests in the use of the frequency bands above 40 GHz
- or should certain Members fail in any way to comply with the decisions of this Conference or should acts deriving from reservations made by other Members jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services.

REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

In signing the Final Acts of the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971), the Delegation of the Republic of Singapore reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessay to safeguard its interests should any country fail in any way to comply with the requirements of the Final Acts of this Conference or should reservations made by any country jeopardize the telecommunication services of the Republic of Singapore

REPUBLIC OF VENEZUELA

The Delegation of the Republic of Venezuela to the World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971), declares that, in signing the Final Acts of the Conference, it expressly reserves the right for its Government to adopt or not to adopt the conclusions of the Conference and to take any steps that it may deem fit to safeguard its interests and to protect its telecommunication networks should any Member or Associate Member fail to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations as amended or supplemented at the date mentioned above

The signatures follow (The signatures which follow the Final Protocol are the same as those reproduced on pages 5 to 36 of this volume ${\bf i} {\bf i}$

Pp 1537-1568 herein [Footnote added by the Department of State]

RESOLUTION No Spa2-1

Relating to the Use by all Countries, with equal Rights, of Frequency Bands for Space Radiocommunication Services

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971),

considering

that all countries have equal rights in the use of both the radio frequencies allocated to various space radiocommunication services and the geostationary satellite orbit for these services

taking into account

that the radio frequency spectrum and the geostationary satellite orbit are limited natural resources and should be most effectively and economically used,

having in mind

that the use of the allocated frequency bands and fixed positions in the geostationary satellite orbit by individual countries or groups of countries can start at various dates depending on requirements and readiness of technical facilities of countries

resolves

that the registration with the LTU of frequency assignments for space radiocommunication services and their use should not provide any permanent priority for any individual country or groups of countries and should not create an obstacle to the establishment of space systems by other countries.

- that, accordingly, a country or a group of countries having registered with the ITU frequencies for their space radiocommunication services should take all practicable measures to realize the possibility of the use of new space systems by other countries or groups of countries so desiring
- 3 that the provisions contained in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Resolution should be taken into account by the administrations and the permanent organs of the Union

RESOLUTION No Spa2-2

Relating to the Establishment of Agreements and Associated Plaits for the Broadcasting-Satellite Service

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunication (Geneva 1971)

considering

- a) that it is important to make the best possible use of the geostationary-satellite orbit and of the frequency bands allocated to the broadeasting-satellite service
- b) that the great number of receiving installations using such directional antennae as could be set up for a broadcasting-satellite service may be an obstacle to changing the location of space stations in that service on the geostationary-satellite orbit from the date of their bringing into use
- c) that satellite broadcasts may create harmful interference over a large area of the Earth's surface
- d) that the other services with allocations in the same band need to use the band before the broadcasting-satellite service is set up,

RES Spa2-2, 3

resolves

- that stations in the broadcasting-satellite service shall be established and operated in accordance with agreements and associated plans adopted by World or Regional Administrative Conferences, as the case may be, in which all the administrations concerned and the administrations whose services are liable to be affected may participate,
- that the Administrative Council be requested to examine as soon as possible the question of a World Administrative Conference, and/or Regional Administrative Conferences as required, with a view to fixing suitable dates, places and agenda.
- that during the period before the entry into force of such agreements and associated plans the administrations and the I F R B shall apply the procedure contained in Resolution No Spa2-3

RESOLUTION No Spa2-3

Relating to the Bringing into Use of Space Stations in the Broadcasting-Satellite Service, prior to the Entry into Force of Agreements and Associated Plans for the Broadcasting-Satellite Service

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971)

considering

- that while Resolution No Spa2-2 has been adopted by this Conference, envisaging plans for the broadcasting-satellite service, some administrations might nevertheless feel the need to bring stations in that service into use prior to such plans being established,
- b) that administrations should, as far as possible, avoid proliferation of space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service before such plans have been established
- that a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service may cause harmful interference to terrestrial stations operating in the same frequency

band even if the latter are outside the service area of the space station,

d) that the procedure specified in Article 9A of the Radio Regulations contains no provisions for co-ordination between space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service and terrestrial stations and between space stations in that service and space systems of other administrations.

resolves

that the following procedure shall be applied until agreements and associated plans pursuant to Resolution No Spa2-2 enter into force

Section A: Co-ordination Procedure between Space Stations in the Broadcasting-Satellite Service and Terrestrial Stations

- Before an administration notifies to the IFRB or brings into use any frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service in a frequency band where this frequency band is allocated, with equal rights, to the broadcasting-satellite service and to a terrestrial radio-communication service, either in the same Region or sub-Region or in different Regions or sub-Regions, it shall co-ordinate the use of this assignment with any other administration whose terrestrial radiocommunication services may be affected. For this purpose, it shall inform the Board of all the technical characteristics of the station, as listed in the relevant sections of Appendix 1A to the Radio Regulations, which are necessary to assess the risk of interference to a terrestrial radiocommunication service.
- 2.2 The Board shall publish this information in a special section of

¹ The technical data to be used in effecting co-ordination should be based on the most recent CCIR Recommendations as accepted by the administrations concerned under the terms of Resolution No Spa2-6. In the absence of relevant CCIR Recommendations, the technical data to be used in effecting co-ordination shall be determined by agreement among the administrations concerned.

its weekly circular and shall also, when the weekly circular contains such information, so advise all administrations by circular telegram

- Any administration which considers that its terrestrial radiocommunication services may be affected shall forward its comments to the administration seeking co-ordination and, in any case, to the Board These comments must be forwarded within one hundred and twenty days from the date of the relevant 1 F R B weekly circular. It shall be deemed that any administration which has not forwarded comments within that period considers that its terrestrial radiocommunication services are unlikely to be affected.
- Any administration which has forwarded comments on the projected station shall either give its agreement or, if this is not possible, send to the administration seeking co-ordination all the data on which its comments are based as well as any such suggestions as it may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem
- The administration which plans to bring into use a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service as well as any other administration which believes that its terrestrial radiocommunication services are likely to be affected by the station in question may request the assistance of the Board at any time during the co-ordination procedure
- If the assistance of the Board has been sought and there is a continuing disagreement between the administration seeking co-ordination and the administration which has forwarded its comments, the administration seeking co-ordination may after a total period of one hundred and eighty days, from the date of the relevant IFR B weekly circular, send to the Board its notice concerning the frequency assignment in question

Section B Co-ordination Procedure between Space Stations in the Broadcasting-Satellite Service and Space Systems of other Administrations

An administration intending to bring into use a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service shall, for the purpose of co-ordination

with space systems of other administrations, apply the following provisions of Article 9A of the Radio Regulations

- 3.1 Nos 639AA to 639AI inclusive
- 3 2 1 No 639AJ 1
- 3.2.2. No co-ordination under paragraph 3.2.1 is required when an administration proposes to change the characteristics of an existing assignment in such a way as not to increase the probability of harmful interference to stations in the space radiocommunication service of other administrations.
- 3 2 3 Nos 639AL, 639AM 639AO 639AS a), c) e) t), 639AT 639AU, 639AV, 639AW, 639AX 639AY 639AZ

Section C Notification. Examination and Recording in the Master Register of Assignments to Space Stations in the Broadcasting-Satellite Service dealt with under this Resolution

4 I Any frequency assignment² to a space station in the broadcastingsatellite service shall be notified to the Board. The notifying administration shall apply for this purpose the provisions of Nos 639BE 639BF and 639BG of the Radio Regulations.

¹ The technical data to be used in effecting co-ordination should be based on the most recent CCIR Recommendations as accepted by the administrations concerned under the terms of Resolutions No Spa2-6. In the absence of relevant CCIR Recommendations, the technical data to be used in effecting co-ordination shall be determined by agreement among the administrations concerned

² The expression frequency assignment wherever it appears in this Resolution shall be understood to refer either to a new frequency assignment or to a change in an assignment already recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (hereinafter called Master Register)

- 4.2 Notices made under paragraph 4.1 shall initially be treated in accordance with No 639BH of the Radio Regulations
- 51 The Board shall examine each notice with respect to
- 5 2 a) its conformity with the Convention, the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions of the Radio Regulations (with the exception of those relating to the co-ordination procedures and to the probability of harmful interference);
- 5 3 b) its conformity, where applicable, with the provisions of paragraph 2.1 of Section A above, relating to co-ordination of the use of the frequency assignment with the other administrations concerned.
- 54 c) its conformity, where applicable, with the provisions of paragraph 3 2 1 of Section B above, relating to co-ordination of the use of the frequency assignment with the other administrations concerned,
- 5 5 d; where appropriate, the probability of harmful interference to the service rendered by a station in a space or terrestrial radiocommunication service for which a frequency assignment has already been recorded in the Master Register in conformity with the provisions of No 501 or 639BM of the Radio Regulations as appropriate, if that assignment has not in fact, caused harmful interference to the service rendered by a station for which an assignment has been previously recorded in the Master Register and which itself is in conformity with No 501 or 639BM as appropriate
- Depending upon the findings of the Board subsequent to the examination prescribed in paragraphs 5.2. 5.3, 5.4 and 5.5, further action shall be as follows

- Where the Board reaches an unfavourable finding with respect to paragraph 5.2 the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Board for this finding and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem
- 6.3 Where the Board reaches a favourable finding with respect to paragraph 5.2 or where it reaches the same finding after resubmission of the notice, it shall examine the notice with respect to the provisions of paragraphs 5.3 and 5.4
- Where the Board finds that the co-ordination procedures mentioned in paragraphs 5.3 and 5.4 have been successfully completed with all administrations whose services may be affected, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d of the Master Register with an entry in the Remarks column indicating that such recording does not prejudge in any way the decisions to be included in the agreements and associated plans referred to in Resolution No. Spa2-2
- Where the Board finds that the co-ordination procedures mentioned in paragraph 5.3 or 5.4 have not, as appropriate been applied or have been unsuccessfully applied, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reason for its return and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem
- Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice and the Board finds that the co-ordination procedures have been successfully completed with all administrations whose services may be affected, the assignment shall be treated as indicated in paragraph 6.4
- Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice and states that it has been unsuccessful in endeavouring to effect the co-ordination, the notice shall be examined by the Board with respect to paragraph 5.5

- Where the Board reaches a favourable finding with respect to paragraph 5.5, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The appropriate symbol indicating the finding by the Board shall indicate that the co-ordination procedures, as appropriate, referred to in paragraph 2.1 or 3.2.1 were not successfully completed. The date of receipt by the Board of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d of the Master Register, with the remark mentioned in paragraph 6.4.
- Where the Board reaches an unfavourable finding with respect to paragraph 5.5, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons for the Board's finding and with such suggestions as the Board may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem
- 6 10 If the administration resubmits the notice unchanged with the insistence that it be reconsidered, but should the Board's unfavourable finding under paragraph 5.5 remain unchanged, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. However, this entry shall be made only if the notifying administration informs the Board that the assignment has been in use for at least one hundred and twenty days without any complaint of harmful interference having been received. The date of receipt by the Board of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d of the Master Register with the remark mentioned in paragraph 64. An appropriate remark shall be placed in Column 13 to indicate that the assignment is not in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs 5.2. 5.3. 5.4 or 5.5, as In the event that the administration concerned receives no appropriate complaint of harmful interference concerning the operation of the station in question for a period of one year from the commencement of operation, the Board shall review its finding
- If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception of any space station in the broadcasting-satellite service whose frequency assignment has been recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to paragraphs 5.2. 5.3.5.4 and 5.5 of this Resolution, as appropriate, by the use of a frequency assignment to a space station which has been subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 6.10 of this Resolution or of No. 639CP

of the Radio Regulations, the station using the latter frequency assignment must, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference

- If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception of any space radiocommunication station using an assignment recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to Nos 639BM, 639BO 639BP, 639BQ and 639BR of the Radio Regulations, as appropriate, by the use of an assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which has been subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 6 10 of this Resolution, the station using the latter assignment must on receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference
- If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception of any terrestrial station using an assignment recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to No 501 of the Radio Regulations, by the use of an assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which has been subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 6.10 of this Resolution, the station using the latter assignment must, on receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference
- 6 14 If harmful interference to the reception of any station whose assignment is in accordance with paragraph 5 2 of this Resolution is actually caused by the use of a frequency assignment which is not in conformity with paragraph 5 2 of this Resolution or with No 501, 570AB or 639BM of the Radio Regulations, the station using the latter frequency assignment must, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference

RESOLUTION No Spa2-4

Relating to the experimental Use of Radio Waves by Ionospheric Research Satellites

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971),

considering

- a) that research into the Earth's ionosphere is very important in the study of the relationship between the Sun and the Earth and also for the effective use of radio-wave transmission via the ionosphere.
- b) that successful research has been conducted with satellites such as Alouette 1 and 2 and ISIS 1 and 2 in which top-side sounding equipment is installed.
- c) that similar ionospheric research satellites will be used for further research into the ionosphere and beyond,
- d) that top-side sounding equipment is operated mostly in a frequency-sweeping pulse mode,
- e) that these types of satellite are usually operated intermittently during a limited period each day according to the orbital characteristics,
- f) that operation of the sounder can be accurately commanded at will by the earth station concerned

resolves

that administrations may continue to permit the transmission of radio waves from ionospheric research satellites in orbit above the ionosphere in the MF and HF bands provided that suitable means are available for controlling the transmission from these satellites as required by No 470V of the Radio Regulations to prevent harmful interference to other services

RESOLUTION No Spa2-5

Relating to the Use of the Band 156 - 174 MHz by the Maritime Mobile-Satellite Service

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971)

considering

- a) that there is a need to develop the use of space radiocommunication techniques to meet the future requirements of the maritime mobile service.
- b) that, of the bands used at present by the maritime mobile service, there may be advantages in using for the maritime mobile-satellite service narrow channels between 156 and 174 MHz for safety and distress

recognizing

- a, that the maritime mobile bands between 156 and 174 MHz are also used for other services.
- b) that the power flux densities laid down by maritime satellites in this band may cause harmful interference to terrestrial receivers and that the satellite receiver may suffer harmful interference from terrestrial radio-communication transmissions.
- c) that the terrestrial maritime mobile service makes extensive use of the channels given in Appendix 18 to the Radio Regulations,

is of the opinion

that it is important for the maritime mobile satellite service to be able to use some narrow channels on an exclusive basis for safety and distress as soon as practicable,

having provided for

the possible use of narrow channels for safety and distress by the maritime mobile-satellite service in bands 157 3125 - 157 4125 MHz and 161 9125 - 162 0125 MHz not earlier than 1 January 1976 (see No. 287A of the Radio Regulations),

resolves

that the World Administrative Radio Conference for Maritime Mobile Telecommunications to be held in 1974 be invited to consider this matter further and to decide if and to what extent the maritime mobile-satellite service should be introduced in the above bands on an exclusive basis and to make any consequential changes in the Radio Regulations and in the provisions governing the use of the channels in Appendix 18 to the Radio Regulations.

requests the Secretary-General

to transmit this Resolution to Members and Associate Members and to the Administrative Council for inclusion in the draft agenda for the 1974 Maritime Conference

RESOLUTION No Spa2-6

Relating to the Technical Criteria recommended by the C C.I.R. for Sharing Frequency Bands between Space Radiocommunication and Terrestrial Radiocommunication Services or between Space Radiocommunication Services

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Tele-communications (Geneva, 1971)

considering

- a) that, in frequency bands shared with equal rights by space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, it is necessary to impose certain technical limitations and co-ordination procedures on each of the sharing services in the interest of controlling mutual interference,
- b) that in frequency bands shared by space stations located on geostationary satellites, it is necessary to impose co-ordination procedures in the interest of controlling mutual interference,
- c) that the technical criteria and co-ordination procedures referred to in a) and b₁ above, and as set out in the Radio Regulations are mainly based upon Recommendations of the CCIR,
- d) that, in recognition of the successful sharing of frequency bands by space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, and the continuing improvements in space technology, each Plenary Assembly of the C C.I R subsequent to the Xth Plenary Assembly Geneva 1963, has improved upon some of the technical criteria recommended by the preceding Plenary Assembly.
- e) that Plenary Assemblies of the CCIR are held triennially whereas Administrative Radio Conferences, which are empowered to modify the Radio Regulations making substantial use of the Recommendations of the CCIR, are in practice held less frequently and with much less regularity.
- f) that the International Telecommunication Convention (Montreux, 1965) recognizes the right of Members and Associate Members of the Union to make special agreements on telecommunication matters, however, such agreements shall not be in conflict with the terms of the Convention or of the Regulations annexed thereto, so far as concerns the harmful interference to the radio services of other countries.

is of the opinion

- a) that subsequent Plenary Assemblies of the CCIR are likely to make further changes in the recommended technical criteria, and
- b) that administrations should be afforded the opportunity to take advantage of the current CCIR Recommendations on sharing criteria when planning systems for use in frequency bands shared with equal rights by space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, or between radiocommunication services.

therefore resolves that

- each Plenary Assembly of the $C \subset IR$ should arrange for the Secretary-General of the $I \cap U$ to be informed of those Recommendations of the $C \cap IR$ affecting the technical criteria relating to sharing between space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services or between space radiocommunication services,
- following the distribution to administrations of the relevant C C I R. texts, the Secretary-General shall write to administrations asking them to indicate within one hundred and twenty days, to which of the C C.I R Recommendations or to which specific technical criteria defined in the Recommendations referred to in 1 above they agree for use in the application of the pertinent provisions of the Radio Regulations,
- the administrations which do not respond to the Secretary-General's consultation within one hundred and twenty days shall be deemed to wish the specific technical criteria referred to in the current Radio Regulations to be applied for the time being,
- 4 in those cases where an administration, in its reply to the Secretary-General's consultation indicates that a specific C C I R. Recommendation or a specific technical criterion defined in those Recommendations is not

acceptable to it, or where an administration has not replied to the Secretary-General's consultation as in paragraph 3 above, the relevant technical criteria defined in the Radio Regulations shall continue to apply with respect to cases involving that administration,

- the Secretary-General shall publish, for the information of all administrations, a consolidated list prepared by the IFRB on the basis of the replies to the enquiry, of the CCIR Recommendations or of the specific relevant technical criteria defined in those Recommendations, and to which administrations each of those Recommendations or specific relevant technical criteria are acceptable or are not acceptable. This list shall also include those administrations mentioned in paragraph 3 above.
- 6 the LF R B be directed to take into account.
 - a, the applicability of the CCIR technical criteria in accordance with the list referred to in 5 above, when making technical examinations with respect to cases involving only administrations to which such criteria are acceptable,
 - b, the applicability of the technical criteria defined in the Radio Regulations in accordance with the list referred to in 5 above, when making technical examinations with respect to cases involving an administration which does not accept the relevant C C I R technical criteria.
- of the relevant technical criterion or criteria to a case involving administrations described in paragraph 3 above, the IFRB shall enquire of the administrations concerned whether or not they would agree to the application of the technical criterion or criteria defined in the relevant CCIR Recommendations referred to in paragraph 1 above. The list published pursuant to paragraph 5 above shall be updated on the basis of the reply of the administration or of the absence of reply

RESOLUTION No Spa2-7

Relating to the Inclusion of additional Sections in List VIIIA (Article 20, Appendix 9)

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971),

considering

- a) that it has modified the definitions which appeared in the Radio Regulations and has adopted a series of new definitions for the services,
- that within the framework of these modifications, it has changed, in Appendix 9 to Radio Regulations, the headings and the contents of the existing nine Sections of List VIIIA (List of Space Radiocommunication Stations and Radio Astronomy Stations),
- c) that however, in List VIIIA so modified, it is not possible to include all the categories of earth and space stations notified to the I F R B for inclusion in the Master International Frequency Register
- d) that the Conference has not had the time to make the required modifications.

decides

to invite the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the I F R B, to take the necessary steps, on the basis of the existing Sections of List VIIIA to have additional Sections added to this List, so that the particulars of all the earth and space stations notified to the I F R B under Article 9A of the Radio Regulations, for recording in the Master International Frequency Register be included

RESOLUTION No Spa2-8

Relating to the Abrogation of obsolete Resolutions and Recommendations of the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference to allocate Frequency Bands for Space Radiocommunication Purposes, Geneva, 1963 and a Recommendation of the Administrative Radio Conference, Geneva, 1959

The World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971),

considering

a) that all necessary action has been taken on the following Resolutions and Recommendations of the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1963)

Resolution No Spa l Relating to the Provision and Use of Information regarding International Satellite Systems,

Resolution No Spa 2 Relating to Space Vehicles in Distress and Emergency,

Resolution No Spa 3 Relating to the Category of the Fixed and Mobile Services in the Band 1 525 - 1 540 Mc s.

Recommendation No Spa I Relating to the Calculation of Co-ordination Distance for Earth Stations.

Recommendation No Spa 2 to the CCIR and to Administrations Relating to the Calculation of the Probability of Interference between Stations within Co-ordination Distance.

b) that Recommendation No Spa 6 of the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1963) Relating to the Frequency Requirements in the HF Bands Exclusively Allocated to the Aeronautical Mobile (R) Service, is now obsolete.

- c) that paragraphs 3 and 4 of Recommendation No Spa 9 of the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1963) Relating to the Review of Progress in the Field of Space Radiocommunications, are now obsolete.
- d) that Recommendation No Spa 3 of the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1963) to the CCIR and to Administrations Relating to Frequency Bands shared between Space and Terrestrial Services has been replaced by Recommendation No Spa2-15 of the present Conference.
- e) that Recommendation No 36 of the Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1959) Relating to the Convening of an Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference to allocate Frequency Bands for Space Radiocommunication Purposes, is no longer necessary.

resolves

that the said Resolutions and Recommendations or parts of Recommendation are abrogated